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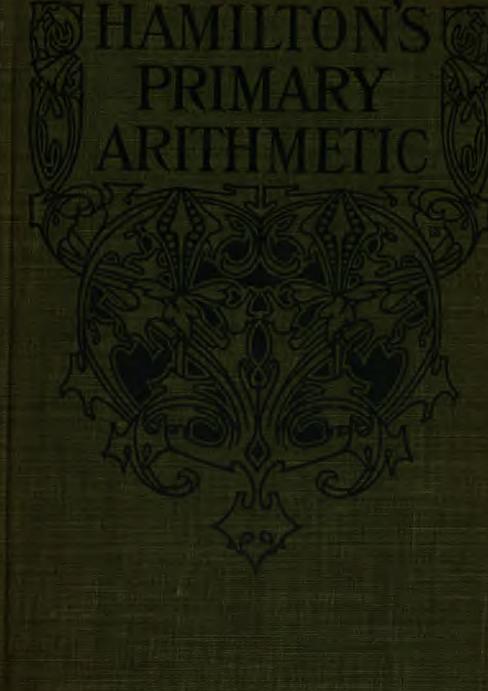
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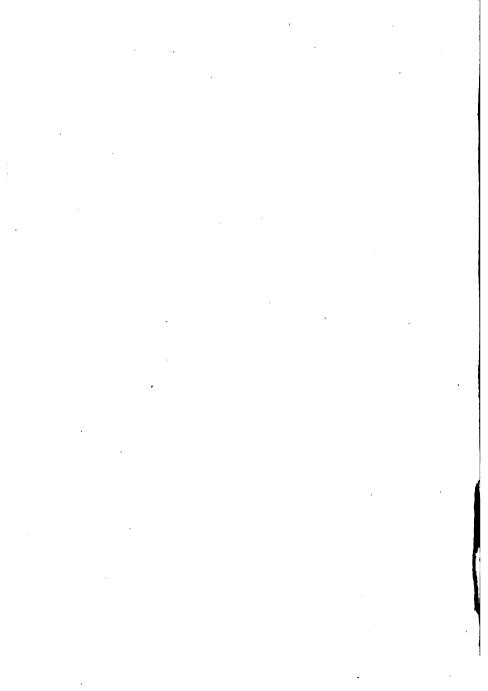
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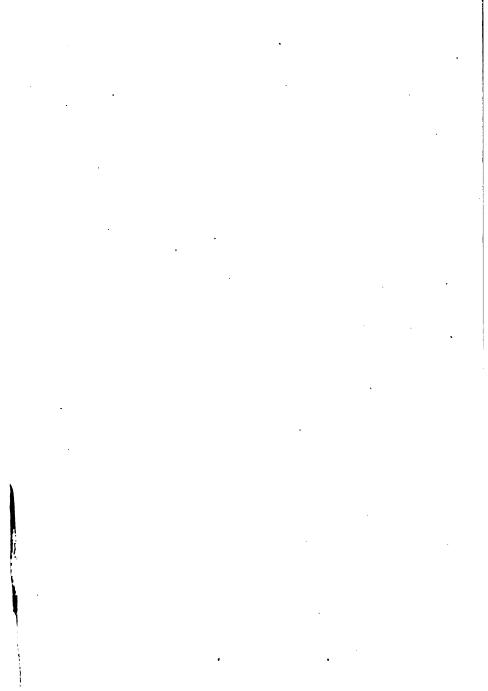


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MARCH 17, 1997

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HAM, PRIM, AR, W. P. I

PREFACE

This Primary Arithmetic is intended to cover the work of the first four years. It is divided into three parts.

Part One includes the work ordinarily done during the first and second years.

Part Two includes the work of the third year. It is devoted mainly to the presentation of the elementary facts and tables of arithmetic.

The text-book should be placed in the hands of the pupil when he enters upon the work found in Part Two.

Part Three covers the work of the fourth year. Its purpose is to give a mastery of the fundamental operations, and, through the study of problems, to develop the ability to use these operations in a practical way.

The aim of this course is twofold: first, to give the child mathematical skill; second, to give him mathematical power.

To these ends attention is invited to the following:

- 1. The prominence given to drill intended to give skill, and the frequency of systematic reviews.
- 2. The Study of Problems intended to give mathematical power.
- 3. The plan which provides an easy treatment of each subject before the complete treatment of it.
 - 4. The easy steps in gradation.
 - 5. The emphasis given to business arithmetic.
- 6. The appeal made to observation as a stimulus to mathematical thought.

In many schools the unit of classification is the half year. With this in view, the subject matter in the third and fourth years has been separated into two parts. The easy treatment of topics covers the first half of the year, and the more complete treatment the second half.

SAMUEL HAMILTON.

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PRIMARY ARITHMETIC

PART I-FIRST AND SECOND YEARS

COUNTING NUMBERS TO TEN



How many books are there in this picture?

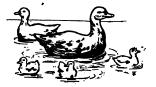
Count the caps. How many more caps are there than books?





Count the bells. How many are there? Think that you hear them ring 1, 2, 3, 4.

How many ducks do you see in this picture? Tell a story about them.



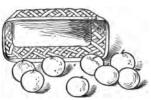


If Rob has as many tops as you see in this picture, how many has he?



One day I saw seven eggs in a nest. How many are there in this one?

Count the apples. How many more apples are there than eggs?





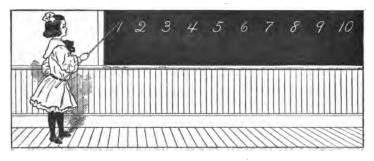
Count the number of birds that you see in this picture.

Here are ten balls. Count these balls.



You have named ten numbers and you can write them either in words or in figures.

Names one two three four five six seven eight nine ten Figures 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10



THE NUMBERS TWO AND THREE

$$2 = \frac{1}{1}$$
 $3 = \frac{1}{2}$ Three 1's

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- 1. 1 ball and 1 ball are how many balls?
- 1 ball + 1 ball = 2 balls.

When you unite 2 and 1 you add them and the answer, 3, is called the sum.

The sign + is read and or plus. The sign = is read equal or equals. 2+1=3 is read 2 plus 1 equals 3.

2.
$$1$$
 1 2 1 top 2 cups 1 car
 $+2$ $+1$ $+1$ $+2$ tops $+1$ cup $+2$ cars
Sum

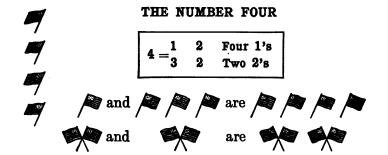
- 3. John had 3 balls and lost one of them. How many balls had he left?
 - 3 balls 1 ball = 2 balls.
 - 4. How many more balls are 3 balls than 2 balls?
 - 3 balls less 2 balls = 1 ball.

You have subtracted 2 balls from 3 balls. The answer, 1 ball, is the difference or remainder.

The sign - is read minus or less. 3-2=1 is read 3 minus 2 equals 1.

- 5. Subtract, beginning at the right:

Difference or remainder.



1. Draw flags to show the following:

$$3 \text{ flags} + 1 \text{ flag} = ?$$

$$2 \text{ flags} + 2 \text{ flags} = ?$$

$$4 \text{ flags} - 1 \text{ flag} = ?$$

$$4 \text{ flags} - 3 \text{ flags} = ?$$

- 2. Count the flags by 2's. Two 2's =?
- 3. How many times must 2 flags be taken to have 4 flags?
 - 4. 2 flags taken two times are —— flags.
- 5. How many times must 1 flag be taken to have 4 flags. 4 times 1 flag = —— flags.
 - 6. 2×2 flags = —— flags.

The sign \times is read time or times.

Give answers, reading across the page:

7.
$$1 \times 1$$
 2×1 1×2 2×2 3×1
8. 1×3 1×4 4×1 $2 + 2$ $3 + 1$
9. $1 + 2$ $4 - 1$ $4 - 2$ $4 - 3$ $1 + 3$
10. 2×2 rings = —— 3×1 box = ——
11. 1×3 balls = —— 2×2 books = ——
12. 4×1 pencil = —— 1×4 tables = ——

PRACTICAL WORK



- 1. Count the windows that you see in the picture.
- 2. How many panes are there in each window?
- 3. Count the large trees on the school grounds.
- 4. How many flower plots are there?
- 5. The porch has —— posts.
- 6. Count the panels in the door.
- 7. The glass in each window cost one dollar. How much did all the glass cost?
- 8. Mary lives 2 miles from the school. If she should walk to and from the building, how many miles would she walk every day?
- 9. James recited twice in the morning and twice in the afternoon. How many times did he recite?
 - 10. 2 books and 2 books = --- books.
 - 11. 2 times 2 pencils = ---- pencils.
 - 12. 4 books less 1 book = \longrightarrow books.

LIQUID MEASURE



For this exercise a set of liquid measures should be used.

1. Fill the pint measure with water and empty it into the quart measure. Do this a second time. You have

shown that 2 pints equal a quart.

- 2. A quart is how many times a pint? A pint is what part of a quart?
- 3. Show by measuring with the quart measure that 4 quarts equal a gallon.
- 4. A gallon is how many times a quart? A quart is what part of a gallon?
- 5. How many times can the teacher fill Mary's halfpint milk bottle from the pint measure?
- 6. Clare gets a pint of milk each morning and evening. How many pints does he get in two days?
- 7. Clare pays 2 cents for a pint of milk. How much does he pay for 2 pints?
- 8. Raymond delivers, each day, 4 quart bottles of milk. How many gallons does he deliver?
- 9. Henry goes to the store for 2 quarts of molasses. How many pints does he get?

HALVES, THIRDS, AND FOURTHS

1. Cutan apple into 2 equal parts. What is one part called?



2. Into how many halves can an apple be cut? an orange? a pie?

One half of 1 is written 1/4.

- 3. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $1 = \frac{1}{2}$. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 2 = ? $\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 = ?
- 4. Cut an apple into 3 equal parts. What is 1 part called? 2 parts? 3 parts?

One third is written $\frac{1}{8}$; two thirds is written $\frac{2}{8}$.



- 5. How many times must you take $\frac{1}{3}$ of an apple to make a whole apple?
- 6. Cut an apple into 4 equal parts. Each part is named one fourth or one quarter.

One fourth is written $\frac{1}{4}$.

- 7. How many fourths of an apple make a whole apple? a half apple?
 - **8**. Read: $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{2}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{3}{3}$, $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{2}{2}$.
 - 9. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 4; $\frac{1}{3}$ of 3; $\frac{1}{2}$ of 2; $\frac{1}{2}$ of 1; $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4.
 - 10. Find $\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 cents; $\frac{1}{3}$ of 3 cents; $\frac{1}{2}$ of 2 cents.
- 11. Draw a circle showing halves; another showing thirds; one showing fourths.

THE NUMBER FIVE

$$5 = \frac{1}{4} \quad \frac{2}{3} \quad \text{Five 1's}$$

1. Draw tops to show the following:

$$4 \text{ tops} + 1 \text{ top} = ?$$
 $5 \text{ tops} - 1 \text{ top} = ?$ $3 \text{ tops} + 2 \text{ tops} = ?$ $5 \text{ tops} - 3 \text{ tops} = ?$ $1 \text{ top} + 4 \text{ tops} = ?$ $5 \text{ tops} - 4 \text{ tops} = ?$

- 2. Count by 1's to 5. 1 in 5, —— times.
- 3. Give sums. Make problems:

2	1	3	2^{-}	4	1:	1	4	2	3
3	4	1	2	1	3	2	0	1	2
_	-				_	-	_	_	_

4. Subtract. Make problems:

5	2	5	5			1	<u>۲</u>	9	1
<u>3</u>	1	' <u>4</u>	1	3	2	1	<u>5</u>	2	2

5. Give at sight:

$$3+2$$
 $5-4$ $5+5$ 5×1 $4+1$ $\frac{1}{2}$ of 4 $\frac{1}{3}$ of 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ of 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ of 2 2×2

- 6. James spent 2 cents for a cake and 3 cents for an orange. How many cents did he spend?
- 7. Mary had 5 chickens. She gave two to her cousin. How many chickens had she left?

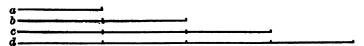
One

Square Inch

1 sq. in.

COMPARISON

1. Which line is the shortest? the longest?



- 2. Which lines are shorter than c?
- 3. Which line is one half as long as b?

4. Which line is one fourth as long as d?

5. A is how many times as large as C?

6. How many times larger than C is B?

7. Are A, B, and C of the same width? How many square corners has each one?

8. How many sides of A have the same length?

- 9. How many oblongs are there in B?
- 10. How many equal sides has this figure? how many square corners?
- 11. What is the name of the figure? How long is each side?
- 12. How many inches is it around the square?
 - 13. One inch is what part of two inches?
 - 14. Two inches are what part of 4 inches?

THE NUMBER SIX

$6 = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = \frac{7}{1}$	Six 1's Three 2's Two 3's
---	---------------------------------

- 1. Show with marbles the combinations that form 6.
- 5 marbles + 1 marble = ? 6 marbles 4 marbles = ?

3 marbles + 3 marbles = ? 6 marbles - 1 marble = ?

2 marbles + 4 marbles = ? 6 marbles - 3 marbles = ?

2. Add:

2	1	2	4	3	5	3	4	0	2
4	5	3	1	3	1	2	2	6	2
					_	_			

3. Fill in the blank spaces:

()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()	()
5	2	4	3	3	3	2	1	6	1
6	$\overline{5}$	$\overline{6}$	$\overline{6}$	$\overline{5}$	$\overline{4}$	$\overline{6}$	$\overline{6}$	$\overline{6}$	$\overline{5}$

4. Subtract:

6	5	6	6	6	4	5	. 6	6	5
						5			
	_					_		_	

- 5. Place six marbles in two equal groups; in three equal groups.
 - 6. Give answers at sight:

GITTO GELLOTTOID	ar 2.5		
3×2	2×3	6×1	6 - 4
\$ of 6	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 3	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 4	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 6
2+2+2=?	3+3=?	-	1+3+2=?
3+2+1=?	1 in 6. —	-times?	3+1+2=?

THE NUMBER SEVEN

7 =	1 6	2 5	3 4	Seven	1's
	•	•	-		

Show with blocks the combinations that form 7.

- 5 blocks + 2 blocks = ?
- 7 blocks 5 blocks = ?
- 6 blocks + 1 block = ?
- 7 blocks 3 blocks = ?
- 3 blocks + 4 blocks = ? 7 blocks 2 blocks = ?
- 2. Add:

2	3	4	5	6	1	2	3	5	2
3	4	3	1	1	<u>6</u>	5	3	2	4
	_	_	-						_

- 3. From 7 take 3; take 5; 2; 6; 1; 4; 7.
- 4. 2 in 7, —— times and —— over.
 - 3 in 7, —— times and —— over.
 - 4 in 7, time and over.
 - 5 in 7, ——time and —— over.
- 5. Add 3 to 1; to 4; to 2; to 3.
- 6. Add 2 to 2; to 1; to 5; to 4; to 3.
- 7. Find:

$$2 + 3 + 1 = ?$$

$$3 + 3 + 1 = ?$$

$$3+2+?=7$$

$$7 - 5 - 1 = ?$$

$$4+1+?=6$$

$$1 + 3 + 2 = ?$$

- s. Name the days of the week. How many are there?
- 9. Charles had 7 dollars. He gave three dollars to his sister. How many dollars had he left?

THE NUMBER EIGHT

$8 = \frac{1}{7} \begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 3 \\ 6 & 5 \end{array}$	4 4	Eight 1's Four 2's Two 4's	
--	--------	----------------------------------	--

1. Illustrate the combinations that make 8.

7 plums + 1 plum = ? 8 plums - 7 plums = ? 5 plums + 3 plums = ? 8 plums - 4 plums = ?

2 plums + 6 plums = ? 8 plums - 6 plums = ?

2. Count to 8 by 2's. $? \times 2 = 8?$ $? \times 4 = 8?$

Add up and down:

3. 4 3 5 2 7 1 6 5 4 6 $\frac{4}{5}$ $\frac{5}{2}$ $\frac{2}{6}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{7}{7}$ $\frac{1}{1}$ $\frac{3}{3}$ $\frac{3}{2}$

 4. 3
 4
 2
 2
 1
 3
 0
 1
 2
 3

 2
 3
 5
 3
 3
 0
 2
 6
 2
 1

1 1 1 3 4 5 6 1 4 4

5. Subtract:

6. In 8 blocks, how many groups of 2's are there?

1 time 2 = ? How many groups are there?

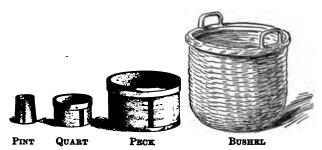
2 times 2 = ? 2 is contained in 4, ---- times.

3 times 2 = ? 2 is contained in 6, —— times.

 $4 \times 2 = ?$ 2 is contained in 8, —— times.

7. Give answers at sight:

DRY MEASURES



- 1. Name articles that you can purchase by the peck or by the bushel.
 - 2. Why are these measures called "dry measures"?
- 3. The smallest dry measure shown in the picture is called a pint. Fill a pint measure with sand and empty it into the quart measure. Do this again. Is the quart measure now full? You have shown that 2 pints equal a quart.
 - 4. What part of a quart is a pint?
- 5. Show by measurement, as in example 3, that 8 quarts equal a peck. A quart is what part of a peck?
- 6. Show as before that 4 pecks equal a bushel. A peck is what part of a bushel?
- 7. A bushel is how many times a peck? how many times a quart?
 - 8. Subtract:

8 qt.	7 qt.	8 pk.	6 pt.	8 bu.
4 qt.	3 qt.	3 pk.	4 pt.	5 bu.

THE NUMBER NINE

_ 1	2	3	4	Nine 1's
9=8	7	6	5	Three 3's

Add:

1. 4	${f 2}$	3	7	1	6	5	4	8	3
5									
								_	_

- 2. From 9 take 8; take 7; 6; 5; 3; 2; 4; 1; 9.
- 3. Draw and cut out a 3-inch square. Place your ruler at the edges and mark the inches.

Fold the paper to show 9 square inches.

How many rows of square inches are there?



Count the rows of square inches, thus:

- 1 time 3 square inches = ? $1 \times 3 = ?$
- 2 times 3 square inches = $? 2 \times 3 = ?$
- 3 times 3 square inches =? $3 \times 3 =$?
- 4. Find:

$$\frac{1}{3}$$
 of 3 sq. inches. $3+6$ $4\times 2, +1=?$ $3\times 3=?$ $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6 sq. inches. $4+5$ $5+4=?$ $2+5+?=9$. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 9 sq. inches. $6+3$ $\frac{1}{3}$ of $9=?$ $?+4+4=9$.

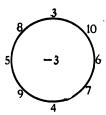
5. Fill the blank spaces:

THE NUMBER TEN

- 1. Show with blocks the combinations of 10:
 - 4 blocks + 6 blocks = ? 10 blocks 5 blocks = ?
 - 9 blocks + 1 block = ? 10 blocks 8 blocks = ?
 - 3 blocks + 7 blocks = ? 10 blocks 6 blocks = ?
- 2. Count to 10 by 1's; by 2's.
- 3. Add:

2	4	3	3	9	6	5	1	8	7
8	<u>6</u>	<u>5</u>	7	1	4	<u>5</u>	9	<u>2</u>	3

- 4. From 10 take 3; take 5; 7; 8; 4; 2; 9; 6; 1.
- 5. Arrange 10 blocks in two equal groups. How many blocks are there in each group? 2×5 blocks =?
- 6. Name the piece of money that has the same value as ten pennies. 10 cents equal one dime.
 - 7. How many nickels equal 1 dime?
- **s.** Find the cost of 2 oranges at 5 cents each.
 - 9. 2 in 10,— times. 5 in 10,— times.
 4 in 10,— times and over.
- 10. Take the number in the center from each number outside the circle.



THE NUMBER ELEVEN

11 =	1	2	3	4	5	E1 11-
11 =	10	9	8	7	6	Eleven 1's

1. With squares show the combinations of 11:

4 squares $+ 7$ squares $= ?$	11 squares - 8 squares = ?
5 squares + 6 squares = ?	11 squares -4 squares $=?$

9 squares + 2 squares =? 11 squares - 7 squares =?

2. Add:

2	8	6	7	9	3	10	4	5	1
9	3	<u>5</u>	4	2	8	_1	7	6	10

3. Subtract:

11	11	11	.11	11	11	9	11	11	11
9	1					8			

4. Give missing numbers:

$$4+4+?=11$$
 $3+3+3+?=11$ $2\times 5, +?=11$ $5+5+?=11$ $5\times 2, +?=11$ $11-9=?$ $6+3+?=11$ $6\times 1, +?=11$ $11-4=?$

5. 5 dollars + 3 dollars + ? = 11 dollars.

The sign \$ may be used for the word dollar or dollars, and the sign $\not\in$ indicates cent or cents. \$8 + \$3 = ? \$5 + \$6 = ? \$9 + \$2 = ? $4\not\in +7\not\in = ?$ $10\not\in +1\not\in = ?$

In 11 there are —— 4's and —— over.
 In 11 there are —— 5's and —— over.
 In 11 there are —— 3's and —— over.

THE NUMBER TWELVE

12 = 1 2 3 4 5 6 Six 2's Three 4's 11 10 9 8 7 6 Four 3's Two 6's

- 1. With pencils show the combinations that make the number 12.
 - 8 pencils + 4 pencils =? 12 pencils 6 pencils =?
 - 2 pencils + 10 pencils = ? 12 pencils 9 pencils = ?
- 11 pencils + 1 pencil = ? 12 pencils 4 pencils = ?
 - 9 pencils + 3 pencils =? 12 pencils 5 pencils =?
 - 2. Count to 12 by 1's; by 2's; by 3's; by 4's; by 6's.
- 3. 12 is how many more than 8? 10? 7? 2? 6? 1? 4? 11? 9? 3? 5?
 - 4. Add:

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4	5	10	3	9	7	2	8	6	1
	8	7	2	9	3	5	10	4	6	11

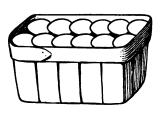
- 5. Subtract:
- 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 6 2 11 3 5 10
 - **6.** Find:

$$4+4+4$$
 2×6 $5+5+2$ $3+3+3+3$ 4×3 $7+3+1$ $2\times 5, +2$ 3×4 $2\times 3, +6$

6 2X 3

7. Multiply each number outside of the circle by 2.

DOZEN



- 1. Draw 12 lines. Erase $\frac{1}{2}$ of them. What is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 12?
- 2. Count the eggs that you see in the basket.
- 3. What name is sometimes given to 12 eggs? to 12 pins? to 12 lemons?

12 things equal one dozen.

- 4. How many oranges equal $\frac{1}{3}$ of a dozen?
- 5. What number is doubled to make 12?
- 6. Make problems with:

4×3 cents	3×4 apples	$2 \times 6 \mathrm{games}$
6×2 horses	5×2 dollars	2×4 cakes
$\frac{1}{2}$ of 12 peaches	$\frac{1}{6}$ of 12 cars	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 apples

12

12

12

12

12

Subtract at sight:

12

12

7. 12

••	3	_4	<u>5</u>	<u></u>	7		9	_2
						$\frac{10}{7}$		
9.	11 <u>3</u>					11 _8		

10. Make problems with the above numbers.

WRITING AND READING NUMBERS

- 1. Count thirteen, written 13.
- 2. Count fourteen, written 14.
- 3. Count fifteen, written 15.
- 4. Write sixteen, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen.
- 5. Count twenty, written 20. Count twenty-one, written 21; twenty-two, written 22; twenty-five, written 25.
 - 6. Write twenty-six, twenty-seven.
- 7. Count thirty, written 30; forty, 40; fifty, 50; sixty, 60; seventy, 70; eighty, 80; ninety, 90.

Count ninety-nine, written 99

8. Make a number board and write numbers to 99 thus:

The first column is made up of the ten digits.

9. Write in figures:
Twenty-five, thirty-five,
forty-three, seventythree, sixty-four, eightyfour, fifty-five, seventy-six.

Twenty-five cents.
Forty-five cents.
Seventy-four cents.
Ninety-five cents.

O11	00.	·							
0	1	•	30		ı	ı	1	1	
1	11	$\overline{21}$	$\overline{31}$	41	$\overline{51}$	61	71	81	$\overline{91}$
2	$\overline{12}$	$\overline{22}$	$\overline{32}$	$\overline{42}$	$\overline{52}$	$\overline{62}$	$\overline{72}$	$\overline{82}$	$\overline{92}$
3	13	$\overline{23}$	$\overline{33}$	43	$\overline{53}$	63	$\overline{73}$	83	$\overline{93}$
4	14	$\overline{24}$	34	44	54	$\overline{64}$	$\overline{74}$	84	$\overline{94}$
5	15	$2\overline{5}$	$\overline{35}$	$\overline{45}$	55	$\overline{65}$	$\overline{75}$	85	$\overline{95}$
$\overline{6}$	$\overline{16}$	$\overline{\bf 26}$	$\overline{36}$	$\overline{46}$	$\overline{\bf 56}$	$\overline{66}$	$\overline{76}$	86	$\overline{96}$
7	17	$\overline{27}$	37	47	$\overline{57}$	$\overline{67}$	$\overline{77}$	87	$\overline{97}$
8			$\overline{38}$						
9	19	$\overline{29}$	$\overline{39}$	$\overline{49}$	$\overline{59}$	$\overline{69}$	$\overline{79}$	$\overline{89}$	$\overline{99}$

Sixty dollars. Seventy-one dollars. Forty-seven dollars. Fifty-five dollars.

READING NUMBERS

_	-	-	
1	Ke	വ	•
-	TIC	au	•

14	24	55	48	51	64	70	91	40
15	34	56	49	56	60	80	90	55
16	44	5 7	50	59	76	89	99	73

The right-hand figure in a number is called ones' figure; the second figure is called tens' figure.

Point out the ones and the tens in each of the above numbers; thus, 14 is 1 ten and 4 ones.

ADDITION

In addition there are 45 different combinations of figures, taken two at a time, and 17 different sums or amounts. Use these combinations for drill frequently:

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$ \begin{vmatrix} 4 & 5 & 6 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} $	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 5 & 4 & 3 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
$\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 6 & 5 & 4 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{ccc} 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \underline{6} & \underline{5} & \underline{4} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccc} 7 & 8 & 9 \\ 7 & 6 & 5 \end{array}$
8 9 7 6	8 9 8 7 8	

ADDITION

Add:

a	b	C	ď	e	f	g	À	i	j
•	Δ	•		_	^	per .	^	10	11

2.
$$3$$
 5 7 9 11 2 4 6 8 10
 11 9 7 5 3 12 10 8 6 4

6. 9 11 12 14 10 13 10 11 13 12
$$\frac{9}{7}$$
 $\frac{7}{6}$ $\frac{4}{4}$ $\frac{8}{5}$ $\frac{5}{9}$ $\frac{9}{8}$ $\frac{6}{6}$ $\frac{7}{7}$

7.
$$12$$
 18 13 6 15 9 10 14 4 3 8 2 7 14 5 11 10 6 16 17

8.	2	6	4	4	2	5	5	3	2	8
	3	3	0	1	2	2	0	4	1	0
	4	7	3	2	3	3	3	2	4	0
	5	2	4	5	6	4	1	3	5	5
					_					_

ADDITION

State sums at sight:

	a	b	c	d -	e	f	\boldsymbol{g}	h	\boldsymbol{i}	j
1.	2	${f 2}$	2	2	2	2	$\cdot 2$	2	2	2
	<u>76</u>	82	74	62	$\underline{50}$	41	$\frac{53}{}$	<u>64</u>	30	72

2.	Cha	nge	the 2	above	to 3	and	add;	then	to 4:	
3.	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	<u>85</u>	<u>65</u>	75	$\frac{55}{}$	<u>45</u>	<u>63</u>	$\frac{73}{}$	$\frac{93}{}$	<u>43</u>	83
4.	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	4
	$\frac{59}{}$	49	69	79	49	38	48	88	<u>78</u>	<u>58</u>
5.	2	3	2	4	6	2	5	2	5	2
	4	ຄ		9	ຄ	9	ຄ	4	9	E

3 4 3 1 0 4 1 1 0 3
6. A boy spent 25 cents for a book and 12 cents for a slate. How much did he spend for both?

Write ones under ones and tens under 25 cents tens. Add the right-hand column and place the total, 7, underneath. Add the second column and write the total underneath. The answer is 37 cents.

7. Find the sum of:

25 apples and 63 apples 37 cakes and 42 cakes 81 lemons and 17 lemons 42 balls and 24 balls 24 boys and 15 boys 32 chairs and 26 chairs 47 books and 22 books 36 bats and 52 bats

Write	ten]		ADDI	rion			29
A	dd:						
	a	b	c	\boldsymbol{d}	в	f	\boldsymbol{g}
1.	20	30	40	50	60	30	50
	30	10	10	<u>20</u>	10	40	30
2.	31	21	23	32	12	30	69
	<u>12</u>	32	$\frac{13}{}$	<u>23</u>	33	<u>13</u>	<u>20</u>
3.	42	44	44	43	14	33	82
	$\frac{21}{2}$	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>34</u>	44	$\frac{23}{}$	14
A	dd upw	ard; te	st by add	ing do	wnwar	d :	
4.	\$45	\$25	\$ 35	\$ 34	\$42	\$ 55	\$ 44
	<u>\$14</u>	<u>\$33</u>	\$ 54	$\frac{$35}{}$	<u>\$45</u>	\$ 33	<u>\$ 22</u>
5.	\$ 16	\$ 45	\$ 67	\$72	\$81	\$83	\$ 59
	\$31	\$ 54	<u>\$ 21</u>	\$ 25	\$ 12	\$ 15	\$ 20
Oı	aly thin	gs havi	ing like n	ames c	an be a	dded.	
	a		b	c		\boldsymbol{d}	e
6.	17 boy	•	6 caps	56 ba		35∮	46 ft.
	12 boy	$rac{2}{-}$	1 caps	32 ba	alls —-	<u>24 ¢</u>	22 ft.
	а	_	<i>b</i>	_	. c		d
7.	12 gir.		34 men		4 tops		books
	10 gir		22 men		3 tops) books
•	$\frac{23 \text{ gir}}{}$	ls_	41 men	$\frac{2}{2}$	1 tops	3	books
8.	14 car		12 boxes		6 hats		6 days
	32 cars	3	43 boxes	4	2 hats	2:	$2~{ m days}$
	22 car	8	31 boxes	_3	1 hats	4	1 days

ADDITION

1. There are 54 houses on one street and 28 on another. How many are there on both streets?

Write ones under ones and tens under

54 houses tens. Add the ones' column. The sum

28 houses is 12 ones, or 1 ten and 2 ones. Write

52 houses the 2 under the ones' column and add

the 1 ten to the tens' column. 1 ten + 2

tens + 5 tens = 8 tens. The answer is 82 houses.

Add and test:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	C	\boldsymbol{d}	e .	f	\boldsymbol{g}
2.	36	47	42	54	48	3 5	64
	$\frac{25}{}$	<u>24</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>
3.	46	19	29	18	38	17	39
	<u>36</u>	$\frac{24}{}$	<u>10</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>45</u>
4.	19	21 .	32	23	31	42	13
	14	19	4	15	4 3	16	4 6
	_3	$\frac{12}{}$	$\frac{16}{}$	_6	8	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>
5.	11	16	19	41	39	42	15
	31	10	20	2 3	20	18	41
	<u>29</u>	<u>49</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	18	20	38
6.	30	40	32	9	8	15	13
	17	19	30	14	20	20	68
	$\frac{28}{}$	34	9	<u>16</u>	9	38	14

7. Count by 3's to 36; to 75. By 4's to 88.

ADDITION

- 1. Thomas has \$24 in the bank and \$17 in his pocket. How many dollars has he?
- 2. A farmer sold 26 bushels of apples on Monday, 35 bushels on Tuesday, and 30 bushels on Wednesday. How many bushels did he sell in the three days?
- a. On Tuesday a newsboy sold 28 morning papers and 44 evening papers. How many papers did he sell?
- 4. A girl had 42 cents left after spending 25 cents for ribbon and 10 cents for pins. How much money had she at first?
- 5. Mrs. Jackson spent \$24 for a suit, \$31 for a coat, and \$12 for a hat. How much did all cost?
- 6. Fred planted 29 potatoes in one row, 31 in another, and 33 in a third row. How many potatoes did he plant all together?
- 7. Ned spent 35 f for a ball, 25 f for a bat, and 10 f for car fare. How much did he spend?
- s. The girls spent at the park, 15% for ice cream, 20% on the roller coaster, 35% in the picture gallery, and 12% for popcorn. How much did they spend for all?
- 9. It took Mary 16 minutes to sweep and dust the library, 12 minutes for the dining room, and 21 minutes for the parlor. How long did it take for the three rooms?
- 10. Edwin has 43 marbles, and Walter has 24 more than Edwin. How many marbles has Walter?

SUBTRACTION

- 1. Mary has 9 cents. She spends 5 cents. How many cents has she left?
- 2. A farmer had 7 cows. After selling a number he had 4 left. How many did he sell?
- 3. Anna had 15 towels to iron. When she had ironed 9, how many were left to iron?

Give differences at sight:

	a	b	c	\boldsymbol{d}	e	f	\boldsymbol{g}	h	$oldsymbol{i}$	j
4.	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
	_5	_4	_6	_8	_3	<u>12</u>	7	_9	<u>10</u>	11
5.	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14	14
	<u>10</u>	_8	<u>6</u>	4	<u>11</u>	_9	7	$\frac{5}{}$	$\frac{12}{}$	_3
6.	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
	_6	4	_2	_8	_7	$\overline{9}$	$\frac{12}{}$	11	_3	_5
7.	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	<u>10</u>	$\frac{12}{}$	<u>14</u>	_9	7	_8	_6	_5	<u>11</u>	_4
8.	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
	_9	7	_8	11	<u>10</u>	$\underline{12}$	$\underline{15}$	<u>13</u>	_6	14
9.	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18
	9	$\frac{12}{}$	<u>15</u>	<u>10</u>	_8	11	<u>13</u>	7	14	<u>16</u>
10.	19	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20
	<u>15</u>	7	<u>16</u>	18	<u>19</u>	7	11	18	16	10

In subtraction there are 45 different combinations of figures, taken two at a time. Use these combinations for drill frequently:

9 1	9 2	9 <u>3</u>	9 <u>4</u>	9 5	9 6	9 7	9 8	9
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	7
<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	1
7	$\frac{7}{3}$	7	7	7	7	6	6	6
2		<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	6	7	<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>
6	6	$\frac{6}{6}$	5	5	5	5	5	4
<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>		<u>1</u>	2	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>1</u>
4 2	$\frac{4}{3}$	4 <u>4</u>	3 1	3 2	3	2 1	2 2	1 1

- 1. What is the right-hand figure of the number that is left when 2 is taken from a number ending in 6? 3? 5? 4? 7? 8? 0? 9? 1? 2? when 3 is taken from each? when 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 is taken from each?
 - 2. Copy and write differences:

\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	d
8 - 4	10 - 4	25 - 5	40 - 10
9 - 3	14 - 7	30 - 5	50 - 10
7 - 5	15 - 8	28 - 7	60 - 20
35 - 5	73 - 3	42 - 10	55 - 20
48 - 8	88 - 8	56 - 10	75 - 20
56 - 6	96 - 6	78 - 10	82 - 30

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. - 3

SUBTRACTION

1. James had 48 cents. He spent 25 cents. How many cents had he then?

48 cents Write ones under ones and tens under $\frac{25}{23}$ cents tens. 8 ones -5 ones =3 ones. Write the three ones in ones' place. 4 tens -2 tens =2 tens. The answer is 23 cents. Test. =23+25=48.

Only like numbers can be subtracted.

Subtract and test:

2.	a 44 22	b 38 13	6 56 13	d 64 21	e 49 23	f 65 32	g 45 23
3.	58 <u>33</u>	$\frac{65}{41}$	$\frac{68}{15}$	57 24	$\frac{69}{34}$	$\frac{86}{42}$	$\frac{77}{33}$
4.	$\frac{77}{44}$	88 _. 55	$\frac{75}{25}$	$\frac{96}{46}$	87 <u>53</u>	94 41	$\frac{52}{40}$
5.	$\frac{67}{52}$	59 <u>45</u>	88 <u>56</u>	$\frac{97}{27}$	$\frac{76}{36}$	$\frac{85}{64}$	34 30
6.	99 <u>38</u>	$\frac{96}{74}$	87 <u>64</u>	79 <u>38</u>	98 <u>84</u>	77 <u>63</u>	$\frac{59}{50}$
7.	89 19	$\frac{94}{91}$	59 18	97 82	99 <u>29</u>	89 <u>78</u>	$\frac{74}{24}$

8. Make and solve 50 problems like the above.

- 1. David is 14 years old and Walter is 7 years younger. How old is Walter?
- 2. Edna spent 35 cents for butter. She gave the clerk a half-dollar. How much change should she receive?
- 3. A postal clerk sold 43 postal cards one week, and 67 the next week. How many more did he sell in the second week than in the first week?
- 4. A man lives 68 miles from the city and has traveled 24 miles toward the city. How many miles has he yet to travel?
- 5. Tom drove home 78 cows and Ned 56. How many more cows were there in Tom's herd than in Ned's?
- 6. Edna had 78 pieces in her doll's dinner set, but 36 plates were broken. How many pieces remained?
- 7. Mr. Wilson's farm contains 76 acres of land, which is 14 acres more than his brother's farm contains. How many acres are there in his brother's farm?
- 8. William rode 27 miles on his bicycle on Thursday and 14 miles on Friday. How much farther did he ride the first day than the second?
 - 9. Make problems with:

pupils	*	pictures	lamps	books
46 - 14	37 - 24	63 - 12	48 - 36	73 - 21
56 - 43	62 - 31	84 - 21	46 - 24	36 - 15

10. 34 children were invited to Kate's party. How many of them were absent, if only 22 of them attended?

MULTIPLICATION

- 1. What is the cost of two 2-cent pencils? $2 \times 2 \neq = ?$
- 2. How much should you pay for three 2-cent apples? four 2-cent tops? five 2-cent stamps? six 2-cent papers?
- 3. James counted $2\not$ seven times; thus, $2\not$ + $2\not$ and found that he had $14\not$. He could have said seven 2's are 14, or $7 \times 2 = 14$.

Write the sum of each column

2 2 2 2 2

beneath it. Look at each column.

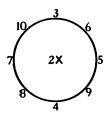
See how many 2's it contains. Say,

 $1 \times 2 = 2$; $2 \times 2 = 4$; $3 \times 2 = 6$; $4 \times 2 = 8$; $5 \times 2 = 10$; $6 \times 2 = 12$; etc.

6. Find products:

5×2 caps	8×2 plums	9×2 birds	$4 \times 2 \text{ cups}$
6×2 dolls	3×2 hats	7×2 birds	2×2 hats

7. Memorize the table. Table of 2's



$1 \times 2 = 2$ $2 \times 2 = 4$ $3 \times 2 = 6$ $4 \times 2 = 8$ $5 \times 2 = 10$	$6 \times 2 = 12$ $7 \times 2 = 14$ $8 \times 2 = 16$ $9 \times 2 = 18$ $10 \times 2 = 20$
$5 \times 2 = 10$	$10 \times 2 = 20$

8. Multiply each number outside the circle by 2.

- 1. How many are two 7's? two 10's?
- 2. Write these two problems in two other ways.
- 3. How many are two 34's? This may be written: 34+34=68, or 34 +34 The sum of two 34's is 68. $\overline{68}$, sum.
- 4. A shorter process for finding two 34's is by multiplication; written thus, 34 Write the multiplier 2 under the right-hand figure

of the number to be multiplied, which is 34. Beginning at the right, say $2 \times 4 = 8$. Write 8 in ones' place in the answer. $2 \times 3 = 6$. Write 6 in tens' place in the answer. The result is 68. Test by addition, 34 + 34 = 68.

Multiply, and test by addition:

	v-P-J ,	and tope 8	, adario	•		
5.	$egin{array}{c} a \ 23 \ \underline{2} \ \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} b \ 54 \ 2 \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} c \ 53 \ 2 \end{array}$	d 64 2	$\begin{array}{c} e \\ 71 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$\begin{matrix}f\\62\\2\end{matrix}$
6.	40 2	81	94 2	70 2	63 2	$53 \\ 2$
7.	$93 \cdot 2$	$\begin{array}{c} -2 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \overline{} \\ \underline{62} \\ \underline{2} \end{array}$	53 2	82 2	91 2
8.	44 2	$\frac{32}{2}$	83 	24 	84 _ 2	$\begin{array}{c} 74 \\ \underline{2} \end{array}$
9.	11 _2	$\begin{array}{c} 73 \\ \underline{2} \end{array}$	22 	$\begin{array}{c} 33 \\ \underline{2} \end{array}$	$\frac{92}{2}$	44 2

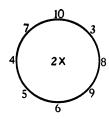
PRICE LISTS

Have the pupils ascertain for themselves the prices of many articles used in and about their homes, ranging in price from one cent to twenty cents, or from one dollar to twenty dollars. Write on the board the names and prices of these articles, and have pupils make their own problems. For example:

Dry Goods Store

Muslin 6¢ per yard. Needles 5¢ per paper. Thread 4¢ per spool. Gingham 8¢ per yard. Ribbon 10¢ per yard. Silk \$2 per yard. **Grocery Store**

Corn 8 ¢ a can. Beans 10 ¢ a can. Soap 5 ¢ a bar. Sugar 4 ¢ a pound. Milk 8 ¢ a quart. Rice 6 ¢ a pound.



The number within the circle shows the number of articles bought. The numbers outside the circle designate the prices of articles suggested by the pupils. The teacher points to 4 and the pupil buys something at 4 cents. Thus, since a spool of thread costs 4 cents, two spools will cost 8 cents. Teach reverse relations also.

The figure within the circle should be changed when the pupil understands the one that is in use. The prices of articles in the fruit store, hardware store, butcher shop, baker shop, drug store, etc., may be used. Prices should be actual, not artificial. Continue to follow this plan throughout the work of the Third Year.

Find from the price list the cost of:

- 1. 2 spools of thread and 2 papers of needles.
- 2. 2 yards of silk and 2 yards of ribbon.
- 3. 2 cans of corn and 2 pounds of sugar.
- 4. 2 quarts of milk and 2 pounds of rice.

DIVIDING BY 2

- 1. // // // Count the splints by 2's. How many times must two splints be taken to have 10 splints? 10 splints contain 2 splints times.
- 2. 6 contains 2 —— times. 8 contains 2 —— times. 12 contains 2 —— times.
- 3. Into how many groups of two each may 10 be divided? 10 divided by 2 equals 5, written 10 + 2 = 5, or 2)10. The sign + is read divided by.

The number divided is called the dividend.

The number by which we divide is called the divisor.

The answer in division is called the quotient.

4. Divide 24 by 2.

2 is contained in 2 tens, 1 ten time; write 1 in tens' place in the quotient. 2 is contained in 4 ones, 2 times; write 2 in ones' place in the quotient. The quotient is 12.

Find the quotients:

	-				
5.	$\overset{a}{2)22}$	b 2) <u>24</u>	$2)\underline{26}$	$\frac{d}{2)\underline{44}}$	2)20
6.	2 <u>)28</u>	2)40	2)48	2)42	2)46
7.	2)62	2)66	2 <u>)60</u>	2)64	2)68
8.	2)80	2)84	<u>2)88</u>	2)86	2)82

- 1. A man paid \$80 for 2 cows. How many dollars did each cost?
- 2. A family bought 48 pints of milk in a month. How many quarts did they buy?
 - 3. How much will $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of tea cost at 40 % a pound?
- 4. How many 2-cent stamps can be bought for 64 cents?
- 5. Eva paid 86 cents for 2 yards of linen. What was the cost of 1 yard?
- 6. If Ruth takes 2 piano lessons every week, how many does she take in 44 weeks?
- 7. A girl who is 14 years old is one half as old as her brother. How old is her brother?
 - 8. How many half-pecks are there in 14 pecks?
- 9. If a clerk earns \$44 a month, how much will he earn in 2 months?
- 10. Dick has 68 cents. He gives one half of them to Kate. How many cents does Kate receive?
- 11. If molasses costs 14 cents a pint, how much will a quart cost?

Find the cost of:

- 12. 2 pieces of soap at 10 cents a piece.
- 13. 2 pounds of butter at 24 cents a pound.
- 14. 2 dozen lemons at 12 cents a dozen.
- 15. 2 yards of muslin at 11 cents a yard.

MAKING CHANGE

. Secure toy money, or make circles from cardboard to represent the different pieces.

Appoint storekeepers and purchasers, and have the counting done in the schoolroom. Consult "Market Report" for prices.

1. Hattie's purchase.

2. John's purchase.

Sugar,	10¢	The storekeeper,	Fire crackers, 15¢
Butter,	15¢	when making the	Torpedoes, 5¢
Potatoes	, 12¢	change, places the	Matches, 2¢
Cost,	37¢	coins as he counts,	Rockets, 20¢
·	1¢	thus: 38¢, 39¢,	Cost, $\overline{42^{\sharp}}$
CI.	14	40¢, 50¢.	(1¢
Change {	1¢	Change, 13¢.	114
1	10¢		$\mathbf{Change} \left\{ \begin{matrix} 1_{\boldsymbol{\ell}}^{\boldsymbol{r}} \\ 1_{\boldsymbol{\ell}}^{\boldsymbol{r}} \end{matrix} \right.$
	<u>50</u> ¢		5¢
	•		50¢

3. Willie bought meat for 30¢ and milk for 4¢. How much change should he receive from 50¢?

Make change from 50¢ for:

- 4. Oranges for 15¢, lemons for 8¢, pears for 5¢.
- 5. Popcorn for $6 \not e$, taffy for $10 \not e$, nuts for $25 \not e$.
- 6. Rice for 8¢, tapioca for 15¢, prunes for 10¢.
- 7. Potatoes for 15¢, bread for 8¢, turnips for 12¢.
- 8. Plums for 20¢, sugar for 10¢, pepper for 8¢.
- 9. Celery for 7¢, lettuce for 9¢, spinach for 12¢.
- 10. Corn for $12\not$ e, seed for $25\not$ e, apples for $10\not$ e.



- 1. How many boys are there in this picture? What are they doing?
- 2. To make his Hallowe'en lantern, Ned bought a pumpkin for 10 cents, a knife for 25 cents, and a candle for 5 cents. How much did they all cost?
- 3. Ted's lantern cost 15 cents plus 25 cents plus 5 cents. Find its cost.
- 4. In Ned's bank there are 2 dimes, 3 nickels,

and 14 pennies. How much money is there in it?

- 5. Tom's bank contains 2 quarters, 3 dimes, 5 nickels, and 9 pennies. How much does it contain?
- 6. Ted's father gave him 50 cents to spend for his lantern. How much money had he left?
- 7. Tom's suit cost \$6, Ned's \$7, and Ted's \$5. How much did the three suits cost?
- 8. Ted's bank contained 2 quarters, 2 dimes, 4 nickels, and 7 pennies. He opened it and took out 1 quarter, 1 dime, 2 nickels, and 3 pennies. How much remained in bank?

MEASURING LENGTH

For this exercise the teacher should secure a foot rule and a yard stick.

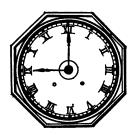
- 1. Examine a foot rule. Observe that it is divided into 12 equal spaces. Each space is called one inch. A foot rule is therefore 12 inches long.
- 2. The following represents a foot rule, although it is only one fourth the real length. Count the number of inch spaces.



- 3. Cut from cardboard a foot rule and mark the inches on it.
- 4. With the rule draw a line 1 inch long; 4 inches long.
- 5. How many inches equal $\frac{1}{2}$ of a foot? $\frac{1}{3}$ of a foot? $\frac{1}{4}$ of a foot?
- 6. Draw an oblong 12 inches long and 8 inches wide. How many inches is it around the oblong?
- 7. Draw a 2-inch square. How many inches is it around the square?
- s. Measure a yard stick with your foot rule. This shows that there are 3 feet in a yard.
- 9. Mark off with the yard stick on the blackboard a line 1 foot in length; 2 feet in length; 1 yard in length.
 - 10. How many feet equal 2 yards? $\frac{1}{3}$ of a yard?

TELLING TIME

1. On the clock, numbers from 1 to 12 are usually represented as follows:



$$I = 1$$
 $IIII = 4$ $VII = 7$ $X = 10$ $II = 2$ $V = 5$ $VIII = 8$ $XI = 11$ $III = 3$ $VI = 6$ $IX = 9$ $XII = 12$

- 2. Look at the clock. To what number is the short, or hour hand pointing? To what number is the long, or minute hand pointing?
- 3. It is nine o'clock by this clock. To what numbers will each hand point at eleven o'clock? at ten?
- 4. When the minute hand has moved to I, it is 5 minutes past nine. When it has moved to II, it is 10 minutes past nine. When the minute hand has moved to III, it is a quarter past nine. When it has moved to VI, it is half past nine. When it has moved to IX, it is a quarter to ten.
- 5. The minute hand moves around the face of the clock from XII to XII once every hour. The hour hand moves twice around the face of the clock every day.
- **6**: Draw the faces of clocks showing half past eight; a quarter past three; five o'clock.
- 7. How many hours have passed from 9 o'clock in the morning to 3 o'clock in the afternoon?
- 8. In what position are the hands at noon? M stands for noon, and 12 o'clock noon is written, 12 M.

REVIEW

- 1. Count by 2's from 20 to 48; from 50 to 84.
- 2. Count by 2's from 21 to 47; from 51 to 99.
- 3. How many are 9+5? 29+4? 49+4?
- 4. How many are 8+4? 18+4? 38+4?

State the sums:

8. What is the ones' figure of any sum when 5 is added to a number having for the ones' figure 9? 8? 7? 6? 5? 4? when 4 is added to each?

State the sums:

- 12. What is the ones' figure of any sum when 6 is added to a number having for the ones' figure 9? 8? 5? 7? 6? 3? 4? 2?
- 13. In a school of 48 pupils, 23 are boys. How many are girls?
- 14. John earned 25 cents on Monday, 33 cents on Tuesday, and 48 cents on Wednesday. How much did he earn in the three days?
- 15. At $2 \not\in$ each, how many stamps can James buy for $17 \not\in$, and how much money will be left?

PART II - THIRD YEAR

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

- 1. Count to one hundred. One hundred is written 100.
- 2. Count to one hundred one, written 101.
- 3. Write in figures: one hundred four; one hundred five; one hundred seven.
 - 4. Read and write in words: 103, 105, 107, 109.
- 5. Add 100 to 100. The sum is two hundred, written 200. Add 200 to 100. The sum is three hundred, written 300.
- 6. Read and write in words: 400, 500, 601, 700, 802, 900, 501, 404.

Read:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
7.	109	309	506	836	707
8.	110	310	340	741	888
9.	112	311	765	952	999

The largest number that can be written with three figures is 999. The next number is one thousand, written 1000.

Write in figures:

- 10. Two thousand.
- 11. Five thousand. 14. Eight thousand.
- 12. Six thousand. 15. Nine thousand.

16. Add 1 to 1000. The sum is one thousand one, written 1001.

Write in figures:

- 17. One thousand two. 20. One thousand ten.
- 18. One thousand nine. 21. One thousand twenty-five.
- 19. One thousand six. 22. One thousand sixty-five.

Read:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	$oldsymbol{c}$	$oldsymbol{d}$	e ·
23.	1025	2040	7028	1010	8099
24.	1125	$\boldsymbol{2141}$	9208	1011	8999
25.	1139	3005	6721	2111	9999
26.	2014	4020	6099	7509	8001

Write in figures:

- 27. Four hundred six. 32. Seven hundred sixty.
- 28. Six hundred ten. 33. Eight hundred twenty-one.
- 29. Nine hundred ninety. 34. Five thousand fifty-five.
- 30. Three thousand ten. 35. Nine thousand nineteen.
- 31. Six thousand twenty. 36. Seven thousand seventy.
 - 37. Eight thousand five hundred fifty-four.

The first figure on the right is called the ones' figure; the next is called the tens' figure; the next is called the hundreds' figure; the next is called the thousands' figure.

Write as one number:

- 38. 6 hundreds, 4 tens, 8 ones.
- 39. 8 thousands, 5 hundreds, 3 tens, 3 ones.
- 40. 4 thousands, 0 hundreds, 8 tens, 5 ones.

ROMAN NUMERALS

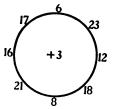
1. In the Roman notation numbers from 1 to 10 are written as follows (see p. 44):

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ι	\mathbf{II}	III	IV	V	$\mathbf{v}\mathbf{I}$	VII	VIII	IX	\mathbf{X}

- 2. 2 is represented by two 1's; 3, by three 1's; 4 is 1 less than 5, or 1 before 5. The Romans wrote 4, IV or IIII; on the clock it is usually written IIII.
 - 3. 6 is 5+1. The Romans wrote 6 thus: VI.
 - 7 is 5+2. They wrote 7 thus: VII.
 - 8 is 5+3. They wrote 8 thus: VIII.
 - 9 is 10-1. They wrote 9 thus: IX.
- 4. Write the Roman numerals from 1 to 9. Place X before each. This gives the numerals from 11 to 19.
- 5. 10 + 10 = 20. The Romans wrote 20 thus: XX. Write the Roman numerals from 11 to 19. Place X before each. This gives the numerals from 21 to 29.
 - 6. XXX = 30. L = 50. XL = 40. Write the numerals from 31 to 40; from 41 to 50.
 - 7. LX = 60. LXX = 70. LXXX = 80. Write the numerals from 50 to 70.
 - 8. C = 100. CC = 200. XC = 90. XCIX = 99.
 Write the numerals from 70 to 100.
 Write 210, 290, 299, 300, 349, 235, 341.
 Read XCII, CIX, CCXL, CCXCIX.

ADDITION

- 1. Count from 2 to 100 by 2's.
- 2. Count from 1 to 101 by 2's.
- 3. Count from 3 to 102 by 3's.
- 4. Count from 4 to 100 by 4's.
- 5. Count from 1 to 101 by 4's.



- 6. Add the number in the center to each number outside the circle.
- 7. Add 3 to each of the following numbers; then 4; then 5:

24	34	44	55	65	75
36	46	56	66	76	86
47	67	27	38	58	78

Find sums and test by adding from the top downwards:

	а	b	$oldsymbol{c}$	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
8.	23	325	424	145	514
	13	234	323	451	421
	43	432	442	154	$\frac{145}{}$
9.	444	213	532	322	315
	555	321	324	243	243
	333	$\frac{124}{}$	$\frac{432}{}$	324	324

The process of uniting two or more numbers to form one number is called addition.

The numbers united are called addends.

The answer in addition is called the sum or amount.

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. —4

ADDITION

This table contains all the primary combinations in addition. Use it frequently for drill.

8+3 7+5 2+9 3+6 3+3 4+7 3+5 8+2 2+7 4+4 9+1 6+8	4+655 8+552 9+4++9 9+69 3+4+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	6+7 $7+6$ $5+3$ $6+1$ $2+4$ $5+5$ $1+9$ $6+8$ $9+4$ $8+1$ $2+6$	3+8 $1+8$ $7+8$ $4+9$ $4+6$ $8+8$ $7+6$ $6+2$ $3+1$ $5+7$ $4+3$ $2+3$ $7+1$ $8+7$	4+5 3+4 3+2 9+7 5+7 7+9 1+4 5+8 1+7	$ \begin{array}{r} 1 + 2 \\ 7 + 0 \\ 5 + 1 \\ 8 + 0 \\ 1 + 6 \\ 8 + 4 \\ 1 + 5 \\ 0 + 6 \\ 7 + 2 \\ 2 + 1 \\ 6 + 5 \\ 7 + 4 \\ 7 + 3 \\ 2 + 5 \end{array} $
Add:	•				
\boldsymbol{a}	b		c	đ	e
ı. 142	21	1	124	325	125
234	14	3	42	152	253
123	13	4	431	23	141
312	21	3	143	324	234
$\underline{142}$	<u>15</u>	4	134	$\underline{152}$	$\frac{145}{}$
2. 231	12	 A	 315	325	315
2. 231 154	12 15		124	$\begin{array}{c} 323 \\ 124 \end{array}$	251
					$\begin{array}{c} 251 \\ 152 \end{array}$
214	25	4	243	143	194

ADDITION

Read and solve:

- 1. 2465 + 3642 + 4612 + 5534 + 6342 = ?
- **2.** 4756 + 3254 + 4321 + 4132 + 3536 = ?
- **a.** 4234 + 3512 + 2435 + 1543 + 2453 = ?
- **4.** 5243 + 2453 + 3215 + 4123 + 4231 = ?
- 5. 6314 + 1355 + 2652 + 1623 + 3245 = ?
- **6.** 7664 + 2845 + 6246 + 3664 + 4554 = ?
- 7. 6050 + 4004 + 1804 + 4536 + 6143 = ?
- **8.** 3652 + 4630 + 5672 + 3867 + 5468 = ?
- 9. 4876 + 6724 + 4116 + 3442 + 4162 = ?
- 10. 3640 + 4466 + 7201 + 404 + 162 = ?
- 11. A carpenter had 23 men and hired 13 more. How many had he then?
- 12. Mr. Jones deposited \$123 in a bank on Monday; \$232 on Tuesday; and \$321 on Wednesday. How much did he deposit in the three days?
- 13. A ship sailed 223 miles the first day, 320 miles the second, and 231 miles the third. How many miles did it sail?
- 14. A farmer raised 230 bushels of wheat, 122 bushels of corn, 112 bushels of oats, and 323 bushels of rye. How many bushels of grain did he raise?
- 15. Mrs. Foster bought a bedroom set of furniture for \$125, a piano for \$350, curtains for \$52, pictures for \$128, and a rug for \$23. How much did they all cost?

52

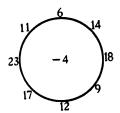
SUBTRACTION

- 48 horses less 25 horses.
- 49 sheep less 17 sheep.
- 37 cows less 14 cows.
- 79 horses less 28 horses.
- 38 boxes less 24 boxes.
- 29 pencils less 18 pencils.
- 7. 48 feet less 22 feet.
- a. 38 books less 16 books.
- 9. 58 cents less 37 cents.
- 10. 39 roses less 25 roses.

- 11. 36 boys 23 boys.
- 12. 39 eggs 13 eggs.
- 13. 87 men 13 men.
- 14. 56 toys 13 toys.
- 15. $68 \text{ tops} \stackrel{>}{\sim} 23 \text{ tops}$.
- 16. 58 caps 32 caps.
- 17. 47 hats 23 hats.
- 18. 57 balls 22 balls.
- 19. 45 men 33 men.
- **20.** 88 pens -33 pens.
- 21. Make problems in subtraction with the following numbers; thus: There were 13 cows in a field and 8 were taken out. How many remained?

13	17	10	16	25	18
8		$\frac{5}{}$	7	$\underline{20}$	18 10

22. Mary has 48 words to write and has written but 39.



- How many has she yet to write? 47 - 29 = ? 63 - 27 = ?
- 23. Subtract the number in center from each of the outs 5 ide numbers.
 - 24. Tom had 43 marbles and los it
- How many had he left?
 - **25.** 36 ? = 27. ? 13 = 26. ? 17 = 25.

1. Subtract 526 from 853.

You cannot take	6 ones	from 3	ones.
-----------------	--------	--------	-------

Minuend, Subtrahend, . Remainder,	8413 853 526 327	Take 1 ten from the 5 tens and add it to the 3 ones; thus, 1 ten = ten ones; $10 \text{ ones} + 3 \text{ ones} = 13 \text{ ones}$. $13 \text{ ones} - 6 \text{ ones} = 7 \text{ ones}$. Write 7 in ones' place. $5 \text{ tens} - 1 \text{ ten}$ (added to the 3 ones) =
---	---------------------------	--

4 tens. 4 tens – 2 tens = 2 tens. Write 2 in tens' place. 8 hundreds – 5 hundreds = 3 hundreds. Answer 327. We think: "6 from 13 leaves 7; 2 from 4 leaves 2; 5 from 8 leaves 3." Answer 327.

Test.
$$-327 + 526 = 853$$
.

The process of finding the difference between two numbers is called subtraction.

The number from which we subtract is the minuend.

The number to be subtracted is the subtrahend.

The answer in subtraction is the difference or remainder.

Read and subtract: Test answers:

	\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	$oldsymbol{c}$	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
2.	8424	7624	4231	5232	7411
	$\underline{3645}$	$\frac{4916}{}$	<u>1169</u>	$\frac{1854}{}$	$\frac{4983}{}$
3.	7224	8411	5461	8784	4887
	3967	4584	$\underline{2579}$	$\underline{\underline{6327}}$	$\frac{1869}{}$

4. Subtract 187 from 9234; then take 187 from each successive remainder until the final remainder is 7346.

SUBTRACTION

Subtract:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
ı.	6432	7244	6475	7994	8641
	$\underline{4176}$	<u>5371</u>	<u>3879</u>	3877	$\frac{1282}{}$
2.	4531	4351	4234	2432	2134
	1522	$\underline{1543}$	$\frac{1235}{}$	1344	1545
3.	5423	4215	3254	$\boldsymbol{3524}^{\bullet}$	8231
	$\underline{2545}$	1567	$\underline{1565}$	$\underline{1566}$	$\frac{4743}{}$
4.	4253	3231	5453	8121	6414
	1464	$\underline{1865}$	$\frac{1974}{}$	$\frac{3642}{}$	$\frac{3892}{}$

- 5. 412 boys and 325 girls were enrolled in a school. How many more boys than girls were enrolled?
- 6. Harry has 42 chickens. After he has fed 15 of them, how many chickens remain to be fed?
- 7. John's home is 132 miles from New York, and Mary's home is 341 miles from New York. How many miles farther from New York does Mary live than John?
- s. The perimeter or distance around a dining table is 28 feet and that of the library table is 21 feet. Find the difference in the perimeters.
- 9. An automobile ran 312 miles one week and 145 miles the next week. How many more miles did the automobile run the first week than the second week?

MULTIPLYING BY 3

- 1. Count by 2's to 36; by 3's to 36.
- 2. How many are 3+3, or two 3's? 3+3+3, or three 3's? 3+3+3+3, or four 3's?
- 3. Three 3's are ——; five 3's are ——; six 3's are ——; nine 3's are ——. 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
- 5. Build the table of 3's to 12×3 thus:

 3 3 3 3 3 3

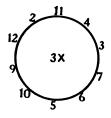
 Write the sum of each column beneath it.

 Look at each column and say, $1 \times 3 = 3$; $2 \times 3 = 6$; $3 \times 3 = 9$; etc.
 - **6.** $3 \times 8 = 8 \times ?$ $3 \times 5 = 5 \times ?$ $9 \times 3 = 3 \times ?$

Table of 3's

$1 \times 3 = 3$	$7 \times 3 = 21$
$2 \times 3 = 6$	$8 \times 3 = 24$
$3 \times 3 = 9$	$9\times3=27$
$4 \times 3 = 12$	$10 \times 3 = 30$
$5 \times 3 = 15$	$11 \times 3 = 33$
$6 \times 3 = 18$	$12 \times 3 = 36$
I	

7. Memorize the table.



Multiply at sight:

- 8. Give products.
- 9. . 12

MULTIPLYING BY 3

1. Multiply 65×3 .

 3×5 ones = 15 ones, or 1 ten Multiplicand 65 and 5 ones. Write the 5 ones in Multiplier $\frac{3}{195}$ ones' place. 3×6 tens = 18 tens; Product $\frac{3}{195}$ 18 tens + the 1 ten of the 15 ones = 19 tens. The answer is 195.

Test. — 65 We think: "3 times 5 = 15; 3 times 65 = 6 = 18; 18 + 1 = 19." Product 195.

The number multiplied is called the 195 multiplicand. The number showing how many times the multiplicand is taken is called the multiplier. The result in multiplication is called the product.

Multiply, and test each product by addition:

TAT (ատրւy,	and test each	produce by	audition.	•
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
2.	45	7 5	66	74	86
	_3	_3	3	3	_3
3.	135	105	216	308	207
U .	3	3	3	3	3
4.	236	409	237	258	189
	3	3	3	3	3
5.	209	146	284	167	248
	3	3	3	3	3
6.	132	145	298	276	287
	3	3	3	3	3

MULTIPLICATION OF CONCRETE NUMBERS

Numbers that name objects are concrete; as 6 apples, 3 boys, 5 yards.

Numbers that do not name objects are abstract; as 7, 9, 3.

In multiplying concrete numbers, the multiplicand and the product have the same name.

The multiplier is always an abstract number.

- 1. How many oranges are there in 3 dozen?
- 12 oranges in 1 doz.
- $\frac{3}{36}$ oranges in 3 doz. 3×12 oranges = 36 oranges.

Multiply:

	a	ь	c	d
2.	46¢	24 cans	56 balls	28 qt.
	_3	3	3	3
3.	25 ft.	28 pt.	47 gal.	82 yd.
		3	3	_3
4.	96 da.	84 min.	75 poles	48 miles
		3		_3
5.	93 trees	88 dimes	$52 \mathrm{eggs}$	93 birds
	3	3	3	
6.	86 wheels	48 cakes	72 pies	197 nuts
	3	3	_3	3

44

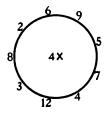
MULTIPLYING BY 4

- 1. Count by 4's to 12; to 24; to 36; to 48.
- 2. How many are 4+4, or two 4's? 4+4+4, or three 4's? 4+4+4+4, or four 4's? 4+4+4+4
 - 3. Five 4's are ——; six 4's are ——.
 - 4. How many are 2×4 ? 4×4 ? 5×4 ? $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$
- 5. Build the table of 4's to 12×4 thus:

 Write the sum of each column beneath it.

 Look at each column and say, $1 \times 4 = 4$; $2 \times 4 = 8$; $3 \times 4 = 12$; etc.
 - 6. $4 \times 8 = ? \times 4$ $9 \times 4 = 4 \times ?$ $6 \times 4 = ? \times 6$.
 - 7. Memorize the table.

Table of 4's



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
$1 \times 4 = 4$	$7 \times 4 = 28$
$2 \times 4 = 8$	$8 \times 4 = 32$
$3 \times 4 = 12$	$9 \times 4 = 36$
$4 \times 4 = 16$	$10 \times 4 = 40$
$5 \times 4 = 20$	$11 \times 4 = 44$
$6 \times 4 = 24$	$12 \times 4 = 48$
1	

- s. Give products.
- 9. Give products at sight:

		_		O				
3	5	7	9	11	12	4	6	8
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
		_					_	_

10.	4×5	3×8	4×10	4×7	2×9
40.	1 / 0	0 / 0	1 / 10	1/1	_ ~ ~

11.
$$3 \times 6$$
 4×12 3×2 3×10 4×4

12.
$$4 \times 11$$
 4×2 3×10 4×9 4×8

- 1. Emma has 4 pieces of ribbon of 10 yards each. How many yards has she in all?
 - 2. How many lemons are there in 4 dozen?
- 3. How far can you ride in 4 hours in a carriage that travels on an average of 4 miles an hour?
 - 4. How many pecks are there in 11 bushels?
 - 5. At 10 f a quart, how much will 1 gal. oil cost?
 - 6. How many days are there in 4 weeks?

Multiply, and test by addition:

	a	b	C	d	6
7.	165	238	3 69	748	569
	4	4	4	4	4
8.	293	687	574	862	738
	4	4	4	4	4
9.	786	934	867	279	184
	4	4	4	4	4
10.	915	846	739	862	475
	4	4	4	4	4
11.	886	995	774	663	552
	4	4	4	4	4
	_				

Give products at sight:

12.	4×20	4×50	4×80	4×25	4×17

13.
$$4 \times 30$$
 4×60 4×90 4×15 4×18

No.	LAUNDRY PRICE LIST	Ам
	Shirts, plain 10 ¢	
	Shirts, fancy 15¢	
	Collars 21 #	
	Cuffs, per pair 5¢	
	Socks 5¢	
	Handkerchiefs . 3¢	
	Waists 15¢	
	Wrappers . 25 \(\nabla \) to 75 \(\nabla \)	1
	Towels 1¢	
	Sheets 3¢	
	Pillow slips 2¢	
	Bolster slips 3¢	
	Napkins 1¢	ĺ
	Counterpanes 10 ¢	
	Lace curtains 25 ¢	
•	Tablecloths 10 ¢	

Make the required change with toy money, or with paper marked as money. Make other problems from the list.

- 1. Jane's slip reads: "2 waists, 30%, 2 collars 5." The collector receives from her a half dollar, and in making the change, says "35 cents"; then gives 5 cents, and says, "40 cents"; then gives a dime, and says, "50 cents."
- 2. Mrs. Brown's slip reads: "1 pair lace curtains $25 \not \in$, 2 counterpanes $20 \not \in$." How much change should she receive from $50 \not \in$?
- 3. John's slip reads: "1 fancy shirt 15\(\xi\), 2 collars 5\(\xi\), 2 handkerchiefs 6\(\xi\)." Make the change from 50\(\xi\).
- 4. Carrie's slip reads: "6 napkins 6\$, 2 tablecloths 20\$, 3 towels 3\$." Return the change from fifty cents.
- 5. Mother's slip reads: "1 dozen towels 12¢, 9 napkins 9¢, 2 pillow slips 4¢." Find change from 50 cents.
- 6. Mary's slip reads: "1 wrapper 35%, 1 waist 15%." Give the change out of a half dollar.

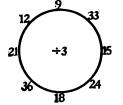
- 1. If a sail maker uses 18 yards of cloth in a main-sail, how many yards would he require for 3 such sails?
- 2. If it takes Helen 24 minutes to hemstitch a collar, how many minutes will it take for 4 collars?
- 3. A man bought 4 lots at \$475 each. How much did they cost?
- 4. Mr. Horne made 3 payments of \$645 each for his house. What was the cost of his house?
- 5. If each pupil in a school of 658 has 4 books, how many books have they all?
- 6. A drover bought 3 horses at \$235 each. How much did he pay for all?
- 7. A farmer sold 276 sheep at \$4 a head. How much did he receive for all?
- s. If a train runs 476 miles in a day, how far can I travel on it in 3 days?
- 9. A ship sailed 364 miles each day. How far did it sail in 4 days?
- 10. A car carries 60 persons. How many persons will 4 such cars carry?
- 11. How many acres are there in 4 farms, if each farm contains 175 acres?
 - 12. At \$15 each, how much will 3 paintings cost?
- 13. How many boys are playing soldier if there are 4 rows and 16 boys in each row?

DIVIDING BY 3

- 1. Count by 3's to 9; to 18; to 30; to 36.
- 2. How many times does 6 contain 3?
- 3. Show by separating into groups:

12 contains 3 — times 15 contains 3 — times 18 contains 3 — times 21 contains 3 — times

4. Give quotients at sight:



- 5. Divide each number outside the circle by 3.
 - 6. Find:

\frac{1}{3} of 27 \frac{1}{3} of 30 \frac{1}{3} of 36 \frac{1}{3} of 15 \frac{1}{3} of 12 \frac{1}{3} of 18 \frac{1}{3} of 21 \frac{1}{3} of 33

7. Compare 6 and 2; thus: 6 is 3

times 2. 2 is $\frac{1}{3}$ of 6.

- s. Compare in the same ways:
- 12 and 3 21 and 3 \$12 and \$3 9 tops and 3 tops

9.
$$3)21$$
 Test.—Quotient Divisor Dividend $7 \times 3 = 21$

Divide and test:

\boldsymbol{a}	ь	C	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
10. 3)24	3)36	3)27	3)30_	3)21
11 . 3)393	3)363	3)339	3)933	3 <u>)303</u>
12 . 3)150	3)900	3)660	3)693	3)369

DIVISION AND PARTITION

1. How many times is \$3 contained in \$15?

This problem gives the *size* of the parts (\$3) into which the dividend (\$15) is to be divided, and asks for the *number* of parts. \$15 + \$3 = 5, the *number* of equal parts.

2. What is \$15 divided by 3?

This problem gives the *number* of equal parts (3) into which the dividend (\$15) is to be divided, and asks for the *size* of each part. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 15=5, the *size* of each part. This kind of division is called **partition**.

3. How many times:	$\mathbf{Find}:$
4 pears in 8 pears?	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 8 roses.
6 plums in 18 plums?	4 of 21 days.
3 raisins in 27 raisins?	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 18 birds.

INEXACT DIVISION

Divide 263 by 3.

Divisor 3)263 Dividend 26 tens + 3 = 8 tens, and 2 tens

Remainder 2 the 8 tens in the tens' place.

20 ones + 3 ones = 23 ones. 23 ones + 3 = 7 ones, and 2 ones remaining. Quotient 87; remainder 2.

We think: "3 in 26, 8 times, and 2 remaining; 3 in 23, 7 times, and 2 remaining." Quotient 87; remainder 2.

Test. — If the answer is correct, then 3×87 or 261, +2, the remainder, will equal 263, the dividend.

DIVISION

Divide by 3:

	\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
1.	265	864	786	624	7368
2.	713	219	265	758	2457

3. Compare 12 + 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ of 12; 12 + 3 and $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12.

To find $\frac{1}{2}$ of any number, divide the number by 2. To find $\frac{1}{3}$ of any number, divide the number by 3.

How many are:

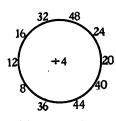
\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	c
4. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 240 men?	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 171 balls?	$\frac{1}{2}$ of \$7484?
5. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 717 ft.?	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 216 mi.?	$-\frac{1}{3}$ of \$3927?
6. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 435 yd.?	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 384 bu.?	$\frac{1}{2}$ of \$8064?
7. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 759 gal.?	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 902 in.?	¹ / ₈ of \$2160?

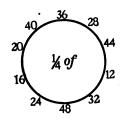
8. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 285 pk.? $\frac{1}{3}$ of 405 ft.? $\frac{1}{2}$ of \$2754?

- 9. A farmer sold $\frac{1}{3}$ of 589 bushels of potatoes. How many bushels did he sell?
- 10. Separate 189 pencils into 3 equal groups. How many will each contain?
- 11. Three quarts of cherries cost 36 cents. How much is that a quart?
- 12. If 72 rolls are baked in 3 equal pans, how many are there in each pan?
- 13. A train runs 96 miles in three hours. How far does it run in one hour?

DIVIDING BY 4

- 1. How many are four 2's? 4 in 8 —— times.
- 2. How many are four 3's? 4 in 12 —— times.
- 3. How many times does 16 contain 4?
- 4. 20 contains 4 —— times; 24 contains 4 —— times; 28 contains 4 —— times; 32 contains 4 —— times.
 - 5. $36 \div 4 = ?$ $40 \div 4 = ?$ $44 \div 4 = ?$ $48 \div 4 = ?$





6. Give quotients.

7. Give parts.

Divide, and test by multiplication:

HAM, PRIM, ARITH. - 5

-	Divide, and	cest by mu	присавои.		
8.	4)268_	<i>b</i> 4)864	4)936	4)468_	$4)\underline{2240}$
9.	4)3604	4)9216	4)3704	4)4008	4)3246
10.	4)4693	4)5248	4)9270	4)7354	4)4687
11.	4)5169	4)2834	4)6573	4)6291	4)8473
12.	4)6981	4)1243	4)6476	4)5034	4)2075
13.	4)3204	4)4126	4)3958	4)2976	4)8169

DIVISION

- 1. Walter had 48 baskets of fruit. He sold an equal number to 4 different buyers. How many baskets did each buy?
 - 4)48 No. of baskets. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 48 baskets = 12 baskets. $\frac{1}{2}$ No. of baskets to each.
- 2. Mary has 45 cents. How many 3 cent oranges can she buy with her money?

 $3\cancel{e})45\cancel{e}$ $45\cancel{e}+3\cancel{e}=15$ times.

15 times. She can buy 15 oranges.

- 3. A man divided property valued at \$369 equally among his 3 children. How much did each receive?
- 4. Mr. Bell earned \$396 in 3 months. What were his monthly wages?
- 5. Find the cost of 1 bushel of wheat, if 4 bushels cost 280 cents.
- 6. If a girl sews 4 buttons on each pair of gloves, how many pairs has she finished when she has used 468 buttons?
- 7. A farmer having 96 hogs sold one third of them. How many did he sell?
- 8. In a car containing 639 baskets of peaches, one third were spoiled. How many baskets were spoiled?
- 9. How many pound boxes can be filled from 164 quarter pounds of candy?
- 10. When molding costs 15 ≠ a yard, how much will 1 foot of it cost?
 - 1 ft. = $\frac{1}{3}$ of a yard; 1 ft. will cost $\frac{1}{3}$ of 15¢, or 5 cents.

UNITED STATES MONEY

United States money is written in dollars and cents.

A period (.), named a "decimal point," is placed to the right of dollars. After the point, cents are written in two places. Thus, 5 dollars and 25 cents is written \$5.25.

1. Read: \$8.40; \$9.67; \$3.14; \$8.24; \$7.05.

In addition and subtraction of United States money, the point must be written under the point, dollars under dollars, and cents under cents.

Read and add:

2.	\$ 3.45	\$ 2.24	\$ 3.14	\$3.62	\$2.43
	2.61	3.36	1.35	2.45	3.25

Add across and in columns:

3.
$$\$2.24 + \$3.25 + \$6.42 + \$2.56 + \$3.25 + \$4.63 =$$

4.
$$\$3.14 + \$2.35 + \$3.11 + \$6.14 + \$2.65 + \$6.15 =$$

5.
$$\$4.24 + \$5.32 + \$2.34 + \$5.23 + \$2.34 + \$5.26 =$$

Read and find differences:

6.
$$\$3.46$$
 $\$3.25$ $\$3.41$ $\$6.11$ $\$5.13$ 1.25 2.74 2.56 2.65 2.65

7. $\$2.43$ $\$3.25$ $\$3.41$ $\$6.11$ $\$5.13$ 1.47 1.46 2.16 5.26 2.56

- 8. Add \$4.25 and \$2.64. 10. Add \$2.54 and \$1.36.
- 9. Add \$3.62 and \$2.16. 11. Add \$3.26 and \$1.56.

UNITED STATES MONEY

Read and add:

	\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	c	d
1.	\$ 246.25	\$ 6 32.75	\$ 327.56	\$ 805.96
	318.75	738.49	928.89	613.73
	92.48	918.86	738.86	$\boldsymbol{928.45}$
	18.64	$\boldsymbol{29.94}$	198.37	56.91
	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	$\underline{169.83}$	<u>75.59</u>	219.87
2.	\$178.84	\$ 219.35	\$ 165.27	\$ 214. 56
	$\boldsymbol{6.92}$	7.29	$\boldsymbol{86.15}$	3.94
	175.49	216.87	283.85	69.47
	862.81	938.75	395.94	138.85
	219.97	139.49	415.86	475.27

3.
$$\$465.75 + \$37.28 + \$692.37 + \$475.84 = ?$$

4.
$$$193.85 + $87.96 + $375.84 + $215.79 = ?$$

5.
$$\$276.49 + \$29.49 + \$49.86 + \$936.93 = ?$$

6.
$$\frac{\$475.98}{+} + \frac{\$18.07}{+} + \frac{\$126.92}{+} + \frac{\$214.85}{+} = ?$$

Subtract and test:

	\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
7 .	\$ 475.36	\$ 435.24	\$ 43 8.6 4	\$821.42
	196.28	<u>178.95</u>	195.73	195.38
8.	\$317.61	\$ 124.15	\$ 326.47	\$412.49
	$\frac{219.84}{}$	$\underline{95.76}$	-158.96	273.89

MULTIPLYING BY 5

- 1. Count by 5's to 10; to 30; to 45; to 60.
- 2. How much are two 5-cent pieces? $2 \times 5 = ?$
- 3. How much are three 5-cent pieces? $3 \times 5 = ?$
- 4. Tell the value of four 5-cent pieces; of 5 such pieces; of 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12.

5. How many 5's are there in 10? in 20? in 30? 60? 25? 35? 45? 55? 40? 50? 15?

- 6. Multiply each of the outside numbers by 5. Change the number, within the circle to 4 and multiply; then to 3; to 2. Build the table of 5's as you built the table of 4's.
 - 7. Memorize the table.
 - 8. Supply the missing numbers:

$$2 \times 5 = ?$$
 5 is ? of 10
 $4 \times ? = 20$? is $\frac{1}{5}$ of 20
 $5 \times 5 = ?$ 25 is ? $\times 5$
? $\times 5 = 35$? is $\frac{1}{5}$ of 35
 $9 \times ? = 45$ $\frac{1}{5}$ of 45 is ?

Table of 5's

5 X

3 -
$7 \times 5 = 35$
$8 \times 5 = 40$
$9\times5=45$
$10 \times 5 = 50$
$11 \times 5 = 55$
$12 \times 5 = 60$

- 9. Give products: 8×5 ;
- 9×5 ; 3×5 ; 5×5 ; 7×5 ; 6×5 ; 12×5 .
 - 10. What is the difference in value between:
- $3 \times \$5$ and $5 \times \$3$?

 7×5 hats and 5×7 hats?

 $6 \times \$ 5$ and $5 \times \$ 6$?

 2×4 books and 4×2 books?

MULTIPLICATION OF DOLLARS AND CENTS

1. Multiply \$3.65 by 3.

\$3.65 **\$** 10.95

In multiplying dollars and cents, place the decimal point in the product directly under the decimal point in the multipli-Write the dollar sign before the number of dollars.

- 2. Multiply \$ 0.65 by 4. 3. Multiply 70¢ by 3.

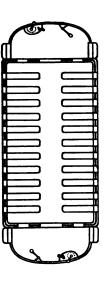
\$ 0.65	70¢
4	3
\$ 2.60	$\overline{210}$ = \$2.10 (Why?)
14:1	

Multiply:			
a	b	c	d
4. \$3.50	\$ 3.05	\$ 6.05	\$ 9.40
2	4	3	5
5. \$7.04	\$ 0.60	\$ 0.08	74¢
4	5	3	4
6. 22¢	49¢	2 6¢	95≉
3	5	4	5

- 7. How much will 3 pecks of peaches cost at 65¢ a peck?
- 8. A messenger boy delivers 4 messages at 45¢ each. How much does he earn for his company?
- 9. May gets \$3.75 per week in a department store. Find her wages for 4 weeks.

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. How many seats are there on each side of the car?
- 2. How many are two times 11 seats?
- 3. The conductor collected 75 fares on the first trip and 87 fares on the return trip. How many fares did he collect?
- 4. The fare is 5 cents. How much money did he collect on both trips?
- 5. A lady paid for herself and 5 children. She gave the conductor a half dollar. How much change should she receive?



- 6. Each seat will accommodate two persons. How many persons can be seated in the car?
- 7. The conductor earns \$2.50 in a day. How much does he earn in 5 days?
- s. The motorman is paid \$2.75 a day. How much does he earn in 5 days? How much more does he earn in a day than the conductor?
- 9. The line is 8 miles long. How far does a car run in making 5 round trips?
- 10. On one trip each seat was occupied, and 5 persons had to stand. Find the amount of the fares for the trip.

MULTIPLYING BY 6

- 1. Count by 6's to 12; to 24; to 48; to 60; to 72. Build the table of 6's.
- 2. How many 6's are there in 12? in 18? 24? 36? 48? 54? 60? 66? 72?

Table of 6's

$1 \times 6 = 6$	$7\times 6=42$
$2 \times 6 = 12$	$8 \times 6 = 48$
$3 \times 6 = 18$	$9\times 6=54$
$4 \times 6 = 24$	$10 \times 6 = 60$
$5 \times 6 = 30$	$11\times 6=66$
$6 \times 6 = 36$	$12\times 6=72$

- 3. Memorize the table.
- 4. Compare in two ways: Thus 6 is 3 more than 3; 6 is 2×3 .

	٠,				
6	and	3	12	and	3
6	and	4	12	and	4
6	and	5	12	and	5
4	and	2	16	and	4

5. Multiply each number outside the circle first by 3, then by 4, then by 5, then by 6.

3 4× 5× 6×

Multiply by 6; by 5; by 4; by 3:

	а	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
6.	243	567	149	759	894
7.	679	295	293	384	679
8.	978	869	687	825	856
9.	207	890	903	708	605

10. Give products at sight:

6×40	5×20	6×80	5×50	6×61
6×70	5×35	5 imes 32	6×25	6×42
6×90	5×41	4×71	4×92	6×81

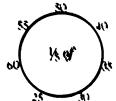
DIVIDING BY 5

1. Count by 5's to 15: to 25: to 45: to 50: to 60.

2.
$$? \times 5 = 15$$
 $? \times 5 = 20$ $? \times 5 = 40$

3. Give answers:

$5 \div 5$	$15 \div 5$	$50 \div 5$	$45 \div 5$	5
$30 \div 5$	$40 \div 5$	50 + 5 $35 + 5$ $25 + 5$	$10 \div 5$	
$55 \div 5$	$60 \div 5$	$25 \div 5$	20 + 5	ou



Division may be indicated in three ways: First, 8 + 21 second, 2)8; third, $\frac{8}{2}$. Each is read 8 divided by 2.

4. Read and solve:

$16 \div 4$	<u>4)16</u>	16	25 8	04	8,0	b ₄ 4
$\frac{39}{3}$	<u>5 5</u>	125 8	324	8 <u>4 Q</u>	2 7 4	B 4 B

5. Divide by 5 and give remainders:

6. Find $\frac{1}{k}$ of:

420 men	375 hr.	825 pt.	\$ 415	870¢
365 horses	180 da.	315 gal.	\$ 630	560≠

Divide and test:

	a	b	6	d	*
7.	5 <u>)4225</u>	5)7086	5)9275	5)4376	5,8450
8.	5)5693	5)4287	5,1364	5,7008	5,766.
9.	5)7024	5 9048	4,2753	5,4203	5 266\$

DIVIDING BY 6

- 1. How many times is 6 contained in 12? in 18? in 24? in 48? 60? 54? 36? 66? 42? 72?
 - 2. Give answers:

$42 \div 6$	$60 \div 6$	$36 \div 6$	$24 \div 6$	$48 \div 6$
$35 \div 5$	$48 \div 4$	🚦 of 35	$\frac{1}{6}$ of 42	$60 \div 6$
6)48	6)60_	6)54	6)36	6 <u>)30</u>

3. Divide each number by 6:

480	600	624	540	366
720	618	246	72 6	612

4. Complete:

$$15 \div 6 =$$
—and — over. $6 \times 8, +? = 50$ $6 \times 9, +? = 59$
 $45 \div 6 =$ —and — over. $? \times 6, +2 = 56$ $6 \times ?, +3 = 45$

5. Divide by 5 and give remainders: then by 6:

		6		J
843	864	631	$\boldsymbol{7235}$	8697
675	293	845	4618	32 56
931	787	569	8627	4367

- 6. Compare in two ways: \$18 and \$3; \$36 and \$6; 35 books and 5 books; 24 hats and 4 hats; 42 lemons and 7 lemons; $45 \neq$ and $5 \neq$.
 - 7. Find the cost of:

6 oranges at 18 \neta a doz.

40 pears at 4 \neta each.

36 apples at 2 \neta each.

18 eggs at 10 \neta a doz.

8. At $6 \not\in$ apiece, how many oranges can you buy for $18 \not\in$? for $42 \not\in$? for $36 \not\in$? for $72 \not\in$?

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. Find the cost of 5 yards of cloth at \$.75 a yard.
- 2. Four boys deposited in the school bank as follows: \$4.25, \$6.93, \$4.34, and \$6.05. What was the entire deposit?
- 3. Julia went to the store with a twenty-dollar bill. She paid for 6 yards of oilcloth at \$.75 a yard, and a rug at \$9.50. How much had she left?
- 4. A box contains 360 oranges. If $\frac{1}{8}$ of them are bad, how many good ones are there in the box?
- 5. At 84 cents a dozen, how much will 1½ dozen oranges cost?
 - $1 \times 84 \neq = 84 \neq$. $\frac{1}{2}$ of $84 \neq = 42 \neq$. $84 \neq + 42 \neq = \$1.26$.
- 6. At 36 cents a dozen, how much will 1½ dozen eggs cost?
- 7. Make a problem with: \$8.25, \$6.32, \$6.56, and \$5.
- 8. John paid a bill of \$7.32 and had \$6.54 remaining. How much had he at first?
- 9. If there are 28 lines on each page of a book, how many lines are there on $1\frac{1}{2}$ pages?
- 10. A furniture dealer paid \$624 for tables at \$6 each. How many did he buy?
- 11. Jack has collected 250 post cards and pastes 5 on each page of his album. How many pages do they fill?
- 12. How many lamps, at \$5 each, can be bought for \$83? How much money will remain?

DRILLS IN ADDITION

Add	rapidly.	finding	3	answers	in	1	minute.
LLUU	IMPIUITA	mnume	v	COTTO M CTD	ш	_	mmuuo.

11	aa rapro	ily, illiullig o	WIIDWCID I	n i mmuo.	
	a	b	c	. d	\boldsymbol{e}
1.	2345	3256	3556	4325	2546
	3253	5433	$\bf 5234$	2534	3452
	1432	2345	3245	3523	2543
	2564	4356	5243	2456	3245
	7316	5134	2356	5346	1236
2.	2434	3245	2546	6513	$\bf 5342$
	3256	1452	4532	3245	4254
	5145	5416	3251	5314	6143
	4253	2533	5424	2425	3325
	3242	3254	1243	$\bf 5253$	2543
					
3.	6325	6436	6323	$\boldsymbol{6546}$	6546
	4264	2462	2566	3562	4362
	2633	6354	6344	$\boldsymbol{6255}$	6543
	1462	5633	2565	5364	2544
	6326	3265	6355	4534	6355

4. Give sums at sight:

32 + 45	55 + 34	54 + 32	26 + 34	43 + 44
64 + 36	56 + 56	23 + 34	42 + 64	25 + 56
56 + 45	64 + 46	42 + 32	36 + 25	66 + 36
64 + 35	36 + 25	26 + 43	53 + 36	54 + 26
38 + 17	37 + 26	59 + 17	35 + 45	25 + 28
29 + 16	25 + 47	57 + 24	66 + 26	38 + 26
19 + 28	49 + 26	39 + 58	47 + 47	29 + 25

SUBTRACTION

From 804 take 365.

1.		We cannot take 5 ones from 4 ones.
	7 9 14 8 0 4	We cannot take 6 tens from 0 tens.
		Take 1 hundred from 8 hundreds; this
	$\frac{3 \ 6 \ 5}{}$	leaves 7 hundreds. 1 hundred equals 10
	4 3 9	tens. Take 1 ten from 10 tens, leaving
		9 tens. 1 ten and 4 ones are 14 ones.
04		is equal to 7 hundreds, 9 tens, and 14

80 ones. Subtracting, the difference is 439.

Su	btract:				
	a	· b	Ċ	d	e
2.	6304	7065	6401	8014	4706
	$\frac{3168}{}$	<u>1474</u>	3162	$\underline{6202}$	$\underline{2165}$
3.	4060	8305	8560	6070	4904
	2976	$\underline{6012}$	$\underline{3574}$	$\underline{4304}$	<u>1060</u>
4.	6105	7805	6099	3940	6303
	$\underline{2166}$	4991	<u>4814</u>	2108	<u>1494</u>
5.	8110	4444	6222	8314	8196
	4884	$\underline{2666}$	4879	6070	7246
6.	6162	3110	5641	4132	6112
	3104	2904	$\frac{3212}{}$	<u>1841</u>	8897

7. Find the difference between 8904 and 1990; between 9630 and 2709.

DRILLS IN SUBTRACTION

Subtract, finding 5 remainders in 1 minute:

business, mains o remainants in 1 minutes.							
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e		
1.	5434	3254	4203	6043	2015		
	3565	2435	1564	2564	1356		
							
_	4300	3204	3204	2010	3014		
2.					2546		
	$\underline{2654}$	$\frac{1605}{}$	$\frac{1316}{}$	$\frac{1516}{}$	2040		
3.	3105	4010	6302	3051	6031		
	1046	2505	2603	2103	5076		
							
_	6035	6501	1045	3060	4320		
4.							
	$\underline{2456}$	$\underline{2436}$	<u>556</u>	$\underline{2065}$	1556		
5.	1405	$\boldsymbol{2601}$	3561	6306	5041		
	656	1654	1456	$\boldsymbol{2501}$	1305		

6.	6702	2041	6020	5031	6043		
0.	3026	1554	1615	1025	1245		
	3020	1004	1010	1020	1240		
7.	6103	3014	2031	$\boldsymbol{6072}$	5102		
	2005	2245	1505	4003	3248		
_	5203	6203	4106	2435	5210		
8.					$\begin{array}{c} 5210 \\ 1435 \end{array}$		
	$\frac{1546}{}$	$\frac{5204}{}$	3502	$\frac{1543}{}$	1450		

DRILLS IN MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

Mıı	ltinly	and divide	each nu	mher hv 2	3 4 an	 d 5 ·
144	a	b	cach ha	d	, o, 1, an	f
1.	468	456	273	332	634	804
2.	684	654	372	233	436	972
3.	236	564	732	548	364	729
4.	632	542	412	485	184	908
5.	846	452	214	854	418	890
Mu	ltiply	and divide	each nu	mber by 6	, 5, 4, ar	nd 3:
6.	426	848	408	798	249	284
7.	264	844	840	897	942	428
8.	624	853	480	789	429	842
9.	165	790	981	679	257	912
10.	561	970	189	796	725	192
Mu	ltiply	and divide	each nu	mber by 2	, 4, 6, ar	nd 5:
11.	456	295	217	513	665	537
12.	654	925	172	135	656	357
13.	546	529	918	150	250	640
14.	237	$\bf 592$	189	510	520	460
15.	372	712	891	566	$\boldsymbol{502}$	604
Mu	ltiply	and divide	each nu	mber by 3	, 5, 6, aı	nd 4:
16.	206	666	27 0	474	22 8	924
17.	620	246	72 0	276	282	492
18.	457	426	372	822	249	742
19.	475	642	723	726	846	952

DRY MEASURES

- 1. Name some dry articles purchased by the pint; by the quart; the peck; the bushel.
- 2. Secure some sand or grain, and show by actual measurements the number of pints in a quart; the number of quarts in a peck; the number of pecks in a bushel.
 - 3. Memorize this table:

```
2 pints = 1 quart; written, 2 pt. = 1 qt.
8 quarts = 1 peck; written, 8 qt. = 1 pk.
4 pecks = 1 bushel; written, 4 pk. = 1 bu.
```

- 4. 1 bu. = —— pecks; 1 pk. = —— quarts.
- 5. How many quarts equal 1 bushel?
- 6. $\frac{1}{4}$ pk. = —— quarts; $\frac{1}{2}$ pk. = —— quarts.
- 7. At 10¢ per quart, find the cost of 8 quarts of cherries.
- 8. At 6¢ per quart, find the cost of 1 peck of hazelnuts.
- 9. A horse eats $\frac{1}{2}$ peck of oats 3 times a day. How many bushels does it eat in 6 days?
 - **10.** $2\frac{1}{2}$ pk. = —— quarts; 16 qt. = —— pecks.
- 11. James bought $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels of tomatoes. How many pecks did he buy?
- 12. If I buy $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel of cherries, how many quarts should I get?

LIQUID MEASURES

- 1. Name some liquids sold by the pint; by the quart; the gallon.
 - 2. Memorize this table:

2 pints = 1 quart; written, 2 pt. = 1 qt. 4 quarts = 1 gallon; written, 4 qt. = 1 gal.

- 3. 2 gallons = how many quarts?
- 4. From a gallon of milk how many quarts could be sold? how many pints?
- 5. Mrs. Adams buys 2 quarts of milk per day. How many quarts does she buy in 20 days? how many gallons?
- 6. At 6¢ per quart, how much does the milk cost her per week?
- 7. From a cask containing 3 gallons of vinegar, how many quarts could be sold?
- 8. How many pints are there in 12 quarts? how many gallons?

Copy these problems and insert the answers in the blank spaces:

9. 1 qt. = --- pt.

14. 4 gal. = —— qt.

10. 8 qt. = —— gal.

15. 24 qt. = — gal.

11. 16 pt. = ---- qt.

16. 6 pt. = — qt.

12. 8 gal. = — pt.

17. 4 qt. = —— gal.

13. 8 pt. = --- qt.

18. 5 gal. = — pt.

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -6

MEASURES OF WEIGHT

1. Tell how the following articles are sold: Butter, eggs, milk, cheese, coal, oil.



2. Give the tables of liquid measures and dry measures.

The smallest weight in the picture is called an ounce weight. The largest weight is a sixteen-ounce weight, and is called a pound weight.

Any article that the pound weight balances is said to weigh just one pound.

16 ounces = 1 pound; written, 16 oz. = 1 lb.

- 3. A lady's purchase at the store is balanced by the 8 oz. weight. What is the weight of her package?
 - 4. 6 oz. + 4 oz. + 6 oz. = —— lb.
 - 5. 10 oz. + 12 oz. + 10 oz. = ---- lb.
 - 6. $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. = --- oz. $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. = --- oz. $\frac{1}{8}$ lb. = --- oz.
 - 7. How many 2 oz. packages weigh 1 pound?

MEASURES OF LENGTH OR DISTANCE

- 1. Examine a foot rule.
- 2. Into how many parts do the long marks divide the rule?
- 3. The distance between any two of these marks is called one inch.
 - 4. Count the inches in a foot.
- 5. Place the rule on a paper or on the blackboard and mark off a line 12 inches long.
 - 6. A line 12 inches long is called one foot.

12 inches = 1 foot; written, 12 in. = 1 ft.

- 7. Short distances are measured in inches or feet.
- s. 6 inches is what part of a foot?
- 9. Draw a line $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. in length. How many inches long is the line?
- 10. Draw a line $\frac{1}{3}$ ft. in length. How many inches long is this line?
- 11. Without the aid of a rule, draw a line 12 inches in length; 6 inches in length; 2 feet in length.
- 12. Place the rule on the lines in problem 11 and observe how much too long or too short they were drawn.

Pupils should practice this kind of work until they can estimate length quite accurately.

MEASURES OF LENGTH OR DISTANCE

- 1. Measure the top of your desk in feet and inches.
 - 2. $\frac{1}{4}$ ft. = —— inches; $\frac{1}{3}$ ft. = —— inches.
- 3. Some articles are sold by a measure 3 times the length of a foot rule. Name some of them.
 - 4. Draw a line on the blackboard 3 feet in length.
 - 5. The line you have drawn is one yard long.

3 feet = 1 yard; written, 3 ft. = 1 yd.

6. A piece of cloth is 6 yards long. How many feet is it in length?

Copy and fill in the blanks:

- 7. 36 in. = ---- ft.
- 8. 3 ft. = --- yd.
- 9. 2 ft. = --- in.
- 10. 60 in. = —— ft.
- 11. 18 ft. = ---- vd.
- 12. 3 ft. = --- in.

Change:

- 19. 2 ft. and 3 in. to inches.
- 20. 3 ft. and 4 in. to inches.
- 21. 4 yd. and 1 ft. to feet.
- 22. 6 yd. and 2 ft. to feet.
- 23. 27 in. to feet and inches.
- 24. 16 ft. to yards and feet.

- 13. 4 ft. = -- in.
- 14. $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. = in.
- 15. $3\frac{1}{3}$ yd. = —— ft.
- 16. 15 ft. = yd.
- 17. 7 yd. = ft.
- 18. 6 ft. = in.
 - 25. 36 in. to yards.
 - 26. 12 ft. to yards.
 - 27. 24 in. to feet.
 - 28. 48 in. to feet.
 - 29. 36 yd. to feet.
 - 30. $5\frac{1}{3}$ yd. to feet.

MEASURES OF SURFACE

One inch	One inch	One inch
. One	One	One
square inch	square inch	square inch

- 1. Measure this figure with your rule. How long is it? how wide?
- 2. What is a square inch? How does the entire figure differ from one square inch?

A figure having square corners and longer than it is wide is called an oblong.

- 3. Cut from paper an oblong 1 inch wide and 4 inches long, and fold it to show the number of square inches in it. Do the same with an oblong 2 inches wide and 4 inches long.
- 4. An oblong is 5 inches long and contains 15 square inches. Draw the oblong to show the width and the number of square inches.
- 5. An oblong has 24 square inches. It is 6 inches long. Draw the figure on paper. Fold it to show each square inch.
- 6. An oblong 6 inches long and 3 inches wide will make an oblong —— inches long and 1 inch wide.
- 7. Show that a square containing 9 square inches is 3 inches on each side.

REVIEW

- 1. Count by 6's from 1 to 97; from 2 to 98.
- 2. Count by 7's from 1 to 99; from 2 to 100.
- 3. Count by 8's from 1 to 97; from 2 to 98.
- 4. Count by 9's from 1 to 82; from 2 to 101.
- 5. Express in words: 4112; 9487; 9111.
- 6. How many pints are there in 4 gallons?
- 7. How many quarts are there in 5 bushels?
- 8. How many inches are there in 3 yards?
- 9. How much time is there between 9:15 A.M. and 4:45 P.M.?
- 10. A train leaves the station at 8:50 A.M. and returns in 4 hours and 25 minutes. Give the position of the hands of the clock at the time of its return.
- 11. A message is sent from the telegraph office when the clock shows 9:15 a.m. The clock shows 10:30 a.m. when the answer is received. How much time has passed?
- 12. The weight of four boys is as follows: $64\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 73 lb., $59\frac{1}{2}$ lb., and 78 lb. What is their total weight?
- 13. A man asked \$175 for a horse, but sold it for \$15 less. How much did he receive for it?
- 14. A train leaves the station at 7:35 o'clock A.M. It takes 45 minutes to reach Irwin. Give the position of the hands of the clock at the time it reaches Irwin.
 - 15. How many pints are there in 48 gallons?

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

- 1. Read these numbers: 2467; 8325; 9006.
- 2. Express in figures: two thousand eleven; eight thousand nine; seven thousand eighty-one.

The greatest number that can be expressed in four figures is 9999. 9999+1=10000.

- 3. Write 10 thousand, one; 10 thousand, two; twenty thousand; thirty thousand; forty thousand.
 - 4. Read: 10001, 10020, 10300, 20320, 35601.

In the following numbers name the ones, tens, and hundreds of units; ones and tens of thousands.

	\boldsymbol{a}	\boldsymbol{b}	c	d
5.	45268	65283	25834	31849
6.	39371	94736	93687	40306
7.	20905	18110	60009	37000

Express in figures:

- s. Seventy thousand eleven.
- 9. Twelve thousand twelve.
- 10. Sixty thousand two hundred.
- 11. Fourteen thousand seventy-four.
- 12. Ninety thousand ninety-nine.
- 13. Ninety thousand four.
- 14. Forty thousand nineteen.
- 15. Twenty-five thousand, six hundred four.
- 16. Thirty thousand, two hundred fifty-two.
- 17. Read: XXV; CCXL; CCLXX.
- 18. Write in Roman letters 450; 349; 299.

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF U.S. MONEY

Read and add:

	$oldsymbol{a}$	b	$oldsymbol{c}$	$oldsymbol{d}$
1.	\$ 286.75	\$ 364.92	\$615.94	\$ 961.37
	931.49	19.39	293.29	149.95
	86.72	187.46	89.67	98.69
	73.87	29.84	173.28	83.75
	68.45	382.73	8.75	278.87
2.	\$ 24.35	\$ 15.46	\$ 21:95	\$ 43.74
	13.64	33.71	15.84	17.27
	$\boldsymbol{71.25}$	16.15	$\boldsymbol{22.65}$	33.75
	45.32	32.43	16.34	45.45

- 3. \$8692 + \$193.75 + \$475.86 + \$286.37 + \$90
- 4. \$187.14 + \$275.61 + \$630.18 + \$5.25 + \$0.18
- 5. \$263.35 + \$436.75 + \$195.19 + \$2.75 + \$84

Subtract:

	а	\boldsymbol{b}	$oldsymbol{c}$	d	e
6.	\$ 243.56	\$315.46	\$ 254.73	\$269.46	\$ 226.42
	_186.38	169.75	80.06	<u>178.95</u>	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$
7.	\$ 486.35	\$ 268.43	\$ 124.39	\$ 923.14	\$ 275.86
	-129.76	174.85	86.41	189.67	185.86

Find the difference between:

- 8. \$406.75 and \$216.40 11. \$436.74 and \$175.12
- 9. \$325.43 and \$74.65 12. \$263.37 and \$144.00
- 10: \$468.36 and \$196.09 13. \$276.10 and \$186.19

HALVES

1. Into how many parts has the circle been divided? What is the name of each part? Into how many halves can an object be divided?



- 2. 1 half apple + 1 half apple = ? $\$\frac{1}{2} + \$\frac{1}{2} = ?$
- 3. 1 half dozen + 1 half dozen =? $\frac{1}{2}$ yd. + $\frac{1}{2}$ yd. =? Find the sum of:
- 4. $1\frac{1}{2}$ gal. 5. $4\frac{1}{2}$ bu. 6. $5\frac{1}{2}$ yd. 7. $3\frac{1}{2}$ qt. 3 gal. $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. $4\frac{1}{2}$ yd. $\frac{1}{2}$ qt.
- 8. Add:

 $15\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$; $1 + \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$.

 $9\frac{1}{2}$ Write the fraction $\frac{1}{2}$, and add 1 to the whole $6\frac{1}{2}$ numbers.

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9.
$$4\frac{1}{2} + 27\frac{1}{2} + 3\frac{1}{2}$$

11. $11\frac{1}{2} + 25\frac{1}{2} + 42\frac{1}{2}$
12. $9 + 37\frac{1}{2} + 86\frac{1}{2}$

Insert the missing number:

Subtract:

14.
$$8\frac{1}{2}$$
 $4\frac{1}{2}$ $12\frac{1}{2}$ $11\frac{1}{2}$ $14\frac{1}{2}$ $16\frac{1}{2}$ -5 -3 $-10\frac{1}{2}$ $-9\frac{1}{2}$ $-7\frac{1}{2}$ $-8\frac{1}{2}$

15.
$$24\frac{1}{2}$$
 $17\frac{1}{2}$ $25\frac{1}{2}$ $38\frac{1}{2}$ $62\frac{1}{2}$ $49\frac{1}{2}$ $-7\frac{1}{2}$ $-9\frac{1}{2}$ $-18\frac{1}{2}$ $-25\frac{1}{2}$ -37 $-26\frac{1}{2}$

THIRDS

1/3	1/3	1/3
-----	-----	-----

1. How many thirds are there in the oblong? How many thirds are there in one of anything? in 1 yard?

How many feet are there in 1 yard? What part of a yard is 1 foot? What part of a yard is 12 inches? How many thirds are there in 2 oranges?

· Add:

2.
$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{?}{3}$$
 $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{?}{3}$ $1\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{?}{3}$ $1\frac{2}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{?}{3}$

a. $\frac{b}{4\frac{1}{3}}$ $\frac{6^2}{3}$ $\frac{5^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$ $\frac{8^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$ $\frac{9^{\frac{1}{3}}}{3}$
 $\frac{+2\frac{2}{3}}{3}$ $\frac{+1\frac{1}{3}}{3}$ $\frac{+4}{4}$ $\frac{+5\frac{1}{3}}{3}$ $\frac{+7\frac{2}{3}}{3}$

4. $\frac{8^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{6^{\frac{2}{3}}}{6\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{5}{3}$ $\frac{8^{\frac{2}{3}}}{3}$ $\frac{8^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{8^{\frac{1}{3}}}{10\frac{$

Find the missing number:

5.
$$8\frac{2}{3}$$
 $9\frac{1}{3}$ 7 $15\frac{1}{3}$ $8\frac{2}{3}$
 $\frac{+}{11\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{+}{14\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{+}{12\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{+}{18\frac{2}{3}}$ $\frac{+}{11\frac{2}{3}}$

6. $7\frac{2}{3}$ $8\frac{2}{3}$ $9\frac{2}{3}$ $18\frac{2}{3}$ $17\frac{2}{3}$
 -3 $-5\frac{1}{3}$ $-4\frac{2}{3}$ $-5\frac{2}{3}$ $-9\frac{2}{3}$

7. I rubbed out $2\frac{2}{3}$ inches from a line $5\frac{2}{3}$ inches long. How long was the part remaining?

FOURTHS

1. Into how many parts has the square been divided? Give the name of each part. What is the difference between a quarter and a fourth of \$1? of 1 pie? of 1 apple? Into how many fourths can any object be divided?

1/4	1/4
4	1/4

 $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \text{how many fourths}? \quad \frac{3}{4} \text{ gal.} + \frac{1}{4} \text{ gal.} = ?$ Find the sum:

2. \$
$$2\frac{1}{4}$$
 + \$ $\frac{3}{4}$

2. \$
$$2\frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}$$
 4. $6\frac{1}{4}$ gal. $+ \frac{3}{4}$ gal. 6. $8\frac{1}{4}$ bu. $+ \frac{3}{4}$ bu.

6.
$$8\frac{1}{4}$$
 bu. + $\frac{3}{4}$ bu.

3.
$$6\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$

$$3\frac{1}{4}$$
 pk. $+2\frac{2}{4}$ pk.

3.
$$6\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4}$$
 5. $3\frac{1}{4}$ pk. $+2\frac{2}{4}$ pk. 7. $7\frac{3}{4}$ hr. $+1\frac{1}{4}$ hr.

Add:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	C	d	e	f
8.	$2\frac{1}{4}$	6 2	5 1	3 1	$10\frac{1}{2}$	$12\frac{1}{4}$
	$3\frac{2}{4}$	$7\frac{\overline{3}}{4}$	$6\frac{1}{4}$	8 1	7 3	9 <u>\$</u>
	$2\frac{1}{4}$ $3\frac{2}{4}$ $5\frac{1}{4}$	$6\frac{2}{4}$ $7\frac{3}{4}$ $8\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{51}{61}$ $\frac{251}{4}$	3 <u>1</u> 8 <u>1</u> 9 <u>1</u>	10½ 7¾ 8¾	f 12½ 9¾ 8¾

9. 11	$18\frac{3}{4}$	19 1	34	5 1	20 1
$14\frac{1}{4}$	$16\frac{2}{4}$	8	$\frac{\tilde{3}}{4}$	$6\frac{3}{4}$	8
$27\frac{1}{4}$	$21\frac{3}{4}$	$\underline{62\tfrac{3}{4}}$	<u>2</u>	171	313

Complete:

10.
$$4\frac{1}{4} + ? = 9\frac{3}{4}$$

10.
$$4\frac{1}{4} + ? = 9\frac{3}{4}$$
 12. $6\frac{1}{4} + ? = 11\frac{1}{4}$ 14. $? + 8\frac{1}{4} = 15\frac{1}{4}$

14.
$$? + 8\frac{1}{4} = 15\frac{1}{4}$$

11.
$$6\frac{3}{4} + ? = 8\frac{3}{4}$$

13.
$$9\frac{3}{4} + ? = 13\frac{3}{4}$$

11.
$$6\frac{3}{4} + ? = 8\frac{3}{4}$$
 13. $9\frac{3}{4} + ? = 13\frac{3}{4}$ 15. $? + \frac{1}{4} = 6\frac{3}{4}$

Find the difference:

16.
$$8\frac{1}{4} - 7$$

16.
$$8\frac{1}{4} - 7$$
 19. $9\frac{3}{4} - 8\frac{1}{4}$

22.
$$19\frac{3}{4} - 7\frac{1}{4}$$

17.
$$16\frac{3}{4} - 5\frac{1}{4}$$

17.
$$16\frac{3}{4} - 5\frac{1}{4}$$
 20. $16\frac{1}{4} - 7\frac{1}{4}$

23.
$$16\frac{1}{4} - 8$$

18.
$$23\frac{3}{4} - 7\frac{3}{4}$$

18.
$$23\frac{3}{4} - 7\frac{3}{4}$$
 21. $12\frac{2}{4} - 11\frac{2}{4}$

24.
$$14\frac{1}{2} - 7$$

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. A dealer sold $2\frac{1}{4}$ tons of coal at one time and $3\frac{3}{4}$ tons at another time. How many tons did he sell?
- 2. From a barrel containing $31\frac{1}{2}$ gallons, 25 gallons were sold. How many gallons remained?
- 3. A dairyman sold in one month $1875\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of milk. He sold 250 gallons less the next month. How much did he sell the second month?
- 4. A farmer picked potatoes as follows: 23 bu., $24\frac{1}{2}$ bu., and $11\frac{1}{2}$ bu. How many bushels did he pick?
- 5. After selling $56\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of the potatoes, how many bushels remained?
- 6. 7\frac{2}{3} yards of silk were cut from a piece containing 18\frac{2}{3} yards. How many yards remained?
- 7. A dressmaker used $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards of cloth for a skirt and $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards for a waist. How many yards did she use for both?
- **8.** Mr. Miller owned $30\frac{1}{2}$ acres of land. He kept $24\frac{1}{2}$ acres and sold the remainder at \$48 an acre. How much did he receive for the part sold?
- 9. Find the weight of 4 baskets of butter containing $35\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 18 lb., $22\frac{1}{2}$ lb., and 16 lb., respectively.
- 10. Harry made $8\frac{1}{2}$ gallons of lemonade and sold 7 gallons. How much was unsold?
- 11. Find the distance around a room that is $18\frac{1}{2}$ ft. long and 16 ft. wide.

REVIEW

Add the products, and show how to test answers:

1.
$$5 \times 20$$
 2. 5×25 3. 4×65 4. 3×126 2×65 2×65

Find the difference between the products:

5.
$$5 \times 80$$
 6. 6×72 7. 6×96 8. 5×95 3×80 4×72 3×96 2×95

9. Add the quotients:

$\frac{1}{6}$ of 75	$72 \div 6$	$\frac{1}{6}$ of 246	$155 \div 5$
$\frac{1}{6}$ of 90	$96 \div 6$	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 225	$273 \div 3$
1 of 60	$66 \div 6$	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 164	636 + 6

Find the sum in the shortest way:

10.	146	11.	235	12.	946	13.	809
	146		235	•	946		809
	146		235		946		809
	146		235		946		809
	146		235		946		809

Find the sum of the quotients in the shortest way:

14.	$486 \div 6$	15.	525 + 5	16.	484 ÷ 4	17.	396 + 3
	$486 \div 6$		$525 \div 5$		$484 \div 4$		396 + 3
	$486 \div 6$		$525 \div 5$		$484 \div 4$		396 + 3
	$486 \div 6$		525 + 5		$484 \div 4$		396 + 3
	$486 \div 6$		$525 \div 5$		$484 \div 4$		396 + 3
	486 + 6		525 + 5		$484 \div 4$		396 + 3

REVIEW

Divide and test:

1.
$$60 + 5$$

5.
$$144 + 6$$

9.
$$375 \div 5$$

2.
$$75 + 5$$

6.
$$126 + 6$$

10.
$$486 \div 6$$

3.
$$85 + 5$$

7.
$$246 \div 6$$

11.
$$525 \div 5$$
12. $396 \div 6$

4.
$$95 \div 5$$
 8. 366 **13.** $6)300 + 30 + 6 = 6)336$

8.
$$366 + 6$$

14.
$$6)420 + 12$$

Find the sum in the shortest way:

Find the sum of the quotients in the shortest way:

19.
$$426 + 6 =$$
 20. $975 + 5 =$
 21. $936 + 6 =$
 $426 + 6 =$
 $975 + 5 =$
 $936 + 6 =$
 $426 + 6 =$
 $975 + 5 =$
 $936 + 6 =$
 $426 + 6 =$
 $975 + 5 =$
 $936 + 6 =$
 $426 + 6 =$
 $975 + 5 =$
 $936 + 6 =$

22. $25 \not =$ times $5 \not =$; $5 \not =$ of $25 \not =$.

Compare as in No. 22:

- 23. 35¢ and 5¢.
- 27. 42 yards and 6 yards.
- 24. 60¢ and 5¢.
- 28. \$44 and \$4.
- 25. 54¢ and 6¢.
- 29. 72 pounds and 6 pounds.
- 60 pints and 6 pints. 30. 1 pound and 4 ounces.

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. At 28 miles per hour, how far can a train run in 6 hours?
- 2. When butter is worth 32 cents per pound, how much will 6½ pounds cost?
 - a. At 80¢ each, how much will 2\frac{1}{2} doz. books cost ?
- 4. A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds. After selling $\frac{1}{4}$ of it, how much remains?
- 5. Find the cost of $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of steak at 18 cents per pound.
- 6. There are 16 ounces in a pound. How many ounces are there in $6\frac{1}{4}$ pounds?
- 7. A grocer bought 6 gallons of vinegar at 20 cents per gallon, and sold it at 5 cents per pint. How much did he make?
 - s. Find the cost of $6\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of nuts at $90 \neq$ per bushel.
 - 9. How many inches equal 5 feet and 4 inches?
 - 10. How many quarts equal 6 gallons and 2 quarts?
- 11. When 6 tons of coal cost \$30, how much will 1 ton cost?
- 12. John buys 5 baskets of grapes for 90 \(\ext{f} \). How much is that a basket? How much do 2 baskets cost?
- 13. If Frank prints 42 cards in 6 minutes on his printing press, how many cards does he print in 1 minute? in 2 minutes?
- 14. Mary has 40 cents, and Jane has 6 times as much. How much more money has Jane than Mary?

REVIEW

- 1. Count by 5's from 0 to 100.
- 2. Count by 6's from 0 to 120.

The sign @ followed by a price means "at" so much a unit. Thus "3 lb. steak @ 15 \(\xi \)" means "3 lb. steak at 15 \(\xi \) a pound;" "6 doz. buttons @ 20 \(\xi \)" means "6 doz. buttons at 20 \(\xi \) a dozen."

Find the amount of each of the following:

- 3. 3 lb. steak @ 15 \(\epsilon \).
- 4. 6½ bu. potatoes @ 48 \(\mathcal{e} \).
- 5. $6\frac{1}{2}$ lb. sugar @ 4 \(\nstackete \).
- 6. 5 cans tomatoes @ 12\\mathcal{e}.
- 7. 6 doz. eggs @ 22 \(\exists.

Find the cost of:

s. 5 sheep @ \$4.75. 13. 6 hats @ \$1.25.

9. 6 bureaus @ \$7.75. 14. 5 books @ \$1.75.

10. 6 cows @ \$ 48.
15. 6 lamps @ \$ 1.33.
11. 6 rugs @ \$ 4.75.
16. 6 wagons @ \$ 85.

12. 5 vases @ \$2.65. 17. 5 horses @ \$175.

18. Add 45 and 56, thus: 45 and 50 are 95; 95 and 6 are 101.

Add in the same way:

19. 35 and 48 23. 78 and 64 27. 19 and 96

20. 18 and 25 24. 84 and 76 28. 78 and 97

21. 20 and 46 25. 93 and 42 29. 87 and 46

22. 81 and 72 26. 48 and 75 30. 96 and 41

MULTIPLYING BY 7

- 1. Count by 7's to 21; to 42; to 63; to 84.
- 2. $2 \times 7 = ?$ $3 \times 7 = ?$ etc., to $12 \times 7 = ?$
- 3. Build the table of 7's.
- 4. Compare in value 5×7 and 7×5 ; 3×7 and 7×3 ; 7×6 and 6×7 ; 7×2 and 2×7 ; 4×7 and 7×4 .

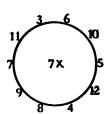


Table of 7's

$ \begin{vmatrix} 1 \times 7 = 7 \\ 2 \times 7 = 14 \end{vmatrix} $	$7 \times 7 = 49$ $8 \times 7 = 56$
$3 \times 7 = 14$ $3 \times 7 = 21$	$ 8 \times 7 = 50 \\ 9 \times 7 = 63 $
$3 \times 7 = 21$ $4 \times 7 = 28$	$3 \times 7 = 03$ $10 \times 7 = 70$
$5 \times 7 = 35$	$10 \times 7 = 70$ $11 \times 7 = 77$
$6 \times 7 = 42$	$12 \times 7 = 84$

a.

- 5. Memorize the table.
- 6. What multiplicand and multiplier make:

49	12	36	28	24
3 5	30	14	18	14
25	42	20	27	21
63	84	77	72	54

d.

7 .	2456	3265	4157	8963	9045
	<u>×7</u>	<u>×7</u>	<u>×7</u>	<u>×7</u>	×7
8.	7739 × 7	8497 × 7	6198 × 7	5424 × 7	63 3 9

Multiply by 7, testing answers:

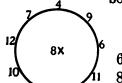
h

9.	4693	7528	6934	8576	7935
10.	7208	5697	2469	3875	8094

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -- 7

MULTIPLYING BY 8

- 1. Count by 8's to 24; to 64; to 96.
- 2. How many are 2×8 balls? 3×8 books? 4×8 boys? 5×8 pens? 6×8 apples?



- 3. Build the table of 8's.
- 4. Give quickly:

	GIVO	quionij.		
×	8	8×6	7×8	5×8
3 x	4	8×10	8×2	8×11
3×1	12	4×8	6×8	8×5

Table of 8's

$1 \times 8 = 8$	$7 \times 8 = 56$
$2 \times 8 = 16$	$8 \times 8 = 64$
$3 \times 8 = 24$	$9\times8=72$
$4 \times 8 = 32$	$10 \times 8 = 80$
$5 \times 8 = 40$	$11 \times 8 = 88$
$6 \times 8 = 48$	$12 \times 8 = 96$

- 5. Memorize the table.
- 6. Give answers:

$? \times 8 = 32$	$7 \times ? = 56$
$6 \times ? = 48$	$? \times 5 = 40$
$? \times 8 = 72$	$8 \times ? = 64$
$10 \times ? = 80$	$? \times 3 = 27$
$12 \times ? = 96$	$2 \times ? = 18$

Multiply by 8:

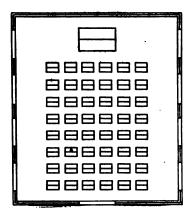
	a	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
7.	6230	5178	8629	9310	7865
8.	2937	8694	9083	8697	7289
9.	9048	6937	2865	4705	8136

Give products at sight:

10. 8×50	8×70	8×91	8×12	8×31
11. 7×40	7×60	7×71	8×11	7×20
12. 8×90	7×81	8×30	7×21	8×61

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. This schoolroom is 32 feet long and 28 feet wide. What is the distance around it?
- 2. The glass in each window cost \$2.50. How much was paid for all the glass?
- 3. Each desk cost \$3.25. Find the cost of the desks in each long row.



- 4. Find the value of the desks in the 6 rows.
- 5. The attendance for the first 8 school days was as follows: 36, 43, 42, 43, 37, 41, 43, 43, respectively. What was the average attendance?

Note. — To find the average add the eight numbers and divide the sum by 8.

- 6. Eight tons of coal were used during the term. How much was paid for the coal at \$4.50 a ton?
- 7. What is the amount of the teacher's salary for 8 months, at \$50 a month?
 - s. Find the entire cost of:
 - 8 Advanced Geographies at \$1.00 each.
 - 8 Primary Geographies at \$.45 each.
 - 8 Grammars at \$.50 each.
 - 8 Language Lessons at \$.35 each.
 - 8 Readers at \$.48 each.

DIVIDING BY 7

- 1. How many times is 7 contained in 14? in 21? 42? 63? 28? 35? 49? 70? 77? 56?
 - 2. Find $\frac{1}{7}$ of 84; 63; 42; 35; 56; 70; 14; 21.

Divide:

a	b	c	\boldsymbol{d}	e	f	
3 . 7)42	7 <u>)63</u>	7)56	7 <u>)49</u>	7)84	7)35	
4. 6)72	<u>5)45</u>	$6)\underline{42}$	7)28	6 <u>)48</u>	7)70	
Divide by 7:						
5 . 84	56	59	68	45	36	
6 . 217	364	427	637	273	6 96	
D::1	J 1					

Divide and test:

7 .	7)2436	6)7391	7)8693	6)7857	7)4693
8.	5)2609	7)8054	6)3079	7)2096	5)8097
۵	7)7381	6)2867	7)2536	5)3204	7)6973

đ

- 10. How many 7-pound boxes can be filled from 259 pounds of barley?
 - 11. How many weeks are there in 49 days?
- 12. How many suits, each requiring 7 yards, can be made from a piece of cloth containing 84 yards?
- 13. How many 7 ≠ packages of crackers can be bought for \$1, and how much money will be left?

DIVIDING BY 8

1.
$$48-8-8-8-8-8=?$$
 $48 \div 6=?$

2.
$$2 \times 8 = ?$$
 $16 \div 2 = ?$ $8 \times 3 = ?$ $24 \div 8 = ?$ $8 \times 4 = ?$

3.
$$32 + 8 = ?$$
 $40 + 5 = ?$ $56 + 8 = ?$ $64 + 8 = ?$ $72 + 8 = ?$

Give quotients:

5 .	a 8 <u>)64</u>	b 8 <u>)32</u>	8)40	8)72	e 8)56
6.	8)16	7)56	8 <u>)24</u>	7)63	8)48
7 ·	7)35	8)88	7)28	8)96	8)80

Find:

8.	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 72	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 64	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 32	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 56	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 48
9.	1 of 640	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 720	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 400	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 320	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 800

Divide by 8:

	v				
10.	175	823	629	473	621
11.	8073	2096	3075	4083	6029
12.	2903	8107	2904	7908	8604
13.	6195	2936	8629	4175	2936

- 14. How many tablets at 8¢ each can be bought for \$1, and how many cents will be left?
- 15. A furniture dealer paid \$240 for ice chests at \$8 each. How many chests did he purchase?

MULTIPLICATION BY MIXED NUMBERS

A mixed number is composed of an integer and a fraction.

1. Multiply 1	6 by $2\frac{1}{2}$.	SHORT FORM
16		16
$ \frac{1}{2} \text{ of } 16 = \frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{8} \\ \frac{2}{2} \times 16 = \frac{32}{40} $	$2\frac{1}{2}$ times 16 means that $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16 is to be added to 2 times 16.	$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}}{8}$ $\frac{32}{40}$.

Find products:

	- Production				
2.	$2\frac{1}{2} \times 24$	8.	$7\frac{1}{8} \times 336$	14.	$8\frac{1}{7} \times 273$
3.	$2\frac{1}{3} \times 36$	9.	$8\frac{1}{4} \times 124$	15.	$6\frac{1}{6} \times 258$
4.	$4\frac{1}{4} \times 96$	10.	$9\frac{1}{3} \times 276$	16.	$8\frac{1}{8} \times 744$
5.	$8\frac{1}{2} \times 84$	11.	$7\frac{1}{6} \times 324$	17.	$9\frac{1}{5}\times275$
6.	$6\frac{1}{2} \times 60$	12.	$5\frac{1}{8} \times 288$	18.	$5\frac{1}{8} \times 392$
7 .	$8\frac{1}{4} \times 120$	13.	$7\frac{1}{8} \times 240$	19.	$9\frac{1}{7} \times 413$

Find the cost of:

20.	$8\frac{1}{2}$ gal. oil @ $12 \neq$.	27. 7½ doz. buttons @ 36 €.
-----	---------------------------------------	-----------------------------

21. $6\frac{1}{4}$ bu. potatoes @ $80 \not$ e. 28. $9\frac{1}{3}$ hours' work @ $18 \not$ e.

22. $8\frac{1}{4}$ yd. silk @ \$1.20. 29. $8\frac{1}{4}$ pounds butter @ $32 \neq$.

23. $7\frac{1}{2}$ gal. milk @ $16 \not\in$. 30. $6\frac{1}{2}$ pounds meat @ $16 \not\in$.

24. $6\frac{1}{4}$ doz. bananas @ $24 \not\in$. 31. $7\frac{1}{4}$ pk. peaches @ $40 \not\in$.

25. $6\frac{1}{2}$ doz. buttons @ $54 \not$. **32.** $3\frac{1}{8}$ yd. muslin @ $16 \not$.

26. $7\frac{3}{4}$ yd. ribbon @ $28\cancel{6}$. **33.** $4\frac{1}{4}$ lb. candy @ $60\cancel{6}$.

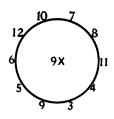
MULTIPLYING BY 9

- 1. Count by 9's to 27; to 54; to 72; to 108.
- 2. Build the table of 9's.
- 3. Compare 6×9 and 9×6 ; 8×9 and 9×8 ; 10×9 and 9×10 .
 - 4. Multiply at sight by 9:

40 60 80 20 50 10 30 70 90 31 51 71

Table	of	o's
Lauro	UI	y o

5. Memorize the table.



Give two numbers that form each of these products:

- **6.** 21, 36, 44, 48, 50, 40, 54, 45, 33, 18, 27, 99.
- **7**. 88, 90, 60, 77, 81, 63, 66, 72, 56, 108, 96, 80. Multiply by 9:

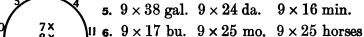
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
8.	4693	7286	4615	8738	6957
9.	4135	2874	6398	1869	7043
10.	8286	3697	4589	2893	9097
11.	9387	2945	9384	9387	2864
12.	6005	7894	50 09	6090	7500
13.	5020	4080	3074	8005	9999

MULTIPLYING BY 9

Multiply by 9:

	a	\boldsymbol{b}	c .	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
1.	4226	8 393	37 86	2468	8321
2.	5483	$\boldsymbol{6692}$	2294	8329	$\boldsymbol{6245}$
3.	6396	2594	4968	5692	9374
4.	7278	7246	5328	7386	8928

Find the products:



7.
$$9 \times 12$$
 ft. $9 \times 18 \neq 9 \times 35$ cows

s. Find products by 7; by 8; by 6.

Table of Elementary Products

In multiplication, there are 45 different combinations of figures taken two at a time, and 36 different products. Use these combinations for drill frequently:

1 1	1 2	1 3	2 2	1 <u>4</u>	1 <u>5</u>	3 2	1 6	1 <u>7</u>	4 2	1 8 -
3 3	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	4 3	$\frac{7}{2}$	5 3	4 <u>4</u>	8 2	9 2	6 3
5 4	7 <u>3</u>	8 <u>3</u>	6 <u>4</u>	5 5	$\frac{9}{3}$	7 4	6 <u>5</u>	8 <u>4</u>	7 <u>5</u>	6 6
9	8 5	7 6	9 · 5	8 6	7	$\begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 8 \\ \underline{6} & \underline{7} \end{array}$		8	9 <u>8</u>	9

DIVIDING BY 9

- 1. How many tables, at \$9 each, can be bought for \$18? for \$27? for \$36? for \$45? for \$63?
 - 2. Give quotients at sight:

$63 \div 9$	$81 \div 9$	$45 \div 5$	$36 \div 4$	$108 \div 9$
$72 \div 8$	$\cdot 54 \div 6$	72 + 9	$27 \div 3$	90 + 9
$\frac{1}{9}$ of 36	🕯 of 63	$\frac{1}{9}$ of 54	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 56	$\frac{1}{9}$ of 72
$\frac{1}{8}$ of 64	$\frac{1}{9}$ of 45	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 45	$\frac{1}{9}$ of 63	† of 56

3. Tell at sight which is greater and how much:

$\frac{1}{9}$ of 81 or $\frac{1}{3}$ of 27	$\frac{1}{8}$ of 40 or $\frac{1}{9}$ of 45
$\frac{1}{8}$ of 64 or $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16	$\frac{1}{7}$ of 63 or $\frac{1}{9}$ of 81

Divide by 9; then by 8:

\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
4. 2637	1856	2934	7683	8174
5. 6385	$\boldsymbol{2097}$	3084	6075	7238
6. 8462	3761	2985	2207	3604
7. 7581	6293	8697	2984	6093

s. Give quotients at sight:

$180 \div 9$	$360 \div 9$	$900 \div 9$	$720 \div 9$	$729 \div 9$
$279 \div 9$	$549 \div 9$	$459 \div 9$	639 + 9	$450 \div 9$

- 9. If a postman delivers 954 letters in 9 hours, how many letters does he average in one hour?
- 10. How many times can 9 inches be marked off from a line $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet in length?
- 11. At 3 melons for 9¢, how many melons can I buy for 36 cents?

DIVISION OF DOLLARS AND CENTS

Find the products; test and read answers:

a	b	c
1. $4 \times \$ 2.75$	$7 \times \$82.93$	$8 \times \$ 93.15$
2 . 5 × \$ 3.86	$8 \times \$ 46.25$	$9 \times \$73.86$
3 . $6 \times \$7.27$	$9 \times \$ 73.87$	$7 \times \$ 49.25$

4. Divide \$6.15 by 3.

Divide \$6.15 by 3, placing a decimal 3)\$6.15 point under the decimal point in the divi-\$2.05 dend. Write the dollar sign before the number of dollars in the quotient.

Find the quotients; read and test answers:

	а	b	c
5.	$\$4.75 \div 2$	$\$6.75 \div 4$	$$29.34 \div 9$
6.	$2.08 \div 2$	$\$8.22 \div 6$	$$46.72 \div 8$
7.	$$9.27 \div 3$	\$9.05 + 5	$\$71.05 \div 7$
Fi	nd:		
8.	$\frac{1}{3}$ of \$27.15	$\frac{1}{4}$ of \$16.64	1 of \$39.34
9.	$\frac{1}{2}$ of \$18.24	$\frac{1}{6}$ of \$26.70	½ of \$97.68
10.	$\frac{1}{4}$ of \$20.48	$\frac{1}{6}$ of \$38.40	$\frac{1}{9}$ of \$27.36
Pe	erform the opera	tion indicated:	
11.	$\$273.84 \div 6$	$$263.75 \div 8$	$375.42 \div 6$
12.	$$936.25 \times 5$	$$423.96 \times 9$	$$495.67 \pm 7$
13.	$$475.83 \times 6$	$$928.14 \div 6$	$321.21 \div 9$
14.	$721.98 \div 9$	$\$743.68 \div 7$	$\$563.94 \times 8$
15.	$\$435.72 \div 8$	$\$269.19 \div 9$	$\$732.75 \times 6$

- 1. It requires 4 yd. of material to make each of these girls an apron. How much will be required for the class of 7 girls?
- 2. At 8 f a yd., how much will 7 aprons cost?
- 3. Out of $9\frac{1}{2}$ yd. of cambric, how many caps, requiring $\frac{1}{2}$ yd. each, can be made?
- 4. How many pupils can be supplied with rolling pins and pie pans



out of \$9, if each pin costs 20¢, and each pan 10¢?

- 5. At 18 a yard, find the cost of lawn for sleeve protectors for 7 girls, each sleeve requiring ½ yd.
- 6. Miss Blew, the teacher, purchases the following: 7 flour cans @ 40%, 7 cake pans @ 25%, 7 sugar shakers @ 17%. Find the amount of her purchases.
- 7. Entertaining the directors, this class uses 7 spring chickens @ $40 \,\text{/f}$, 2 pecks of potatoes @ $15 \,\text{/f}$, 1 head cabbage @ $8 \,\text{/f}$, 2 boxes tomatoes @ $10 \,\text{/f}$, $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. butter @ $32 \,\text{/f}$, 2 pt. cream @ $8 \,\text{/f}$, and $\frac{1}{2}$ gallon ice cream @ \$ 1.50 per gallon. How much does the dinner cost them?

MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

Multiply and divide by 8; by 9:

	a	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
1.	2465	2469	2816	6824	617 8
2.	7381	8397	9375	4836	8293

Find:

- 3. $\frac{1}{7}$ of 4687 sheep 5. $\frac{1}{9}$ of 7353 bu. 7. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 3600
- 4. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 9376 horses 6. $\frac{1}{7}$ of 4347 gal. 8. $\frac{1}{9}$ of 7479

How much change shall I receive from \$10 for the following? Name the coins in each purchase.

- 9. $2\frac{1}{2}$ yd. silk @ $60 \neq$ 11. 24 lb. butter @ $\frac{1}{4}$
- **10.** $7\frac{1}{3}$ doz. eggs @ $30 \neq$ **12.** $3\frac{1}{2}$ bu. plums @ \$2.50

MARKET REPORT

Grapes, per crate,	\$ 2.75	Peaches, per basket,	\$ 1.35
Blackberries, per crate,	\$3.50	Pears, per bbl.,	\$3.7 5
Raspberries, per crate,	\$ 3.65	Apples, per bbl.,	\$ 3.50
Elderberries, per crate,	\$ 1.75	Cantaloupes, per box,	\$4.50

From the above report find the cost of:

- 13. 4 crates of blackberries. 20. 9 baskets of peaches.
- 14. 5 baskets of peaches. 21. 6 crates of blackberries.
- 15. 3 crates of grapes. 22. 5 crates of elderberries.
- 16. 3 crates of elderberries. 23. 7 crates of raspberries.
- 17. 4 bbl. of pears. 24. 6 bbl. of pears.
- 18. 2 boxes of cantaloupes. 25. 8 boxes of cantaloupes.
- 19. 6 bbl. of apples. 26. 8 baskets of peaches.

Make other problems from this or another Market Report.

INFEED STATES HOMEY

(Notice the groups than make 10 or 13.)

Add:

		ž	e	ď	•
ı.	\$15.73	\$30.56	\$ 6.93	\$.48	\$.17
	6.28	15.29	32.63	275	.28
	3.	8.38	4.30	.76	5.70
	5.15	.63	12.51	5.85	16.37
	40.50	7-27-11	8.78	40.20	4.70
	5.89	23.85	.36	6.58	23.96
		.25	.50	18.64	

2. Mr. Foster sold in 5 days as follows. Find each day's sales, total sales, and receipts for each article.

_	Mos.	Tues.	WED.	THURS.	FRI.
	a	ь	c	đ	•
Corn	\$75.25	\$68.75	\$ 27.35	\$87.45	\$ 64.65
Oats	18.42	26.73	16.72	29.63	37.26
Bran	6.75	3.75	8.25	7.75	9.45
Chop	12.34	8.65	17.38	15.24	16.28
Meal	3.60	5.40	7.60	12.60	17.20
Flour		68.25	78.75	89.25	110.25

- 3. A man made 7 deposits as follows: \$145.75, \$123.34, \$134.89, \$645.75, \$800.05, \$900.25, \$845.52. How much money did he deposit?
- 4. My expenses for 6 days were respectively, \$1.42, \$2.05, \$2.36, \$2.12, \$1.45, and \$2.15. What were my expenses for the week?

SUBTRACTION

1	From	5000	taka	3456.
1.	rrom	MMM	TAKE	540O.

1.	From 8	5000 take 5	8456.		
	49910		6 from 10	leaves 4	
	5000		5 from 9	leaves 4	
	3456		4 from 9	leaves 5	
	$\overline{1544}$		3 from 4	leaves 1	
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
2.	6734	8090	7004	6000	9000
	4578	$\bf 5694$	5896	4187	39 99
	$\overline{2156}$	$\overline{2396}$	$\overline{1108}$	$\overline{1913}$	$\overline{5001}$
Su	btract:				
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	C	$oldsymbol{d}$	e
3.	9084	7604	5003	8460	6080
	6097	$\underline{4909}$	9806	7469	<u>5908</u>
4.	9600	7039	6800	7001	4403
	3097	8799	<u>5009</u>	$\underline{1903}$	3040
5.	5004	8040	7409	6400	7003
	$\underline{3904}$	<u>4409</u>	3790	$\underline{4986}$	9800
6.	8703	6009	8001	5904	9873
	5008	$\underline{4939}$	$\underline{6809}$	3400	$\underline{4980}$
7 .	7003	590 0	9204	7405	5900
	4906	3098	8909	6097	4397

TEST EXERCISES

Multiply, practicing until nine products can be found in 2 minutes.

ın 2	ımını	ites.	•					
1.	4987	by	7	4.	2475 by	8	7.	6894 by 9
2.	6879	by	8	5.	8689 by	9	8.	9829 by 7
3.	9836	by	9	6. ·	3978 by	7	9.	6375 by 8
10.	8564	-			8739 by			8795 by 9
11.	9873	by	9	14.	6927 by	8	17.	6938 by 7
12.	8293	by	8	15.	8738 by	9	18.	9375 by 8
19.	9365	by	8	22.	7693 by	7	25.	8756 by 9
20.	8796	by	9	23.	8795 by	8	26.	7938 by 9
21.	2493	by	7	24.	9283 by	9	27.	4695 by 7
A	\dd ra	pid	ly	:				
	а			b	c		$oldsymbol{d}$	e
28.	2401			2409	8145		3629	8873
	6375			3875	2693		9483	2345
	5816			4693	7856		2637	5690
	2487			9301	9037		3415	2295
	<u>1789</u>			<u>1432</u>	· <u>5009</u>		8007	7986
29.	7895			9982	7743		2239	4498
	2398			1028	3 8 3 8		4075	7659
	2015			5690	9723		$\boldsymbol{9320}$	33 76
	1920			5497	4587		8756	5072
	6099			4705	8243		6008	3490



- 1. The drafting room is 24 feet wide and 28 feet long. What is the distance around the room?
- 2. There are 7 stands in the room. Each one cost \$5.50. What was the cost of all?
- 3. Each stand requires a "T" square, angles, scale, erasers, thumb-tacks, etc. The instruments cost \$28.35. What was the average cost of each stand?
- 4. The first class worked 40 minutes on Monday and Friday of each school week. How many minutes were spent by the class during 4 school weeks?
- 5. Each of 7 boys required a drafting board costing 50%, ink, paper, pencils, etc., costing 25%. What was the cost of these materials for the class?
- 6. The boys made two chairs valued at \$8.75 each, 3 tabourettes at \$3.25 each, and 4 book racks at \$1.25 each. What was the value of all the articles?

TEST EXERCISES

Divide, practicing until the quotients for 9 problems can be found in 2 minutes:

- 1. 2873 by 7
- 4. 8196 by 8
- **7.** 2403 by 9

- 2. 9865 by 8
- **5.** 7963 by 9
- **s.** 8173 by 8

- 3. 4793 by 9
- 6. 8910 by 7
- **9.** 6294 by 9

- 10. 7386 by 8
- 13. 8197 by 8
- 16. 4003 by 8 17. 6920 by 7

- 11. 8794 by 9 12. 9387 by 9
- 14. 6934 by 9 **15.** 7879 by 7
- 18. 3784 by 9

- 19. 9234 by 7
- 22. 6010 by 9
- **25.** 3215 by 7

- **20.** 6875 by 8
- 23. 5362 by 7
- 26. 8629 by 9

- 21. 4132 by 9
- 24. 8104 by 8
- **27.** 9273 by 8

Subtract rapidly:

- **28.** 4284 2141
- **31.** 8001 6448
- 34. 8004 2234

- **29.** 8401 1762
- **32.** 6001 4999
- **35.** 7982 5460

- **30.** 8109 4777
- **33.** 9845 3677
- **36.** 5698 3472

- **37.** 6024 5107
- **40.** 9045 4254 **43.** 3498 2004

- **38.** 8460 6418 **41.** 8700 4286 **44.** 6699 3342
- **39.** 7200 4540
- **42.** 8760 4197 **45.** 7583 5620
- **46.** 8794 4587 **49.** 6001 2478 **52.** 5590 1056

- **47.** 8476 7421 **50.** 6424 3150
- **53.** 9930 7810

- **48.** 8921 5879
- **51.** 4030 3289
- **54.** 9706 5897

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -8

- 1. A huckster's sales for the week were as follows: \$3.25, \$7.15, \$2.45, \$6.45, and \$8.79. What was the amount of his sales?
- 2. A boy's suit that was marked \$6.98 was sold for \$1.25 less. What was the selling price of the suit?
- 3. James had \$5.94; he spent \$2.85. How much had he left?
- 4. What is the difference in the price of two hats marked \$4.50 and \$3.60?
 - 5. The following amounts were deposited in the school savings bank: \$2.15, \$1.65, \$7.09, \$3.68, and \$9.15. What was the total of these deposits?
 - 6. Mrs. Jones paid \$2.75 for a turkey, \$.30 for cranberries, \$.15 for butter, and \$.48 for coffee. What was the whole cost?
 - 7. How many school badges 4 in. long can be made from 2 yd. of ribbon?
 - 8. A clock that strikes the half hours strikes how many times in a day?
 - 9. How many square inches are there in an 8-inch square?
 - 10. There are 636 oranges in 9 baskets, with the same number in each. How many are there in each basket?
 - 11. If you receive \$2.75, \$6.96, and \$8.15 and want to change it into five-dollar bills, how many should you get and how much money over?

TEST EXERCISES

Multiply 6 examples in one minute:

	By 9		By 7		By 8		By 6	
1.	2467	6.	6935	11.	6238	16.	6294	
2.	3258	7 .	9186	12.	1459	17.	7386	
3.	9614	8.	2734	13.	9345	18.	9281	
4.	2836	9.	8567	14.	2764	19.	4936	
5.	9214	10.	2137	15.	3285	20.	9275	
Divide 8 examples in one minute:								
	By 8	_	By 9		By 7		By 6	

		r-					
	By 8		By 9		By 7		By 6
21.	8143	26.	8769		8637	36.	8425
22.	2695	27.	2893	32.	2049	37.	6439
23.	7378	28.	6241	33.	9267	38.	9375
24.	6291	29.	7083	34.	7328	39.	8162
25.	9475	30.	1404	35.	8264	40.	3245

- 41. A farmer's wife sold 72 eggs. How much did she receive for them at 16 cents a dozen?
- 42. A girl went to the store with 96 cents. She spent 24 cents for butter, and the remainder for sugar at 6 cents a pound. How much sugar did she buy?
- 43. Mr. Smith had 76 sheep. He kept 60 and sold the remainder at \$6 a head. How much did he receive for them?
- 44. There are 144 ounces in 9 pounds. How many ounces are there in 1 pound?
- 45. A man earned \$100 a month, and spent \$75 per How much did he save in 6 months? month.

- 1. How many pints are there in 2679 gallons?
- 2. Find the number of pecks in 7320 qt.
- 3. At 8¢ per quart, for how much does a milkman retail 32½ gallons?
- 4. Mr. Watson sold a wagon for \$75. This was \$18.50 more than it cost. Find the cost.
- 5. A merchant paid \$24 for $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen hats. At the same rate, how much should he pay for 9 hats?
- 6. I sold a house for \$7325, which was at a loss of \$890. How much did the house cost me?
- 7. If I pay \$320 for 4 acres of land, how much should I pay for 8 acres of the same kind?
- s. How many gallon cans can be filled from 2288 pints of cream?
- 9. How much will 127 boxes of oranges cost at \$6 a box?
- 10. A man paid \$2.75 for a hat, and 8 times as much for a suit. How much money did he spend?
- 11. At 8¢ a quarter-peck, for how much will a bushel of sweet potatoes retail?
- 12. I have \$54, and pay out $\frac{1}{9}$ of it for fuel. How much does the fuel cost?
- 13. If each of the following numbers is $\frac{1}{7}$ of another number, what is the number in each case?

7 12 13 8 11 9 $1\frac{1}{2}$ 5

- 1. Express in Roman letters: 156, 75, 93, 86, 44.
- 2. How many quarts are there in $8\frac{1}{2}$ gallons?
- 3. What is the cost of $5\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of tea at 40 cents a pound?
- 4. A man bought 7 Standard crates of melons, each crate containing 54 melons. How much did they cost at \$3 a crate?
- 5. Find the cost of 6 yards of silk at the rate of 3 yards for \$2.25.
- 6. Jennie pays 50 / 6 for $\frac{1}{4}$ of a yard of velvet. Find the value of $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards of velvet at the same rate.

 $\frac{1}{4}$ of a yard costs 50%. $\frac{4}{4}$ or 1 yd. costs $4 \times 50\%$, or \$2. $2\frac{1}{2}$ yd. cost $2\frac{1}{4} \times$ \$2, or \$5.

- 7. William paid $25 \not\in$ for $\frac{1}{4}$ of a bushel of beans. How much would $2\frac{1}{5}$ bushels cost at the same rate?
- 8. When $\frac{1}{4}$ of a ton of coal costs \$1.25, how much will $3\frac{1}{2}$ tons cost?
 - 9. How many quarts are there in 96 pints?
- 10. A street car left the car-barn at 4:30 A.M. and returned at midnight. How many hours was it in service?
- 11. One route is $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles long, another is $11\frac{1}{2}$ miles, and a third is 16 miles long. How many miles are there in the three routes?

- 1. When going to the school picnic, the children marched 4 abreast. How many rows were there if 816 children attended the picnic?
- 2. At 3 pencils for 5 cents, how many pencils should be received for 20 cents?
- 3. Ruth pays 82 \(\neq \) for butter and eggs. She pays 32 \(\neq \) for butter. How much does she pay for eggs?
 - 4. Find the cost of $8\frac{1}{2}$ bu. oats at $50 \neq$ a bushel.
- 5. When peaches are selling at the rate of 3 for 5 cents, how many peaches will 40 cents buy?
- 6. How much money would a lady have left from a \$2 bill after buying some muslin for 24%, lace for 32%, and ribbon for 27%?
- 7. There are 12 months in one year. How many months are there in $7\frac{1}{2}$ years?
- **8.** A merchant has 6 clerks on his payroll, averaging \$45.50 per month. What is the amount of his payroll for 2 months?
- 9. A train of cars runs 36 miles an hour. How far will it run from 11 a.m. to 1:30 p.m.?
- 10. A trolley car moves at the rate of 352 ft. in a minute. How far will it move in 7 minutes?
- 11. At \$240 a year, how much rent would a man pay from April 1, 1907 to September of the same year?
- 12. A dealer bought 8 gal. of ice cream at \$1.25 a gallon and sold it at $20 \neq a$ pint. What was his gain?

REVIEW OF ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

In review drills like the following the teacher should set a time limit, and make tests of accuracy.

	-	•	
Λ	~	a	•
л	41	u	- 2

	muu.			
	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
1.	2404	429	16050	23928
	6020	8500	1081	374
	7 98	639	321	6504
	3787	$\boldsymbol{10851}$	4759	233
	6252	3487	$\underline{19037}$	1092
2.	6028	3875	43 90	29099
	16090	40290	4275	628877
	39099	53961	16 503	703 903
	10906	8756	88888	79353
	<u>49067</u>	6207	$\underline{99999}$	40344
	Subtract:			
3.	89326	20085	63735	91002
	4967	$\underline{4736}$	8924	7988
4.	10050	29003	74035	85483
	6765	$\underline{16897}$	$\underline{38029}$	3909
5.	87441	10397	63006	83289
	29902	7389	$\underline{52907}$	$\frac{79639}{}$
	Multiply:			
6	76×735	o 16 v l	54307	17 ~ 15064

6.	76	×	735
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8. 16×54307

10. 17×15064

7. 39×197205 **9.** 57×49306

11. 68×55034

REVIEW OF DIVISION

Divide and test:

_		• •					
1.	2)24	2)36	2 <u>)38</u>	$rac{ extbf{\emph{d}}}{2)56}$			
2.	<u>3)48</u>	3)69	3)108	3)144			
3.	4)72	4)96	4)64	4)124			
4.	<u>5)385</u>	<u>5)125</u>	5 <u>)795</u>	<u>5)970</u>			
5.	6)384	6)780	6)564	6)3684			
6.	7)2177	7)4635	7)6963	7)4575			
7.	8)3344	8)1718	8)19656	8)42408			
Give quotients at sight:							
8.	$152 \div 8$	177 + 3	172 + 4	184 + 8			

	1			
8.	$152 \div 8$	$177 \div 3$	$172 \div 4$	$184 \div 8$
9.	$264 \div 6$	$132 \div 2$	$196 \div 6$	$192 \div 6$
10.	$371 \div 7$	$78 \div 2$	$172 \div 4$	$148 \div 4$
11.	$468 \div 9$	$96 \div 4$	$235 \div 5$	$273 \div 3$
12.	$156 \div 6$	$102 \div 3$	324 + 6	$256 \div 4$
13.	$125 \div 5$	$116 \div 4$.161 + 7	$175 \div 7$

Divide and test:

14.	$13935 \div 5$	18.	$25676 \div 6$
15.	$16092 \div 2$	19.	$307027 \div 7$
16.	17841 + 3	20.	$729074 \div 8$
	20404 + 4	21.	$630072 \div 9$

REVIEW OF FUNDAMENTAL OPERATIONS

α .	1 .	
(+177A	products	•
CITAC	produces	٠

1.	54	36	$\cdot 18$	120	125	123	45	75	124
	_2	_4	_2	3	_5	_3	_2	_3	2
I	Add:	a		b		c			\boldsymbol{d}
2.	\$ 47	60.27	\$ 6	6908.0	2 \$	2 9008.	63	\$ 3	49.00
	3	79.05	4	0087.2	9	45.	73	2	90.05
	4	08.23		23.0	0	30049.	06		79.85
	296	35.06	3	0004.0	4	709.	36	2	99.69
	45	79.98		62.6	9	8082.	59	1	09.85
	-	83.07	_7	7003.4	8 _	682.0	<u>)1</u>	34	$\underline{05.54}$
3.	\$ 20	00.00	\$	8004.6	1	\$ 2 09.8	30	\$8	05.30
	2	79.06		9081.4	5	32.0)9	6	10.79
		40.29	1	1127.6	9 4	1 5000.6	37	40	62.81
		67.00	8	9042.3	5	89.0)5	96	54.68
	40	02.07		329.3	0 6	37005.	78	920	87.29
	181	89.27	4	2060.6	0	41.0	<u>)2</u>	_20	89.62

5.
$$27 \times \$579.83$$

6.
$$57 \times \$59.92$$

9.
$$\$48.72 \div 8$$

10.
$$\$35.35 \div 5$$

11.
$$31 \times $147.90$$

12.
$$$83.40 \div 6$$

14.
$$\$7059.29 - \$1637.47$$

17.
$$42 \times $4864$$

19.
$$$475.30 \div 7$$

20.
$$\$79.84 \div 8$$

21.
$$\$359.46 + 9$$

REVIEW OF FUNDAMENTAL OPERATIONS

A	
Answer	quickly:
	4 , ·

	a	b	c	đ	e
1.	6×3	5×4	10 - 2	4×5	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 24
2.	7×10	6×6	18 - 6	4×3	$64 \div 8$
3.	9×2	8×10	40 - 10	7×6	¹ / ₆ of 48
4.	7×3	6×5	7 of 42	9×2	7×8
5.	4×7	10×9	$90 \div 9$	5×5	7×4
6.	20 - 4	$\frac{1}{4} \times 28$	8 × 3	16 - 10	49 + 7
7.	22 - 7	† of 20	7×6	$\frac{1}{2}$ of 24	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 36
8.	6×4	31 - 6	$\frac{1}{3}$ of 27	8×7	5×5
9.	4×9	3×10	54 - 6	9×6	$28 \div 4$
10.	5×2	½ of 25	8×3	$8 \div 2$	¹ / ₆ of 30
11.	8×6	$90 \div 9$	7×9	$\frac{1}{5}$ of 35	6×10
12.	8×5	4×7	$\frac{1}{3} \times 18$	$32 \div 4$	3×3
13.	3×6	$64 \div 8$	$\frac{1}{6} \times 72$	8×8	9×7
14.	54 - 6	72 + 8	1 of 48	5×9	8×3
15.	39 – 7	9×8	47 – 8	$\frac{1}{4}$ of 44	\$\frac{1}{6}\$ of 66
16.	1 of 63	72 - 9	81 + 9	½ of 40	1/6 of 42
17.	$\frac{1}{3} \times 36$	10 - 2	7×7	$\frac{1}{2} \times 18$	1 of 36
18.	7×8	9×9	8×7	$81 \div 9$	$\overline{56} + 7$
19.	6×7	9×9	$\frac{1}{5}$ of 30	6×11	8×12
20.	9×12	7×12	•	3×6	$44 \div 11$

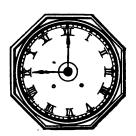
COMPARISON

- 1. Compare 10 with 5; thus, 10 is two times 5.
- 2. Compare 5 with 10; thus, 5 is $\frac{1}{2}$ of 10.

Note. — We might also compare 5 with 10 by saying 10 is 5 more than 5; but, unless otherwise stated, "compare" in this book means "find the quotient of the first number divided by the second."

- 3. Compare 30 with 10; 20 with 5; 24 with 6.
- 4. Compare 5 with 15; 8 with 24; 12 with 48.
- 5. Compare 40 with 10; with 8; with 5; with 4.
- 6. Compare 25 with 5; 5 with 25.
- 7. When 2 pencils cost 10¢, how much will 8 cost?
- 8. When 6 hats cost \$12, how much will 12 cost?
- 9. When 4 knives cost \$6, how much will 8 cost?
- 10. At 6 pens for 10¢, how much will 18 cost?
- 11. When 6 horses cost \$900, how much will 24 cost? 24 horses are 4 times 6 horses. Hence they will cost $4 \times 900 , or \$3600.
 - 12. When 5 cows cost \$160, how much will 30 cost?
- 13. When 3 barrels of apples cost \$7.50, how much will 12 cost?
- 14. If 5 tons of hard coal cost \$32.50, how much will 30 tons cost?
- 15. At \$45 for 60 bu. of wheat, how much will 12 bu. cost?
- 16. If 12 men earn \$51 in one day, how much will 60 men earn in one day at the same rate?

MEASURES OF TIME



- 1. Name the letters on the face of the clock. Tell the time.
- 2. Observe the small spaces on the outer edge of the face. These are called minute spaces.
- 3. Over how many of these spaces does the minute hand move in pass-

ing around the face from XII to XII again?

- 4. How long is the minute hand in passing from XII to I? from V to VI? from X to XI?
- 5. There are the same number of minute spaces between any two hours.
- 6. While the minute hand passes from XII to XII again, how far does the hour hand move?
- 7. How many minutes are there in an hour? (see p. 44) in 2 hr.? in 4 hr.? in $\frac{1}{2}$ hr.?
- 8. When the hour hand is at XII, what is the time if the minute hand points to V? to III? to I?
- 9. Count the hours on the clock face from 9 o'clock, the opening of school, until 9 o'clock, the next morning. How many are there? These 24 hours include both day time and night time.

60 minutes = 1 hour; written, 60 min. = 1 hr. 24 hours = 1 day; written, 24 hr. = 1 da. The day always begins at XII, midnight. The time from midnight to noon is called forenoon. The time from XII, noon, to midnight is called afternoon.

We write A.M. for forenoon and P.M. for afternoon. 8:20 A.M. is read 20 minutes past eight in the morning.

- 10. Read 6:10' A.M.; 4:25 A.M.; 6:30 P.M.; 6:45 P.M.; 10:00 A.M.; 5:05 P.M.
- 11. How many hours is it from 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.? from 10 P.M. to 6 A.M.?
- 12. How many days is it from 9 o'clock Monday morning to 9 o'clock the next Monday morning?

7 days = 1 week; written, 7 da. = 1 wk.

- 13. On what day did Feb. 1, 1907, fall? Make a calendar for February, 1907, similar to the one for January.
- 14. Name the months of the year, beginning with January.

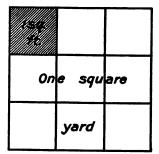
1907 JANUARY 1907							
SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	
		_		3			
				10			
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
				24		26	
27	28	29	30	31	•	••	

12 months = 1 year; written, 12 mo. = 1 yr.

- 15. How many months are there in 8 years?
- 16. How many days are there in 6 weeks?
- 17. How many hours are there in 9 days?
- 18. How many minutes are there in 4 hours?

MEASURES OF SURFACE

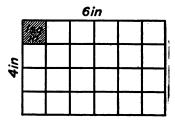
- 1. Draw a square 1 inch long and 1 inch wide. What shall we call it?
- 2. Draw on the blackboard a square 1 foot long and 1 foot wide. Call it a square foot.
- 3. Draw on the blackboard a square 1 yard long and 1 yard wide. Call it a square yard.



- 4. Separate by points, each side of the square yard into 3 equal parts. Connect these points by straight lines. What is the size of each square? How many square feet are there in a square yard?
 - 5. This picture shows a

square yard, smaller than it really is. How many square feet does it show?

9 square feet=1 square yard; written, 9 sq. ft.=1 sq. yd.



6. This picture shows an oblong 6 inches by 4 inches. Divide it into square inches. How many square inches are there in one row? in 2 rows? in 3 rows?

In 1 row there are 6 sq. in.

In 4 rows there are 4×6 sq. in. = 24 sq. in.

Draw figures and find the surface of these oblongs:

- 1. A blotter 10 in. by 5 in.
- 2. An envelope 6 in. by 3 in.
- 3. A rug 6 ft. by 3 ft.
- 4. A table 5 ft. by 3 ft.
- 5. An oblong 8 yd. by 4 yd.
- 6. A table cover 7 ft. by 3 ft.
- 7. A picture 15 in. by 9 in.

Find the change out of 5 dollars for each purchase:

- s. 9 cakes of soap at 20 cents a cake.
- 9. 8 pounds of cheese at 18 cents a pound.
- 10. $6\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of butter at 30 cents a pound.
- 11. 7 dozen eggs at 22 cents a dozen.
- 12. 9 pounds of tea at 45 cents a pound.
- 13. 8 dozen oranges at 30 cents a dozen.
- 14. 5 dozen bananas at 15 cents a dozen.
- 15. 7 bunches of celery at 20 cents a bunch.
- 16. There are 320 rods in one mile. How many rods are there in 6 miles?
- 17. There are 1760 yards in one mile. How many yards are there in 8 miles?
- 18. There are 5280 feet in one mile. How many feet are there in 7 miles?
- 19. There are 60 pounds in a bushel of wheat. How many pounds are there in 9 bushels?

MARKET REPORT

Apples. Best, \$2.25;
Fair grades, \$1.50 per bbl.

Peaches. Good, \$2.25;
Fancy, \$2.50 per bu.

Pears. Best, \$1.50 per bu.

Grapes. Niagara, $25 \neq per 10$ -lb.

basket.

Concords, $28 \neq per 10$ -lb. basket.

Eggs. 18 per doz.

Butter. Creamery, 28 per lb.;
Dairy, 25 per lb.

Cheese. Full cream, 12 per lb.
American, 15 per lb.

Potatoes. 50 per bu.

Sweet potatoes. Virginia, 80 ;
Jersey, \$1.25 per bu.

From this market report find the cost of the following:

- . 1. 8 bu. of fancy peaches.
 - 2. $4\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of butter, creamery.
 - 3. $5\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of potatoes.
 - 4. 8 10-lb. baskets of Concord grapes.
 - 5. 7 bbl. of apples, best quality.
 - 6. 9 cases of eggs, 30 dozen each.
 - 7. 8 10-lb. baskets of Niagara grapes.
 - 8. $8\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of sweet potatoes, Virginia.
 - 9. 7 bu. of peaches, good.
 - 10. 9 full cream cheese, 15 lb. each.
 - 11. 7 10-lb. baskets of Concord grapes.
- 12. $9\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of pears, best quality.
- 13. 8 bbl. of apples, fair grades.
- 14. 7 lb. of creamery butter and 32 lb. of dairy butter.
- 15. 8 bu. of fancy peaches, and 42 bu., good quality.
- 16. 8 10-lb. baskets of Concord grapes, and 6 10-lb. baskets of Niagara grapes.

- 1. A dealer bought 6 bicycles at \$34.25 each. What was the entire cost?
 - 2. What is the value of 6 lots at \$675 each?
- 3. How many barrels of apples, at \$ 5 a barrel, can be bought for \$2725?
- 4. A farmer bought 8 cows for \$336. What was the average cost?
- 5. A train runs at the rate of 48 miles an hour. How far will it run in 8½ hours?
- 6. \$96.64 was divided equally among 8 men. How much did each receive?
- 7. A man earns \$1475 a year; and his son $\frac{1}{5}$ as much. How much does the son earn? How much do both earn?
- s. A farmer raised 1683 bushels of corn and $\frac{1}{9}$ as many bushels of potatoes. How many bushels of potatoes did he raise?
- 9. There are 420 trees in Mr. Bane's orchard; $\frac{1}{6}$ are plum trees, and $\frac{1}{7}$ peach trees. How many trees are there of each?
- 10. A laborer worked $8\frac{1}{2}$ days at \$1.80 a day. How much did he earn?
- 11. I paid \$52.50 for 7 tons of hard coal. What was the price of 1 ton?
- 12. If a school is in session 6 hours a day, how many hours of school are there in 20 days?

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. - 9

- 1. How many pounds of sugar are there in 7 packages of 25 lb. each?
- 2. There are 248 pages in a book. When 89 pages are read, how many pages remain unread?
- 3. A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds. How much is left after 68 pounds have been sold?
- 4. There are 32 quarts in a bushel. How many quarts equal 7 bushels?
- 5. If there are 9 school months in a year, how many school months are there in 12 years?
- 6. In a purse there are \$3, 3 quarters, 6 dimes, 4 nickels, and 4 cents. How much money is in the purse?
- 7. A horse traveled 36 miles in 6 hours; a bicycle the same distance in 4 hours. Find the speed of each.
- s. There are 181 pupils on the second floor of a school building and 157 on the third floor. How many are there on both floors? How many more are on the second floor than on the third?
- e. A bushel of shelled corn weighs 56 pounds. How many pounds are there in a box holding 8 bushels?
- 10. There are 144 pens in a gross. How many are there in 9 gross?
- 11. There are 24 sheets of paper in a quire. How many are there in 8 quires?
- 12. How much will 18 pounds of figs cost at $9\frac{1}{2}$ cents per pound?

REVIEW

Subtract:

989
 877

2. 686 540 **3.** 9988 8965

4. 9659 6806

5. Add the remainders in examples 1, 2, 3, and 4.

Add the products; show a short way of testing each problem:

6. $4 \times 40 + 5 \times 40$

7. $7 \times 36 + 2 \times 36$

 $8. \quad 6 \times 65 \\ + 2 \times 65$

9. $3 \times 78 + 6 \times 78$

Divide and test:

10. 342 by 3

14. 868 by 8

18. 639 by 9

11. 964 by 8

15. 594 by 6

19. 584 by 7

12. 982 by 713. 878 by 8

16. 805 by 8 17. 959 by 7 20. 810 by 9 21. 899 by 9

Give quotients at sight:

22. 220 ÷ 2

26. 330 ÷ 3

30. $350 \div 5$

23. $840 \div 4$

27. $960 \div 9$

31. $780 \div 3$

24. $720 \div 9$

28. 690 ÷ 3

32. $920 \div 4$

25. $860 \div 4$

29. 980 + 4

33. $880 \div 8$

Give products at sight:

 $34. \quad 4 \times 40$

38. 6×110

42. 7×107

 $35. \quad 6 \times 50$

 $39. \quad 3 \times 202$

43. 8 × 208

36. 8×20

40. 5×105

44. 9 × 102

 $37. \quad 9 \times 50$

41. 4×222

45. 9 × 110

REVIEW OF THIRD YEAR

- 1. There are 8 pints in one gallon. How many pints are there in 36 gallons?
- 2. A train runs 26 miles in 1 hour. How far can it run in 9 hours?
- 3. How much will $8\frac{1}{4}$ yards of cloth cost at 32 cents per yard?
- 4. At the rate of 9 pages an hour, how long will it take to finish a story of 27 pages?
- 5. Nine girls spent \$4.95 at a picnic. What was the average amount spent by each?
- 6. At 6 cents a pound, how many pounds of sugar can be bought for 138 cents?
- 7. There are 168 cabbage plants in 8 rows. How many are there in each row?
- 8. James saves \$7 a week from his wages. How long will it take him to pay for a lot valued at \$238?
- 9. A drover paid \$2040 for sheep at \$6 a head. How many did he buy?
 - 10. Eight lamps cost \$17.28. Find the cost of one.
 - 11. How many bushels equal 396 pecks?
 - 12. How many gallons equal 792 pints?
- 13. How many tons of coal, at \$6 a ton, can be bought for \$786?
- 14. How much milk at 8 cents a quart can be bought for 2.56? (2.56 = 256).

- 15. I paid \$12.54 for berries at 6 cents a box. How many boxes did I buy?
- 16. A man divided \$875 among his 7 children. How much did each child receive?
 - 17. How many weeks are equal to 287 days?
- 18. If 9 hours' work is counted as a day's work, for how many days should a man be paid who has worked 342 hours?
- 19. 6 melons cost 78 cents. How much is that apiece?
 - 20. How many yards equal 54 feet?
- 21. At 48 cents a gallon, what is the cost of a pint of molasses?
- 22. If 6 barrels of apples cost \$13.50, what is the cost of 1 barrel?

Find the cost of:

23. 8 hats @ \$3. 29. 7 pr. shoes @ $$4\frac{1}{2}$.

24. 7 beds @ \$9. 30. 12 melons @ 8¢.

25. 7 qt. milk @ $8\not$. **31.** 6 bbl. flour @ $\$4\frac{1}{2}$.

26. 8 books @ \$2. **32.** $7\frac{1}{2}$ lb. sugar @ $8 \not e$.

27. 4 gal. oil @ 25 \(\epsilon \). 33. 8 yd. of cloth @ 50 \(\epsilon \).

28. 6 chairs @ $\$3\frac{1}{2}$. **34.** 8 spools thread @ $10 \not\in$.

- 35. Eight men paid \$2.50 each to the Fresh Air Fund. How much was given by all?
- 36. Mr. Brown paid \$400 for 8 acres of land. How much were 24 acres worth?

- 37. Seven o'clock A.M. is how many hours after midnight?
- 38. 144 square inches make one square foot. How many square inches equal 8 square feet?
- 39. At \$7.50 each, how much will 7 suits of clothing cost?
- 40. How much will $8\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of pork cost at $12 \neq a$ pound?
 - 41. At \$4.75 each, how much will 8 hats cost?
- 42. Mrs. White paid \$2.25 a yard for velvet. How much would she pay for 7 yards at the same rate?
- 43. Joseph Black employs 8 clerks at a salary of \$15.50 a week each. How much must he pay his clerks at the end of the week?
- 44. At 3 palings to the foot, how many palings are required for a fence 12 yards and 2 feet in length?
- 45. How much will an $8\frac{1}{2}$ pound roast of veal cost at $16 \neq a$ pound?
- 46. 8 gallons of ice cream were sold at 15% a pint. How much was received for it?
- 47. At 25¢ a peck, for how much will 2 bu. of tomatoes retail?
- 48. A man sold a horse for \$230 and lost \$56. How much did the horse cost him?
- 49. Mr. Frank rented a house at \$360 a year. How much rent will he pay in $7\frac{1}{2}$ years?

- 50. A man hires a horse for 35¢ an hour. How much must he pay if he uses the horse from 10 a.m. until 5 p.m.?
- 51. A man bought a lot for \$1275. He built a store-room on it for \$2450. He sold the property for \$5000. Find his gain.
- 52. What is the weight of 6 sacks of wheat, each weighing 168 pounds?
- 53. How much will $8\frac{1}{2}$ tons of coal cost at \$4.50 a ton?
- 54. 9 tons of coal for a school cost \$38.25. How much was that a ton?
- 55. A school has 2 floors, with 4 rooms on each floor. How many pupils are there in the school, if there are 36 pupils in each room?
- 56. A teacher in this school earns \$65 per month, and spends \$35. How much does he save in 9 months?
- 57. Find the cost of $8\frac{1}{2}$ yards of dress goods at 48 cents per yard.
- **58.** A pair of shoes costs $\$2\frac{1}{2}$. How much will 7 pairs cost?
- 59. If I pay 96 cents for 3 yards of ribbon, how much should I pay for 1 yard? for $1\frac{1}{2}$ yards?
- 60. The distance from New York to Pittsburg is 444 miles. What is the fare for a round trip, at 2 \(\nabla \) per mile?

- 61. The fare at 2 per mile, from Pittsburg to Harrisburg is \$4.96. Find the distance.
- 62. Trains leave Pittsburg for Wheeling, 7 A.M. and 8:30 A.M., returning 3:45 P.M. and 5:30 P.M. Find the difference in time of leaving; in time of returning.
- 63. How much will $7\frac{1}{4}$ yd. of cloth cost at \$ 2.12 a yard?
- 64. A spool of thread contains 200 yards. How many feet of thread are there on $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen spools?
- **65.** Tell the meaning of each figure in these numbers: 4069; 27304; 50100; 73614; 80001.
- 66. Express in words: 84244; 93712; 65111; 52316; CCXV; CCCXL; LXXXIX.
- 67. If you sold a person goods to the amount of 94 cents, and received \$2 in payment, what coins might you give in change?
- 68. Nine persons were served with meals at \$1.75 each, 5 persons were served at \$1.25 each, and 3 persons at 90 \(\nabla \) each. Find the total amount of money received.
- 69. A train reached the city at 11:45 A.M. and left at 2:10 P.M. How long did it remain in the city?
- 70. A man earns \$125 a month and spends \$96 a month. How much can be save in $\frac{1}{2}$ a year?
- 71. By selling a house for \$4785, Mr. Thompson lost \$895. How much did the house cost him?

PART LII—FOURTH YEAR

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

For convenience in reading large numbers the figures are generally separated by commas into groups of three figures each, called periods.

The first period, counting from the right, is units: the second, thousands: the third, millions.

The following table shows the arrangement of these periods, and the three orders of figures in each period:

Millions' Person	THOUSANDS' PERRID	Units' Peravo
Hundred D'Ten. O Ten. Millions	Hundrad- thousands Ten- thousands	ce Hundreds -1 Tens 3. Ones

The number in the table is read, "204 million, 641 thousand, 376."

Copy, point off, and read:

	10,1	,		
	a	b .	C	đ
1.	2000	20135	81125	125125
2.	20000	20648	48760	625840
3.	21000	56506	40084	1760894
4.	36000	94600	61006	8300404

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

Express in figures:

- 1. Forty-two thousand.
- 2. Sixty-six thousand, four.
- 3. Seventy-five thousand, fifty.
- 4. Thirty-nine thousand, one hundred twenty-two.
- 5. Two hundred ten thousand, three hundred fifty.
- 6. Five hundred sixty-five thousand, one hundred.
- 7. 1 million, 104 thousand, 185.
- **s.** 21 million, 110 thousand, 109.
- 9. 604 million, 622 thousand, 468.
- 10. 101 million, 10 thousand, 10.

ROMAN NOTATION

C = 100; D = 500; CD = 400; M = 1000; CM = 900. Write in Roman numerals:

Ī	$\overline{\overline{\mathbf{V}}} = 4000$		$\overline{V} = 5000$	$\overline{IX} =$	9000.
2.	449	699	78 9	1200	1734
1.	401	600	700	905	1600

A bar placed over a letter multiplies its value by 1000.

Read:

3.	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	$\overline{ extsf{VI}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	\mathbf{CCIX}	MCM
4.	$\overline{\mathbf{D}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{L}}\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{X}$	MCXX	$\overline{\mathbf{M}}$

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION

- 1. Count by 4's from 2 to 100; from 3 to 99.
- 2. Count by 6's from 3 to 99; from 5 to 101.
- 3. Count by 8's from 3 to 99; from 4 to 100.

Add the following by columns and in lines, allowing five minutes for each:

5.

$$\$35.18 + \$85.24 + \$21.89 + \$86.42 =$$

 92.76 + 8.93 + 39.65 + 93.84 =

 9.84 + 16.82 + 84.21 + 2.69 =

 26.37 + 73.25 + 16.93 + 39.87 =

 81.74 + 4.68 + 12.85 + 71.44 =

 \$ + \$ + \$ = \$

Subtract, allowing one half minute for each:

	α	\boldsymbol{b}	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
6.	\$275.43	\$ 536.75	\$ 408.37	\$674.26
	167.35	308.28		210.75
7.	\$682.72	\$826.45	\$ 527.05	\$763.72
	79.80	60.76	89.98	140.80

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

1. A man paid \$2.50 for a hat and \$15.50 for a suit. How much did he pay for both?

\$2.50, cost of hat. 15.50, cost of suit. \$18.00, cost of both.

- 2. A merchant sold 425 bu. of potatoes, 232 bu. of apples, and 189 bu. of onions. Find the total number of bushels sold.
- 3. A lady paid \$25 for a carpet, \$71 for a rug, and \$7 for curtains. What was the amount of her bill?
- 4. How many days are there in the last six months of the year?
- 5. A man left his estate to his wife, son, and daughter. His wife received \$9845, his son \$3650, and his daughter \$3500. What was the value of the whole estate?
- 6. I sold my house for \$5675, thereby losing \$897. How much did the house cost?
- 7. A lawn is 30 ft. long and 24 ft. wide. How many feet is it around the lawn?
- 8. New York is 327 miles east of Altoona by railroad and Pittsburg is 117 miles west. How far is it from New York to Pittsburg?
- 9. The pupils of a school deposited money in a savings bank as follows: January, \$16.45; February, \$14.60; March, \$18.35; and April, \$17.51. Find the total deposits.

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

1. A ranchman bought 468 cows and sold 239 of them. How many had he left?

468, number of cows bought.

239, number of cows sold.

229, number of cows remaining.

- 2. Mr. Jones was born in 1851. How many years old is he if now living?
- 3. A man's property sells for \$47892. He owes \$36987. How much has he left after paying all his debts?
- 4. In a certain election A received 38714 votes and B 29867 votes. How much did A's vote exceed B's?
- 5. I sold a farm for \$5628, which was at a gain of \$1394. What was the cost of the farm?
- 6. A merchant bought 26520 bu. of grain and sold 18296 bu. How many bushels had he left?
- 7. The population of a town is 8596. Ten years ago it was 2397. What was the increase in ten years?
- 8. A man's salary is \$2525 a year. His expenses are \$1786. How much can he save in a year?
- 9. A barrel of flour weighs 200 lb. The barrel itself weighs 4 lb. How many pounds of flour are there in a barrel?
- 10. At an election the whole number of ballots cast was 11342. Of this number A received 8673. How many votes were cast for his opponent?

MULTIPLYING BY 10

- 1. Count by 10's to 100. Build the table of 10's.
- 2. How many are 9×10 ? 90 + ? = 100. How many 10's are there in 100?
- 3. Place a naught to the right of 4. What number have you? 40 is how many times four? Place a naught to the right of 6; 3; 7; 9; 11; 12. See whether each product has become ten times the minuend.

Annexing a naught to the right of a number multiplies it by 10.

4. Annex 0 to each number. Notice the effect:

4	20	36	75	42	87	275
93	87	$\boldsymbol{692}$	387	509	938	765

Table of 10's

5. Memorize the table.

$1 \times 10 = 10$	$7 \times 10 = 70$	6. Com
$2 \times 10 = 20$	$8 \times 10 = 80$	
$3 \times 10 = 30$	$9 \times 10 = 90$	8 ×
$4 \times 10 = 40$	$10 \times 10 = 100$	11 ×
	$11 \times 10 = 110$	4.0
	$12 \times 10 = 120$	
L		ļ

Compare:
$$10 \times 5$$
 with 5×10
 8×10 with 10×8
 11×10 with 10×11
40 and 80 100 and 10
20 and 12 110 and 11

Find the cost of:

- 7. 10 newspapers @ 5/6. 11. $9\frac{1}{2}$ lb. lard @ 10/6.
- **8.** 8 ladies' hats @ \$5. **12.** $12\frac{1}{2}$ doz. buttons @ 10^{6} .
- 9. 10 oranges @ 2 for 5 \(\ell \). 13. 10 qt. milk @ 8\(\ell \).
- 10. $10\frac{1}{2}$ yd. muslin @ $12 \neq$. 14. $10\frac{1}{4}$ bu. tomatoes @ $80 \neq$.

MULTIPLYING BY 11

- 1. Count by 11's to 33; to 66; to 99. Build the table of 11's.
 - 2. $9 \times 11 = ?$ 99 + 11 = ? How many 11's = 110 ?
- 3. $10 \times 11 = ?$ 10 times 11, plus 11 = ? How many are 11×11 ?
- 4. To find 12×11 how many must be added to 11×11 ? $12 \times 11 = ?$
 - 5. Give at sight:

40 44 40 44	
10×11 12×11	

 3×11 4×11

 6×11 11×9

5		१
12/	9 X 10 X	\ 8
- (10 X)
3\	11 X	<i>J</i> 6
4	<u>_</u>	10

Table of 11's

$1 \times 11 = 11$	$7 \times 11 = 77$
$2 \times 11 = 22$	$8 \times 11 = 88$
$3 \times 11 = 33$	$9 \times 11 = 99$
$4 \times 11 = 44$	$10 \times 11 = 110$
$5 \times 11 = 55$	$11 \times 11 = 121$
$6 \times 11 = 66$	$12\times11=132$

- 6. Memorize the table.
- 7. Compare:

 5×11

 8×11

 11×7

 11×7 with 7×11

 9×11 with 11×9

 11×4 with 4×11

 12×11 with 11×12

 6×11 with 11×6

s. Find the products:

8. Find the products.

 11×60 11×80 11×40 11×100 11×30

 11×90 11×50 11×20 11×80 11×25

 11×13 11×30 11×70 11×15 11×18

Find:

9. $\frac{1}{11}$ of 132; of 88; of 121; of 110.

MULTIPLYING BY 12

1. Count by 12's to 36; to 72; to 144. How many are 12 times 12? Build the table of 12's.

Table	-Af	- ~ '~	
Table	OT	128	Ł

2. Memor	ize the	table
----------	---------	-------

$1 \times 12 = 12$	$7 \times 12 = 84$	3.	Mul
$2 \times 12 = 24$	$8 \times 12 = 96$		
$3 \times 12 = 36$	$9 \times 12 = 108$		
$4 \times 12 = 48$	$10 \times 12 = 120$		
$5 \times 12 = 60$	$11 \times 12 = 132$		
$6 \times 12 = 72$	$12 \times 12 = 144$		1

3.	Multiply	by 12;	by 11:
	465	236	789
	546	783	928
	784	937	693
	785	514	938
	978	694	296

1	dozen = 12	1	gross	=	144

4. What numbers make the following products?

25	27	28	30	32	3 5	36	40 ·	42	45	48
49	56	60	63	64	66	72	80	84	88	96

MULTIPLICATION BY A MIXED NUMBER

1. Multiply 34 by $4\frac{1}{2}$. $4\frac{1}{2}$ times 34 means that $\frac{1}{2}$ of 34 34 is to be added to 4×34 .

$\frac{4\frac{1}{2}}{2}$			
$17 = \frac{1}{2}$ of 34	Find the produc	ts:	
$\underline{136} = \underline{4} \text{ times } 34$	2. $8\frac{1}{2} \times 48$	4.	$8\tfrac{1}{4}\times120$

$$\overline{153} = \overline{4\frac{1}{2}} \text{ times } 34$$
 3. $9\frac{1}{3} \times 72$ 5. $6\frac{1}{3} \times 180$

6.
$$7\frac{1}{4} \times 84$$
 7. $5\frac{1}{2} \times 242$ 8. $12\frac{1}{2} \times 224$

DIVIDING BY 10

- 1. Begin with 0 and count by 10's to 100. Beginning with 1 count by 10's to 101.
- 2. 50 is how many times 5? How does 60 compare with 6? Remove zero from 80. What is the result? 8 is what part of 80?
- 3. Remove naught from 30; from 90; from 70. How does the result in each case compare with the number?
- **4.** 3 is what part of 30? 4 is what part of 40? $\frac{1}{10}$ of 40 = ?

Removing a naught from the right of any number divides it by 10.

5. Divide by 10: Complete in two minutes.

40	3 0	90	80	60	100	120
320	560	980	750	360	470	920
1450	1680	2450	1930	2210	9990	740 0
6320	4040	3100	2010	8500	7280	6900

- 6. How many 10-cent balls can be bought for \$1.00? for \$2.00? for \$5.00?
- 7. At 10 cents a quart, how many quarts of milk can be bought with \$2.80?
- 8. How long will it take a motor car going 10 miles an hour to travel 140 miles?
- 9. If I pay 50¢ for a telegram of 10 words, how much do I pay for each word?

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -- 10

DIVIDING BY 11 AND 12

- 1. Subtract by 11's from 132 to 0.
- 2. State quotients at sight:

$$33+11$$
 $66+11$ $88+11$ $132+11$ $44+11$ $77+11$ $99+11$ $121+11$

3. Find $\frac{1}{11}$ of: 88; 99; 22; 78; 33; 48; 44; 55; 69; 11; 66; 81; 77; 92; 88; 99; 110; 121; 83.

Divide by 11: Test answers.

6. 2036 **9.** 3007 **12.** 8057 **15.** 90074

16. Subtract by 12's from 144 to 0.

17. State quotients at sight:

$$36 \div 12$$
 $60 \div 12$ $84 \div 12$ $132 \div 12$ $24 \div 12$ $96 \div 12$ $108 \div 12$ $144 \div 12$

18. Find $\frac{1}{12}$ of: 96; 84; 72; 36; 108; 24; 120; 132; 60; 48; 144.

Divide by 12: Test answers.

19.	3678	24.	7817	29.	42192	3 4 .	91875
20.	4135	25.	2936	30.	69378	35.	24726
21.	6973	26.	9238	31.	73945	36.	68359
22.	7128	27.	4697	32.	82659	37.	81763
23.	4693	28.	9384	33.	37296	38.	92364

REVIEW

Find the cost of:

- 1. 9 rings @ \$3
- 2. 12 cows @ \$35
- a. 10 hats @ \$3.65
- 4. 10 rugs @ \$1.50
- 5. 3 wagons @ \$85
- 6. 9 plates @ \$1.75
- 7. 10 knives @ \$.75

- a 10 vases @ \$239
- 9. 10 horses @ \$95
- 10. 11 books @ \$2.25
- 11 sheep @ \$4.75
- 12. 10 chairs @ \$5.25
- 13. 6 chickens @ 75#
- 14. 12 pictures @ \$4.50

Find the cost of 1, when:

- 15. 12 lamps cost \$51
- 16. 4 cases cost \$32.48
- 17. 10 sleds cost \$19.50
- 18. 10 sheep cost \$45.00
- 19. .11 desks cost \$35.75
- 20. 8 trunks cost \$57.60
- 21. 10 clocks cost \$48.50
- 22. 5 hats cost \$15
- 23. 12 hats cost \$27
- 24. 8 lb. rice cost 96 \$
- 25. 3 clocks cost \$9.75
- 26. 9 books cost \$11.25
- 27. 5 chairs cost \$15.45
- 28. 9 lb. nuts cost \$2.25
- 29. 8 bu. coal cost \$1.20

- **30.** 10 satchels cost \$35.50
- 31. 1 doz. yd. lace cost 4#
- 32. 11 lb. steak cost \$1.98
- 33. 6 gal. vinegar cost 72#
- 34. 12 bu. potatoes cost \$9
- 35. 12 pk. tomatoes cost \$3
- **36.** 10 toy engines cost \$35
- 37. 5 lb. steak cost \$1.10
- 38. 8 qt. cream cost \$1.60
- 39. 4 bu. cherries cost \$15
- 40. 10 yd. silk cost \$17.50
- 41. 10 pt. cream cost \$1.10
- 42. 11 lb. butter cost \$2.25
- 43. 3 pairs shoes cost \$9.75
- 44. 12 collars cost \$2.40

REVIEW

- 1. A train runs 378 miles in 7 hours. How many miles is that in 1 hour?
- 2. A ticket agent has \$5.85 in his drawer. After selling 2 tickets at 90% each, 8 tickets at 70% each, and 1 mileage book for \$20, how much money should his drawer contain?
- 3. While the hour hand is going 8 times around the dial how often does the minute hand go around?
- 4. The treasury of a school district contains \$2642. After paying the salaries of six teachers for 8 months at \$45 per month, how much remains?
- 5. A farmer sold 4 jars of butter containing respectively, 24 pounds, 27 pounds, 26 pounds, and 33 pounds. How many pounds did he sell?
- 6. A newsboy earns 30 cents a day. How much will he earn in 4 weeks of 6 days each?
- 7. What is left from a \$10 bill after paying for $10\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of tea at 60 cents a pound?
- s. The expenses for a family for a year are as follows: food, \$485; fuel and light, \$86; car fare, \$35; clothing, \$285; church, \$68; books and papers, \$25; servant, \$165; other expenses, \$278. Find the entire expenses.
- 9. In a school of 897 pupils, there are 487 girls. How many boys are there?

DRILL WORK

DRILL WORK	
, ,	c
\$ 5870.00	\$ 475.00
29.60	6000.00
$\boldsymbol{587.25}$	459.06
45.03	250.00
6540.20	4278.64
8750.00	5782.98
2346.59	8796.32
4567.83	$\frac{4123.56}{}$
\$ 6550.00	\$ 2 987.35
278.93	500.83
8.10	6789.05
200.02	200.06
7007.05	678.46
520.84	4586.23
4265.63	2080.95
6005.80	2345.10
\$ 1286.40	\$7 665.00
$\boldsymbol{587.52}$	2050.50
3873.20	2002.02
78.00	879.30
759.06	698.09
9300.00	5000.10
759.84	898.45
5234.18	4987.56
	\$5870.00 29.60 587.25 45.03 6540.20 8750.00 2346.59 4567.83 \$6550.00 278.93 8.10 200.02 7007.05 520.84 4265.63 6005.80 \$1286.40 587.52 3873.20 78.00 759.06 9300.00 759.84

DRILL WORK

Subtract and test 5 problems in 1 minute.

	a	, b	s in 1 minute.	d
1.	\$860.45	\$874.61	\$724.82	\$870.62
	178.62	126.42	109.87	188.94
2.	\$ 684.26	\$ 962.41	\$921 .08	\$700.64
	397.84	802.96	120.09	188.96
3.	\$7 84.12	\$ 908.0 7	\$ 916.25	\$864.30
	479.63	194.72	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	497.86
4.	\$876.42	\$ 900.40	\$ 921.11	\$422.33
	91.76	87.80	888.66	188.88
5.	\$ 600.03	\$744.44	\$800.55	\$1 11.21
	187.69	299.99	288.85	108.89
6.	\$700.77	\$644.41	\$ 854.32	\$7 65.43
	188.99	387.64	$\underline{123.45}$	112.34
7 .	\$842.16	\$964.21	\$841.22	\$742.24
	199.97	188.74	108.62	604.28
8.	\$ 914.79	\$ 305.00	\$ 965.06	\$821.00
J.	549.86	128.95	578.98	367.89

SIGHT DRILLS

Give products at sight:

	_		•					
	a	ь	c	ď	•	ſ	g	À
1.	12	8	8	9	6	10	8	11
	5	4	12	7	5	9	7	4
	_	_	_	_	_		_	
2.	11	6	5	7	5	4	8	8
	7	7	10	4	11	12	6	5
	_	_					_	_
3.	11	12	6	4	9	6	12	9
	8	4	10	9	3	11	10	5
	_			_	_			
4.	13	13	14	15	15	12	10	12
	2	3	2	3	4	6	8	9
								_
5.	12	7	12	5	5	15	13	15
	11	6	7	7	8	6	4	5
		_	<u> </u>			_		_
6.	20	25	12	12	9	20	50	60
	5	4	100	12	8	10	10	20
	<u> </u>				<u> </u>			=
7.	5	7	. 8	10	11	9	6	12
••	5	7	8	10	11	9	· 6	12
	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	10	11	_	_	

^{8.} $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12; of 24; 36; 60; 72; 100.

^{• 9.} 10×35 ; 10×52 ; 20×30 ; 20×40 . 10. Give two factors that form: 18; 27; 42; 49; 72; 96.

SIGHT DRILLS

	a	b	c	d
1.	$24 \div 3$	96 + 12	44 ↔ 11	$35 \div 7$
2.	88 + 11	$60 \div 5$	$32 \div 8$	$33 \div 11$
3.	22 + 11	90 + 10	$72 \div 6$	$25 \div 5$
4.	$49 \div 7$	$81 \div 9$	$18 \div 2$	$66 \div 11$
5.	$24 \div 6$	$16 \div 2$	$24 \div 4$	$63 \div 7$
6.	$66 \div 6$	$27 \div 9$	$50 \div 10$	$48 \div 12$
7.	$70 \div 10$	$36 \div 4$	$20 \div 4$	$60 \div 12$
8.	$56 \div 7$	96 + 8	$20 \div 2$	$20 \div 10$
9.	72 + 9	$40 \div 5$	$56 \div 8$	$28 \div 7$
10.	$77 \div 7$	$36 \div 6$	$42 \div 7$	$30 \div 10$
11.	$24 \div 8$.	27 + 3	$24 \div 2$	18÷ 9
12.	21 - 3	$50 \div 5$	40 + 8	$99 \div 9$
13.	$54 \div 6$	$30 \div 6$	108 ÷ 9	$45 \div 9$
14.	$48 \div 6$	$35 \div 5$	$70 \div 7$	$80 \div 10$
15.	$36 \div 9$	$77 \div 11$	63 ÷ 9	$84 \div 12$
16.	$54 \div 9$	$12 \div 3$	$33 \div 3$	$32 \div 4$
17.	$64 \div 8$	$55 \div 5$	72 ÷ 8	$24 \div 12$
18.	$60 \div 6$	$84 \div 7$	$22 \div 11$	$99 \div 11$
19.	$90 \div 9$	14 .÷ 2	80 ÷ 8	$72 \div 12$
20.	$144 \div 12$	$121 \div 11$	$110 \div 10$	$132 \div 11$
21.	$110 \div 11$	$132 \div 12$	$120 \div 12$	$120 \div 10$

MULTIPLICATION TABLE

Review and memorize:

T			
$1 \times 1 = 1$	$1 \times 2 = 2$	$1 \times 3 = 3$	$1 \setminus 4 = 4$
2 x 1 = 2	$2 \times 2 = 4$	3 / 3 = 6	2/4=8
$3 \times 1 = 3$	$3 \setminus 2 = 6$	$3 \times 3 = 9$	$2 \times 4 = 15$
$4 \times 1 = 4$	4 x 2= 8	$4 \times 3 = 12$	$4 \times 4 = 16$
$5 \times 1 = 5$	5 × 2=10	$5 \times 3 = 15$	2 / 1=70
$6 \times 1 = 6$	6 x 2=12	$6 \times 3 = 13$	
Tx1= T	7x 2=14	$7 \times 3 = 21$	
$8 \times 1 = 8$	8x 2=16	$8 \times 3 = 24$	8 / 4=12
$9 \times 1 = 9$	$9 \times 2 = 18$	3 × 2 = 2,	3 / 1 = 20
$10 \times 1 = 10$	$10 \times 2 = 20$	$10 \times 3 = 30$	$10 \times 4 = 40$
$11 \times 1 = 11$	11 x 2=22	$\mathbf{u} \times \mathbf{o} = \mathbf{o}$	11 / 4=44
$12 \times 1 = 12$	$12 \times 2 = 24$	$12 \times 3 = 36$	$12 \times 4 = 48$
$1 \times 5 = 5$	1 × 6 = 6	1 × 7 = 7	1 \ S = 8
$2 \times 5 = 10$	$2 \times 6 = 12$	$2 \times 7 = 14$	$2 \times 8 = 16$
$3 \times 5 = 15$	$3 \times 6 = 18$	$3 \times 7 = 21$	$3 \times 8 = 24$
$4 \times 5 = 20$	$4 \times 6 = 24$	4× 7=28	4 × 8 = 32
$5 \times 5 = 25$	$5 \times 6 = 30$	$5 \times 7 = 35$	$5 \times 8 = 40$
$6 \times 5 = 30$	$6 \times 6 = 36$	$6 \times 7 = 42$	$6 \times 8 = 48$
$7 \times 5 = 35$	$7 \times 6 = 42$	$7 \times 7 = 49$	$7 \times 8 = 56$
$8 \times 5 = 40$	$8 \times 6 = 48$	$8 \times 7 = 56$	$8 \times 8 = 64$
$9 \times 5 = 45$	$9 \times 6 = 54$	$9 \times 7 = 63$	$9 \times 8 = 72$
$10 \times 5 = 50$	$10 \times 6 = 60$	$10 \times 7 = 70$	$10 \times 8 = 80$
$11 \times 5 = 55$	$11 \times 6 = 66$	$11 \times 7 = 77$	$11 \times 8 = 88$
$12 \times 5 = 60$	$12 \times 6 = 72$	$12 \times 7 = 84$	$12 \times 8 = 96$
$1 \times 9 = 9$	$1 \times 10 = 10$	1 × 11 = 11	$1 \times 12 = 12$
$2 \times 9 = 18$	$2 \times 10 = 20$	$2 \times 11 = 22$	$2 \times 12 = 24$
$3 \times 9 = 27$	$3 \times 10 = 30$	$3 \times 11 = 33$	$3 \times 12 = 36$
$4 \times 9 = 36$	$4 \times 10 = 40$	$4\times11=44$	$4 \times 12 = 48$
$5 \times 9 = 45$	$5 \times 10 = 50$	$5 \times 11 = 55$	$5 \times 12 = 60$
$6 \times 9 = 54$	$6 \times 10 = 60$	$6 \times 11 = 66$	$6 \times 12 = 72$
$7 \times 9 = 63$	$7 \times 10 = 70$	$7 \times 11 = 77$	$7 \times 12 = 84$
$8 \times 9 = 72$	$8 \times 10 = 80$	$8 \times 11 = 88$	$8 \times 12 = 96$
$9 \times 9 = 81$	$9 \times 10 = 90$	$9 \times 11 = 99$	$9 \times 12 = 108$
$10 \times 9 = 90$	$10 \times 10 = 100$	$10 \times 11 = 110$	$10 \times 12 = 120$
$11 \times 9 = 99$	$11 \times 10 = 110$	$11 \times 11 = 121$	$11 \times 12 = 132$
$12 \times 9 = 108$	$12 \times 10 = 120$	$12 \times 11 = 132$	$12 \times 12 = 144$
	<u>' </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

MULTIPLIERS ENDING IN NAUGHT

1. Annex a naught to the right of 3; then multiply 3 by 10. Is there any difference in the result?

Annexing a naught to the right of a number multiplies it by 10.

- 2. Multiply by 10: 40; 20; 60; 800; 300; 700; 900.
- a. Multiply 3 by 100; 8 by 100; 9 by 100; 20 by 100. How many times greater has each of the numbers become? How many naughts were added to each?

Annexing two naughts to the right of a number multiplies it by 100.

4. Find:

100×4	100×15	100×50	100×75
100×7	100×95	100×85	100×12
100×5	100×37	100×91	100×36

5. What is the difference between 1000×3 and 3×1000 ? between 1000×6 and 6×1000 ? How many naughts were annexed to 3? to 6? How many times greater has each become?

Annexing three naughts to the right of a number multiplies it by 1000.

- 6. From what you have learned make a rule for multiplying any number by 10; 100; 1000; 10000.
 - 7. Multiply:

8 by 1000; 7 by 1000; 9 by 1000; 4 by 1000; 13 by 1000; 12 by 10000; 14 by 1000; 19 by 1000; 25 by 100; 36 by 10; 95 by 100; 72 by 10; 72 by 10000.

- 1. How many cents are there in 100 dimes?
- 2. How many cents are there in \$6?

Find the weight of:

- 3. 1000 two-pound packages of rolled oats.
- 4. 1000 five-pound boxes of starch.
 - 5. 25 one hundred-pound kegs of nails.
 - 6. 100 lambs at an average of 45 lb. each.
- 7. Find the cost of 1000 one-cent postal cards and 100 two-cent stamps.
 - **a.** Multiply 63 by 2000.

Write the 2 of the multiplier under the figure in ones' place of the multiplicand. 2×63 is $\frac{2000}{126000}$ 126. Annex three naughts to the right of 126, making 126000. $1000 \times 63 = 63000$; $2000 \times 63 = 126000$.

Multiply, and read the product:

$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 200 \end{array}$										715 700
347 by	20	18.	2 93	by	50	0	23.	481	b y	2000
409 by	30	19.	786	by	70	0	24.	894	by	400 0
715 by	6 0	20.	184	by	4 0	0	25.	906	by	7000
329 by	80	21.	796	by	6 0	0	26.	72 8	by	9000
475 by	90	22.	832	by	20	0	27.	365	by	12 00
	200 347 by 409 by 715 by 329 by		200 3 347 by 20 18. 409 by 30 19. 715 by 60 20. 329 by 80 21.	200 3000 347 by 20 18. 293 409 by 30 19. 786 715 by 60 20. 184 329 by 80 21. 796	200 3000 347 by 20 18. 293 by 409 by 30 19. 786 by 715 by 60 20. 184 by 329 by 80 21. 796 by	200 3000 347 by 20 18. 293 by 50 409 by 30 19. 786 by 70 715 by 60 20. 184 by 40 329 by 80 21. 796 by 60	200 3000 40 347 by 20 18. 293 by 500 409 by 30 19. 786 by 700 715 by 60 20. 184 by 400 329 by 80 21. 796 by 600	200 3000 4000 347 by 20 18. 293 by 500 23. 409 by 30 19. 786 by 700 24. 715 by 60 20. 184 by 400 25. 329 by 80 21. 796 by 600 26.	200 3000 4000 347 by 20 18. 293 by 500 23. 481 409 by 30 19. 786 by 700 24. 894 715 by 60 20. 184 by 400 25. 906 329 by 80 21. 796 by 600 26. 728	200 3000 4000 347 by 20 18. 293 by 500 23. 481 by 409 by 30 19. 786 by 700 24. 894 by 715 by 60 20. 184 by 400 25. 906 by 329 by 80 21. 796 by 600 26. 728 by

DIVISORS ENDING IN NAUGHT

- 1. Divide 60 by 10. Remove 0 from 60. 60 is how many times 6?
- 2. Compare 40 and 4; 30 and 3; 2×10 and 20 + 10. What effect has the removing of naught from the right of a number upon the value of the number?
 - 3. Divide by 10: 20; 900; 350; 470; 530; 260; 740.
- 4. How many are 100×6 ? 100×9 ? 600 + 100 =? 900 + 100 =? How many naughts are removed from the right of 900 when it is divided by 100? from the right of 600? What effect has the removing of two naughts from the right of a number upon the value of the number?
- s. Find 1000×9 ; 1000×3 ; 9000 + 1000; $3000 \div 1000$. How many naughts are removed from the right of 9000 when it is divided by 1000? from the right of 3000? What effect has the removing of three naughts from the right of a number upon the number?

Removing one naught from the right of a number divides the number by 10; removing two naughts, divides it by 100; removing three naughts, divides it by 1000, etc.

Find quotients:

	_			
6.	$30 \div 10$	10. $300 \div 100$	14.	$4000 \div 100$
7.	$90 \div 10$	11. $600 \div 100$	15.	5000 + 1000
8.	$70 \div 10$	12. $700 \div 100$	16.	$9000 \div 1000$
9.	$200 \div 10$	13. $900 \div 100$	17.	$7000 \div 1000$

1. Divide 1460 by 20.

2001460 Cutting off naught, or the same number of naughts, from both dividend and divisor does not change the quotient.

Find the quotients:

- **2.** 80 + 20 **6.** 900 + 100 **10.** $12000 \div 1000$
- 3. 60 + 30 7. 1000 + 100 11. 12000 + 2000
- **4.** $90 \div 10$ **8.** $6000 \div 200$ **12.** $18000 \div 3000$
- **5.** 40 + 20 **9.** 8400 + 400 **13.** $16000 \div 4000$
- 14. How many 10-gallon cans will a dealer use in shipping 200 gallons of milk?
- 15. How many 20-lb. packages can be made from 1000 lb. of coffee?
- 16. 2000 pounds of crackers were shipped in 400 boxes. How many pounds did each box contain?
- 17. How many \$20 coats must be sold to realize \$2400?
- 18. A man bought a house for \$3500. How many months will it take to pay for it at \$100 a month?

Give quotients at sight:

19.	$160 \div 40$	24.	200+	5 0	29.	750+	15
20.	360 + 30	25.	480 ÷	80	30.	300 ÷	60
21.	900 + 90	26.	480 ÷	60	31.	250+	25
22.	750 + 30	27.	220 ÷	110	32.	600+	5 0
23.	850 + 50	28.	240 ÷ 3	12 0	33.	700 +	140

MULTIPLICATION BY TWO-FIGURE NUMBERS

1. Multiply 64 by 23.

Multiplicand	64	64
Multiplier	23	23
1st partial product	$\overline{192} = 3 \times 64$	$\overline{192}$
2d partial product	$1280 = 20 \times 64$	128
Entire product	$\overline{1472} = \overline{23} \times 64$	$\overline{1472}$

In practice the 0 in the second partial product is omitted, and 1280 is written as 128 tens by placing the right-hand figure of that product in tens' place.

2.		3.	4.		5.
327		203	600)4	3060
35		42	. 7	' 3	89
$\overline{1635}$	-	$\overline{406}$	1801	$\overline{2}$	$\overline{27540}$
981		812	42028	3	24480
11445	•	$\overline{8526}$	43829	$\overline{02}$	$\overline{272340}$
Mu	ıltiply :	:			
	ā	ь	c	\boldsymbol{d}	e
6.	63	645	863	765	806
	24	_32	24	<u>35</u>	43
7.	98	346	609	963	863
	<u>23</u>	_54	<u>15</u>	41	_51
8.	604	861	867	763	867
	43	32	<u>45</u>	_54	36
	45		-40		

Multiply:

1.	426 by 23	11.	634 by 37	21.	9006 by 48
2.	372 by 41	12.	298 by 73	22.	2694 by 75

31. Announce products at sight:

$$50 \times 90$$
 90×70 20×80 70×60 70×40 80×70 60×50 40×30 30×30 90×90

 $3 \times 3 = 9$; 9 is the square of 3. $6 \times 6 = 36$; 36 is the square of 6.

To find the square of a number, we multiply it by itself.

32. Find the squares and memorize:

2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25.

Multiply:

33.	463 by 73	37.	9869 by 84	41.	8693 by 28
34.	938 by 84	38.	3278 by 93	42.	9281 by 39
35.	697 by 95	39.	9009 by 49	4 3.	7375 by 47
36.	893 by 96	40.	6075 by 74	44.	4069 by 56

MULTIPLICATION OF CONCRETE NUMBERS

- 1. Write an abstract number. Write three concrete numbers.
- 2. The product has the same name as the multiplicand. Thus, 3 times 5 ft. = 15 ft.
- 3. A man earns \$3 a day. How much will he earn in 125 days? What is the multiplicand in this problem? the multiplier? If we multiply by each figure of the multiplier the work will appear thus: \$3 To shorten the work, we may write it

125	$ ext{thus}: 125$
15	3
6	$\overline{375}$
3	Ans. \$375

\$375 We must think and say 125 times 3 = 375. The multiplier must always be regarded as an abstract

- number.
 4. Mrs. James bought 18 yd. of carpet at \$.87½ a
- 5. What will be the cost of 1 doz. chairs at \$2.75 each?

yard. What was the entire cost?

- 6. A man's wages are \$2.75 a day. How much does he earn in 6 days?
- 7. What is the value of 6 five-pound boxes of butter at 35 \neq a pound?
- 8. Mr. Brown built 5 houses, and sold them for \$6565 each. How much did he receive for them?

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

Find the cost of:

2. 20 pounds of fulbins (%) 10,	ι.	28 r	oounds	\mathbf{of}	raisins	@	159
---------------------------------	----	------	--------	---------------	---------	----------	-----

- 2. $46\frac{1}{9}$ gallons of vinegar @ 24 %.
- 3. 196 pounds of sugar @ 6 f.
- 4. $48\frac{1}{3}$ pounds of butter @ 27 %.
- 5. $64\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of meat @ 16 %.
- 6. 85 dozen oranges @ 35 €.
- 7. 27 gallons of molasses @ 48 \(\xi \).
- **8.** $58\frac{1}{4}$ bushels of potatoes @ 60%.
- 9. 25 dozen eggs @ 23 €.
- **10.** 54 barrels of flour @ \$5.25.
- 11. 27 barrels of apples @ \$2.35.
- 12. 34 tons of coal @ \$6.75.
- 13. $148\frac{1}{2}$ pounds of tea @ 56 \(\nabla \).
- 14. 144 dozen eggs @ 26 \(\xi\$.
- 15. 48 yards of cloth @ 87 \(\xi\$.
- 16. $36\frac{1}{3}$ tons of hay (a) \$16.70.
- 17. The frontage on a city street is 176 feet. How much is it worth at \$65 a front foot?
- 18. A grocer sold 18 firkins of butter, each containing 56 pounds, at 24 \(\nabla \) a pound. How much did he receive for the butter?
- 19. A boy works 8 hours a day. How many hours does he work in 28½ days?

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -- 11

STATEMENTS

Make problems from the following statements and bring solutions to the class:

- 1. Mr. Hall bought 26 acres of land at \$26 an acre.
- 2. A man took 16 lb. of butter to the store and sold it at 25 \(\neq \) a pound. He took in payment shoes at \$2.50.
- 3. A milkman has 25 customers. Each receives 2 quarts of milk daily.
- 4. A boy bought 6 doz. bananas at 3 for 5 \(\neq \) and sold them at 3 for a dime.
- 5. A newsboy sells 46 penny papers, on which he gains $\frac{1}{2} \not\in$ each.
 - 6. A farmer bought 12 sheep at \$6.50 each.
- 7. A dealer sold a suite of furniture for \$72.75, losing \$10.50.
 - s. 30 boys have an average of \$1.65.
- 9. A fruit dealer bought 2 crates of berries, each containing 32 quarts, at 7 \(\neq \) a quart.
 - 10. William sold \(\frac{1}{2} \) of a bushel of plums at $8 \notin a$ quart.
 - 11. A man had \$26.75 and spent \$13.89.
 - 12. A milliner sold 6 hats at \$4.75 each.
 - 13. John attended 163 days of the 200 school days.
- 14. 15 yards were sold from a piece of cloth containing 68 yards.
- 15. The "Limited" left New York at 10:40 P.M. and moved 45 miles an hour.

COMPARISON

In the following comparisons the first number is to be divided by the second:

- 1. Compare 12 and 4; 12 and 3; 16 and 4.
- 2. Compare 5 and 15.
- 3. Compare:

18 and 6	16 and 4	6 and 12,
20 and 5	45 and 9	6 and 30.

4. When 3 oranges cost 10 cents, how much will 12 oranges cost?

Note. —12 oranges equal 4×3 oranges; hence they will cost 4×10 cents, or 40 cents.

- 5. At 6 melons for 25 cents, how much will 24 cost?
- 6. At 12 lemons for 15 cents, how much will 72 cost?
- 7. If 8 tons of coal cost \$54, how much will 40 tons cost?
- 8. If 3 collars cost 35 cents, how much will 24 collars cost?
- 9. When 12 cords of wood cost \$48, how much will 3 cords cost?
- 10. How much will 4 qt. of milk cost when 16 qt. cost \$1.28?
- 11. When 7 tons of hay sell for \$91, how much will a farmer receive for 35 tons?
- 12. If 96 acres of land are worth \$2592, how much are 12 acres worth?

FINDING THE QUOTIENT FIGURE IN DIVISION

Think how many times the first figure of the divisor is contained in the first figure of the dividend. The number will be the first figure of the quotient.

1.
$$252 + 21$$

4.
$$714 + 21$$

7.
$$504 \div 21$$

2.
$$525 \div 21$$

5.
$$651 \div 21$$

8.
$$2398 \div 21$$

3.
$$861 \div 21$$

6.
$$357 \div 21$$

9.
$$2625 \div 21$$

Think how many times the first figure of the divisor is contained in the first figure, or in the first two figures, of the dividend. The number will be the first figure of the quotient.

10.
$$713 \div 31$$

14.
$$7061 \div 23$$

18.
$$6831 \div 33$$

11.
$$899 \div 31$$

15.
$$9269 \div 23$$

19.
$$1984 \div 32$$

12.
$$6727 \div 31$$
13. $8323 \div 41$

16.
$$5028 \pm 42$$

20.
$$2272 \div 32$$
 21. $1683 \div 51$

22. Divide 819 by 21.

Since the product of the divisor 4 and quotient is greater than 81, the 21)819quotient figure is too large. Try a 84 smaller quotient figure.

39 21)81963

 $\overline{189}$ 189

23. Divide 651 by 21.

$$21\overline{\smash{)651}\atop 42}$$

 $\overline{23}$

Since the remainder is greater than the divisor, the quotient figure is too small. Try a larger quotient figure.

21

Divide and test:

1.	21)882	13.	23)575	25.	33)462	37.	43)1333
2.	21)903	14.	23)736	26.	33)858	38.	43)6880
3.	21)504	15.	23)966	27.	33)561	39.	43)9460
4.	21)819	16.	23)138	28.	33)627	40 .	43)1376
5.	21)315	17.	31)775	29.	41)943	41.	51)1683
6.	21)567	18.	31)775	30.	41)2296	42.	52)2288
7.	21)399	19.	31)899	31.	41)1107	43.	53)2385
8.	21)441	20.	31)217	32.	41)1435	44.	51)3264
9.	22)814	21.	32)672	33.	42)1008	45.	51)1428
10.	22)638	22.	32)928	34.	42)1596	46 .	52)1508
11.	22)352	23.	32)160	35.	42)1680	47.	53)1908
12.	22)814	24.	32)192	36.	42)1722	48.	51)3672
_	. A 1	1	:1 @	1470	£ 41 1	1	

- 49. A butcher paid \$1476 for 41 head of cattle. How much was that per head?
- 50. If a railroad trackman walks 16 miles each day, how long will he be in walking 832 miles?
- 51. If there are 496 ounces in 31 pounds, how many ounces are there in 1 pound?
- 52. If 24 barrels of oil cost \$44.40, what is the price of 1 barrel?
- 53. If a bushel of oats weighs 32 lb., how many bushels will weigh 28640 lb.?
- 54. How long will it take a train that travels 35 miles an hour to go a distance of 315 miles?
- 55. At 38¢ a word how many words can I cable from New York to Sweden for \$3.04?

LONG DIVISION

1. Divide 7416 by 25.

Divide and test:

2.	2397 by 51	13.	1281 by 21	24.	6938 by 94
3.	3888 by 86	14.	1703 by 27	25.	7159 by 39
4.	1302 by 21	15.	3034 by 46	26.	8697 by 28
5.	2945 by 38	16.	4697 by 61	27.	4910 by 45
6.	3213 by 51	17.	4368 by 98	28.	3682 by 73
7.	1827 by 27	18.	4544 by 76	29.	4918 by 94
8.	3007 by 36	19.	2867 by 61	30.	8168 by 86
9.	6256 by 81	20.	2058 by 27	31.	7369 by 69
10.	5096 by 95	21.	2668 by 31	32.	8925 by 28
11.	2542 by 41	22.	3592 by 43	33.	8010 by 65
12.	3567 by 87	23.	2047 by 83	34.	9102 by 98

35. How many suits, at \$32 each, can be bought for \$1095, and what amount will be left?

36. Find the number of barrels of oil, 51 gallons each, that can be filled from a vessel containing 408 gallons,

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

1. At \$.25 each, how many books can you buy for \$6.25?

Cost of 1 book \$.25) \$6.25 money spent. $\frac{50}{125}$ 125

- 2. At 16 cents each, how many belts can be bought for \$4.80?
- 3. Mary paid 24 cents a pound for butter. The amount of her bill was \$3.12. How many pounds did she buy?
 - 4. How many gallons equal 652 quarts?
- 5. I bought silk at 75 cents a yard and paid \$13.50. How many yards did I buy?
- 6. In how many months will a man save \$1120, if he saves \$32 a month? in how many years?
- 7. How many bars of iron, weighing 56 lb. each, are equal in weight to a har weighing 18200 lb.?
- \$ 1200 for it. How many acres did he sell?
- An orchard contains 4932 trees, planted in 32 rows. How many trees are there in a row?
- no. A farm of 174 acres was sold for \$12270. What was the selling price per acre?

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. At \$14 each, how many tables can be bought for \$392?
- 2. If one buggy costs \$43, how many can be bought for \$1677?
- 3. If there are 24 hours in one day, how many days equal 8232 hours?
- 4. A bushel of potatoes weighs 60 pounds. How many bushels are there in a wagon load weighing 3360 pounds?
- s. At $23 \not\in$ a dozen, how many dozen eggs can be bought for \$5.98? \$5.98 = $598 \not\in$.
- 6. At 45 ∉ a bushel, how many bushels of corn will sell for \$17.55?
- 7. How many gallons of vinegar, at 23 \(\epsilon \) a gallon, can be bought for \$7.13?
- s. I paid \$11.50 for pocket knives at 46 cents each. How many did I buy?
- 9. How many pounds of coffee, at 24 cents a pound, can be bought for \$696?
- 10. At 18¢ each, how many watermelons can be bought for \$63.90?
- 11. If a train runs 37 miles an hour, in how many hours will it travel 1036 miles?
- 12. If 28 Stanhope buggies are sold for \$2912, what is the average price?

LONG DIVISION

1. Divide 13892 by 23.

604	
$\frac{23)13892}{\frac{138}{99}}$	
92 <u>92</u>	

What is the product of 6×23 ? Is there any remainder? What is the next operation? Does 9 contain 23? Since 9 does not contain 23, write 0 in the quotient, and bring down 2, making the number to be divided 92.

Find quotients and test:

2.
$$26322 \div 46$$

16.
$$56079 + 73$$

3.
$$31356 \div 39$$

10.
$$73784 \div 92$$

17.
$$45825 + 65$$

4.
$$23641 \div 47$$

11.
$$15631 \div 77$$

18.
$$19844 + 49$$

6.
$$31590 \div 45$$

13.
$$58056 \div 82$$

14.
$$67596 \div 74$$

21.
$$41157 \div 51$$

8.
$$20130 \div 66$$

15.
$$16685 \div 54$$

22.
$$15100 \div 25$$

Give quotients at sight:

23.
$$64 \div 32$$

30.
$$200 \div 20$$

37.
$$90 + 45$$

24.
$$96 \div 48$$

31.
$$70 \div 35$$

25.
$$40 \div 20$$

32.
$$45 \div 15$$

39.
$$48 \div 24$$

26.
$$50 \div 25$$

33.
$$46 \div 23$$

40.
$$56 + 28$$

27.
$$60 \div 30$$

34.
$$556 \div 28$$

41.
$$63 + 21$$

28.
$$90 \div 45$$

35.
$$99 \div 33$$

29.
$$100 \div 50$$

36.
$$64 + 32$$

43.
$$62 + 31$$

Give products at sight:

Find the cost of:

SIGHT WORK IN MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

These problems should be worked by writing the answers directly, without placing the multiplier under the multiplicand.

	ind the cost of.	Give product	na an aran.	
1.	3 houses @ \$2500.	15.	$4 \times 30 =$	
2.	750 bu. coal @ 8¢.	16.	$10 \times 10 =$	
3.	60 hats @ \$1.25.	17.	$2 \times 25 =$	
4.	1 doz. chairs @ \$2.50.	18.	$5 \times 50 =$	
5.	25 suits @ \$10.	19.	$6 \times 60 =$	
6.	6 gal. oil @ \$.60.	20.	$8 \times 90 =$	
7.	8 gal. varnish @ \$1.25.	21.	$12 \times 50 =$	
8.	150 yd. cloth @ \$.30.	22.	$11 \times 30 =$	
9.	12 lb. butter @ 25 \(\epsilon \).	23.	$9 \times 25 =$	
10.	25 doz. eggs @ 25 ¢.	24.	$10 \times 35 =$	
11.	11 doz. lemons @ 30 \(\epsilon \).	· 25.	$12 \times 12 =$	
12.	15 pails of lard @ 40 f.	26.	$12 \times 40 =$	
13.	3 gal. maple sirup @ \$1.25.	27.	$12 \times 15 =$	
14.	3 hams @ \$2.75.	28.	$12 \times 45 =$	
Find the cost of 1 when: Give quotients at sight				
29.	9 bbl. flour cost \$54.	34.	360 ÷ 9=	
30.	12 doz. oranges cost \$3.	35.	328 ÷ 8 =	
31.	8 coats cost \$48.	36.	$455 \div 7 =$	
32.	4 sheep cost \$22.	37.	$156 \div 12 =$	
33.	15 lb. butter cost \$3.	38.	121 + 11 =	

REVIEW

Find the cost of:			:
1.	$13\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of butter at $25 \neq a$ lb.	24.	\$ 463.75
2.	64 suits at $$8\frac{1}{4}$ each.		695.42
3.	32 pairs of shoes at \$2 a pair.		1937.86
4.	400 lb. of sugar at 4¢ a pound.		947.75
5.	36 overcoats at \$13.25 each.		-678.93
6.	3000 envelopes at \$12 a thousand.	25.	\$6937.85
7.	172 yards of cloth at 87¢ a yard.	20.	596.27
8.	2500 lb. of coffee at 20¢ a pound.		8346.39
9.	128 hogs at \$16½ each.		326.42
10.	37 hats at \$2.25 each.		2186.75
11.	45½ yards of silk at 80¢ a yard.		495.38
12.	1 gross pencils at 60¢ a dozen.		
13.	32 cows at \$32 each.	26.	\$9612.73
14.	125 tons of hay at \$14.75 a ton.		693.85 2928.46
15.	72 bbl. of flour at \$5,25 a barrel.		478.74
16.	14 bolts of ribbon at 75 \neq a bolt.		8569.93
10. 17.	78 bu. of wheat at 87 \(\epsilon \) a bushel.		195.84
	•		
18.	$47\frac{1}{2}$ bu. of oats at $40 \neq$ a bushel.	27.	\$3762.95
19.	25 bu. of corn at 50¢ a bushel.		661.43
20.	25 lb. of meat at 25¢ a pound.		99.87
21.	$2\frac{1}{2}$ doz. pairs of gloves at \$1 a pair.		875.67
22.	$36\frac{1}{2}$ yd. of cloth at $18 \not e$ a yard.		989.86
23.	2 gross penholders at 50¢ a dozen,		4987.19

PRACTICAL WORK

MARKET REPORT

Potatoes, 75 per bu.
Beans, \$1.25 per bu.
Butter, Print, 33 per lb.
Dairy, 25 per lb.
Sugar, 100 lb. bag, \$5.50.
Flour, per bbl., \$5.80.

Corn, 45 \(\nu\) per bu.

Baked beans, 95 \(\nu\) per doz. cans.

Celery, 25 \(\nu\) per doz.

Eggplant, 75 \(\nu\) per doz.

Watercress, 40 \(\nu\) per doz.

Blackberries, per crate, \(\nu\) 3.20.

From the market report find the cost of each of the following:

- 1. 7 bu. potatoes.
- 2. 15 lb. print butter.
- 3. 12 doz. celery.
- 4. 25 doz. eggs.
- 5. 5 bu. beans.
- 6. 12 lb. dairy butter.

- 7. 8 bu. corn.
- s. 10 bags sugar.
- 9. 25 bbl. flour.
- 10. 2 doz. cans baked beans.
- 11. 7 doz. eggplant.
- 12. 3 crates blackberries.

At $12\frac{1}{2}$ ¢ each find the cost of:

- 13. 72 lb. of meat.
- 14. 144 books.
- 15. 64 vases.
- 16. 168 cups.
- 17. 256 yd. of lawn.

- 18. 176 cards of buttons.
- 19. 272 pecks of potatoes.
- 20. 128 baskets of tomatoes.
- 21. 96 watermelons.
- 22. 152 yd. of ribbon.
- 23. If it is 8 miles from A to B, and $4\frac{1}{2}$ times as far from B to C, how far is it from A to \dot{C} ?
- 24. James bought 10 lb. of sugar at $5\frac{1}{2}$ cents a pound; $4\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of butter at 20 cents a pound; 6 lemons at 3 for 5 cents; and two 8-cent loaves of bread. He gave the grocer a two-dollar bill. How much change did he receive?

PRACTICAL WORK

1. The ledger of a supply house shows the following for the sales of 5 different articles for a week. What was the amount of sales for each day? the amount received for each article? the amount of sales for the week?

	Mon.	Tues.	WED.	Thurs.	Fri.	SAT.
Pipe	\$ 75.28	\$39.46	\$ 23.44	\$39.75	\$18.64	\$ 75.75
Wire rope	18.94	67.25	143.40	91.18	9.75	125.30
Oil cans	8.41	52.13	9.16	6.95	15.85	23.80
Nails	24.95	86.30	275.50	64.86	82.95	16.75
Files	5.70	19.83	63.27	8.19	46.35	19.85

- 2. I can buy a box of 40 cakes of soap for \$2.40, or the same soap at 2 cakes for 15 cents. Which is the cheaper, and how much per cake?
- a. In buying 2 doz. cans of cherries, how much is gained by purchasing at \$2.40 a dozen instead of buying 3 cans for 75 cents?
- 4. How much is gained by buying a barrel (196 lb.) of flour for \$7.75 instead of buying the same amount at 5¢ a pound?
- 5. A man paid \$275 for a lot. He built a house on it at 4 times the price of the lot, and spent \$26 for shade trees, \$31 for a fence, and \$19.50 for a cement walk. He sold the property for \$2000. How much did he gain?
- 6. How much will be received for 3 bu. of chestnuts at $12\frac{1}{2} \not\in a$ quart?

PRACTICAL PROBLEMS

- 1. A farmer has 28 cows in three fields. If there are 12 in the first, and 9 in the second, how many cows are there in the third field?
- 2. The farmer values his cows at an average of \$35 each. What is the value of all?
- 3. The fields over which they graze contain 24 acres, 18 acres, and 14 acres. How much grazing land is there, and what is the value of this land at $$35\frac{1}{2}$$ an acre?
- 4. If the farmer receives 21560 gallons of milk a year, how much is it worth at 12 cents a gallon?
- 5. His Jersey cow yields 350 lb. of butter a year, which he sells at 28 cents a pound. How much does he receive for it?
- 6. He sold 5 of the cows at an average price of \$48.50. How much did he receive for them?
- 7. He keeps 2 men at $$22\frac{1}{2}$ a month, to work on the farm. How much does the labor for the year cost?
- 8. He sold 14 calves for \$98. How much did he receive, on an average, for each?
- 9. His grocery bill averaged \$ $36\frac{1}{4}$ per month. Find his bill for the year.
- 10. He purchased 2 horses, one at \$ 125, and one at \$ 150; and 2 wagons at \$ 85 each. Repairs on the farm cost \$ 87.50. Find the amount paid.
- 11. He bought $1\frac{1}{2}$ doz. milk cans at \$1.25 each. How much did they cost?

MEASURES OF TIME

- 1. Write the days of the week and the months of the year, with their abbreviations.
- 2. Observe that the second hand moves over 60 small or second spaces, while the minute hand moves over one minute space.
 - 3. Memorize this table:



60 seconds (sec.) = 1 minute (min.)

60 minutes = 1 hour (hr.)
24 hours = 1 day (da.)
365 days = 1 year (yr.)

September, November, April, and June have each 30 days. All the others except February have 31 days each. February usually has 28 days. A year that has 366 days is called a leap year. In leap year February has 29 days.

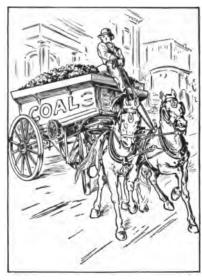
4. Memorize this rhyme: Thirty days have September, April, June, and November. All the rest have thirty-one, Save February, which alone Has twenty-eight; and one day more We add to it one year in four.

Change:

- 5. 3 min. to sec.
- 6. 6 da. to hours.
- 7. 7 hr. to minutes.
- a. 3 da. 6 hr. to hr.
- 9. 10 wk. 6 da. to da.
- 10. How many days are there in April, May, and June? in November, December, and January?

HAM, PRIM, ARITH, -12

MEASURES OF WEIGHT



- 1. Name some articles bought by the ounce (oz.); by the pound.
- 2. How many ounces are there in 1 pound? in 10 pounds?

Coal, hay, sand, plaster, etc., in large quantities, are sold by the ton of 2000 pounds.

3. Memorize the table:

16 oz. = 1 pound (1b.) 2000 pounds = 1 ton (T.)

- 4. A dealer buys 150 bales of hay, averaging 90 pounds to the bale. How many tons and pounds over does he buy?
- 5. At 3 cents an ounce, how much will 1 pound of mustard cost?
- 6. Find the cost of six kegs of nails, each keg weighing 100 lb., at $5\frac{1}{2}$ cents a pound.
- 7. 2 tons of rolled oats were packed in pound packages. How many packages were there?
 - 8. How many ounces are there in a ton?
- 9. A load of hay weighed 3000 pounds. How many tons did it weigh? What was its value at \$14 a ton?

MEASURES OF LENGTH OR DISTANCE

- 1. Name the measures that you have already learned.
- 2. A foot = inches.
- 3. A yard = feet.
- 4. What measure should you use to measure the length of your book? of your desk? the width of your schoolroom? the length of the blackboard?
- 5. Measure $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards or $16\frac{1}{2}$ feet along the street or on the school ground. Call it one rod.
- 6. Secure a tape measure $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards long, and with it measure the length and the width of your school grounds in yards and feet.
- 7. With a pole or a tape, a rod in length, measure the distance in rods and feet around a square or a field.
- 8. 20 city blocks, each 16 rods in length, are 320 rods long. This is called one mile. 1 mile = 320 rods.
- 9. $320 \times 16\frac{1}{2}$ ft. = —— feet. (Why do we multiply $16\frac{1}{2}$ ft. by 320?)
- 10. $5280 \text{ ft.} \div 3 = ---- \text{ yards.}$ (Why do we divide 5280 ft. by 3?)
 - 11. Memorize this table:

```
12 inches (in.) = 1 foot (ft.)
320 rods = 1 mile (mi.)
1760 yards = 1 mile 5280 feet = 1 mile
```

MEASURES OF LENGTH OR DISTANCE

Change:

- 1. 60 ft. to yd.
- 2. 27 rd. to ft.
- 3. 16 ft. to in.
- 4. 42 in. to ft.
- 5. 320 rd. to ft.
- 6. 1760 yd. to ft.

- 7. 5 ft. to in.
- 8. 120 in. to ft.
- 9. 72 ft. to yd.
- 10. 420 in. to ft.
- 11. 1250 yd. to ft.
- 12. 120 rd. to ft.
- 13. How many feet of fence are required for a garden in the form of an oblong 26 yards long and 12 yards wide?
- 14. James lives 180 rods from the schoolhouse. How many feet does he travel in going to and coming from school each day?
- 15. A boy travels 135 yards each day in carrying the mail. How many yards does he travel in 6 days? How much less than a mile does he travel?

MEASURES OF SURFACE

- 1. Draw a square inch. What two things show that it is a square inch?
- 2. Draw on the blackboard one square foot. What two things show that it is a square foot?
- 3. Separate each side of a square foot into 12 equal parts. Connect these points by straight lines. What is the size of each square? the name of each square? How many square inches equal one square foot?

144 square inches = 1 square feet

4. Draw on the blackboard a square yard. What two things show that it is a square yard?

Let one inch represent a foot. How long, then, is the side of the square that represents a square yard?

5. Represent a square yard by a square, each side of which is $\frac{3}{4}$ inch. Then, $\frac{1}{4}$ inch represents 1 foot.

How long is each side of a square yard? Measure the surface of the square yard by 1 square foot. How many square feet are there in the upper row? in the second row? in the three rows?



9 sq. ft. = 1 sq. yd.

6. This drawing represents an oblong 4 yards long and 2 yards wide. Measure the surface by 1 square yard. How many square yards are in one row? in both rows?

Isq.	

In 1 row there are 4 sq. yd.

In 2 rows there are 2×4 sq. yd. or 8 square yards.

7. How many square yards are there in an oblong 5 yd. long and 4 yd. wide?

The number of square inches, square feet, or square yards a surface contains is called its area.

MEASURES OF SURFACE

Find the area in square inches of:

- 1. An oblong 6 in. by 4 in. 5. An 8-in. square.
- 2. A square 7 in. on each side. 6. A 12-in. square.
- 3. A page 8 in. by 5 in. 7. A 9-in. square.
- 4. A slate 10 in. by 12 in. 8. A 10-in. square.
- 9. Draw a figure to represent an oblong 5 in. long and 3 in. wide. Find its area. Find the distance around the oblong.

The distance around a figure is called the perimeter.

10. Find the perimeter, in inches, of each figure described in problems 1 to 9.

Represent the following figures by a scale of 1 inch to the foot, and find the area and the perimeter:

- 11. A 6-ft. square. 13. A wall 9 ft. by 6 ft.
- 12. A rug 9 ft. by 4 ft. 14. A table 6 ft. by 5 ft.

Find the area and the perimeter. Represent on a scale of 1 inch to a yard:

- 15. A schoolroom 10 yd. long and 8 yd. wide.
- 16. A hall 15 yd. long and 3 yd. wide.
- 17. A sidewalk 12 yd. long and 2 yd. wide.
- 18. Matting for a room 5 yd. long and 4 yd. wide.
- 19. Measure, in even yards, the length and width of your schoolroom floor, and draw the figure on a scale of 1 in. to the yard; 1 in. to the foot.

READING AND WRITING NUMBERS

- 1. How are large numbers pointed off before being read?
 - 2. Name the periods of numbers up to millions.
- 3. Read 2,028,375. Notice that in reading a number the units' period is not named. Thus this number is read 2 million, 28 thousand, 375; not 375 units.

The next period after millions is called billions' period. Copy, point off, and read:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
4.	2405	30670	6800907	8645742689
5.	3065	49007	400745	750680009
6.	7005	40074	8790007	406009807
7.	8900	87090	4057042	6804704924
8.	6666	90703	3012890	9000000250
9.	3050	$\boldsymbol{65002}$	7000002	8057000000
10.	9580	73200	9050601	5 700809563
	_			

Write:

- 11. Six thousand six hundred six.
- 12. Two billion ten million four.
- Seventy-five thousand nine hundred six.
- 14. One billion eight million seventy-five.
- 15. Eighty-four million six hundred five thousand.
- 16. Twenty-five thousand thirty-eight.
- 17. Nine hundred million nine hundred ninety-nine.
- 18. Two million six thousand thirty.
- 19. One billion one million one thousand.

REVIEW

1. Begin with 9 and count by 9's to 126.	
2. Begin with 1 and count by 9's to 118.	<i>s</i> . 2124
Add by columns and by lines:	4. 211 0
$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5. 2124
3. $42 + 74 + 39 =$ 8. $24 + 32 + 65 =$	6. 2124
4. $36 + 93 + 61 =$ 9. $39 + 86 + 92 =$	7. 2 064
5. $27 + 81 + 87 = $ 10. $94 + 39 + 19 = $	<i>9</i> . 2123
6. $49 + 64 + 49 = 11$. $28 + 76 + 85 = $	<i>10</i> . 2128
7. $38+72+86=$ 12. $63+15+84=$	<i>11</i> . 2124
	<i>12</i> . 2109
$oldsymbol{a} \qquad oldsymbol{b} \qquad oldsymbol{c} \qquad oldsymbol{d}$	<i>13</i> . 2114
a b c d 13. $\$42.35 + \$24.63 + \$36.74 + \$82.95 =$	<i>14.</i> 2063
14. $18.69 + 32.78 + 6.27 + 2.39 =$	<i>16</i> . 2110
15. $2.41 + 41.65 + .96 + 49.85 =$	17. 2124
16. $36.74 + 59.83 + 18.49 + 13.74 =$	18. 2124
	<i>19.</i> 2124
	20. 2124
+ + + =	21. 2062
18. \$57.35 + \$75.15 + \$72.26 + \$275.25 =	23. 2128
19. $63.27 + 64.23 + 17.83 + 375.65 =$	24. 2124
20. $54.86 + 81.37 + 27.64 + 825.45 =$	<i>25</i> . 2124
21. $83.74 + 76.45 + 36.21 + 963.75 =$	26. 2124
22. $83.64 + 22.68 + 73.56 + 856.87 =$	27. 2124
+ + + =	28. 2058
77 (1) (1) (1) (1)	<i>30</i> . 2120
23. From the numbers at the right repre-	<i>31</i> . 2127
senting the daily circulation of a paper, find	

its circulation for July.

BANK DEPOSITS

A bank is an institution that receives and loans money.

- 1. A bank received deposits as follows:

 Monday, \$4126.50;
 Tuesday, \$2842.35;
 Wednesday, \$5045.60;
 Thursday, \$3862.41;
 Friday, \$6065.70;
 Saturday, \$7564.72.

 Find the total deposits for the week.
- 2. It paid out during the week \$24862.43.



How much more was received than was paid out?

3. On June 1, F. G. Bishoff had a balance on hand of \$4232.44. During the month he deposited \$1642.80, and checked on his account to the amount of \$2214.60. What was his balance in bank July 1?

Find the balances:

	DEPOSITS	PAYMENTS	DEP	OSITS	PAYMENTS	
4.	\$216443.62	\$111861.74	5. \$154	19.21	\$14000.00)
	112384.76	210987.65	169	87.91	9044.89	•
	211129.82	2940.74	64	56.75	1055.20)
	114781.64	172.67	143	81.50	10105.00)
	122046.95	127642.94	31	02.62	2056.98	3
	336847.68	1654.87	100	00.00	8401.40)
						-

REVIEW OF ADDITION

Add (when written) 4 problems in 11 minutes:

I.	raa (when s	Arrend + broni		muves.
	a	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
1.	\$ 751.04	\$ 146.80	\$ 345.75	\$187.90
	690.20	12.96	187.60	64.72
	404.72	842.90	962.45	124.87
	812.42	950.45	878.72	671.82
	900.25	2.75	964.54	48.96
	10.48	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	$_{-12.68}$	702.84
			•	
2.	\$964.77	\$420.41	\$862.41	\$864.12
	844.76	703.45	742.87	246.98
	99.75	802.60	368.23	107.64
	184.65	12.87	467.28	963.66
	209.87	$\boldsymbol{908.72}$	643.82	478.23
	84.72	885.88	$\boldsymbol{782.95}$	682.87
	104.88	225.12	328.15	478.24
	84.91	<u>380.96</u>	841.62	332.85
3.	\$ 844.62	\$ 10642.83	\$ 321.62	\$ 12891.42
	256.48	$\boldsymbol{469.27}$	41.68	117.68
	741.87	184.64	$\boldsymbol{769.62}$	49.64
	369.73	926.48	186.47	961.41
	108.42	12.93	524.93	87.83
	957.68	193.67	834.71	113.22
	87.64	446.72	221.34	487.64
	123.96	689.38	455.26	923.06

REVIEW OF SUBTRACTION

Write, subtract, and test 4 problems in $2\frac{1}{2}$ minutes:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	$oldsymbol{c}$	$oldsymbol{d}$
1.	\$843.87	\$376.47	\$48892.00	\$2498.73
	-632.17	248.02	15079.63	519.71
2.	\$600.01	\$246.91	\$ 32171.19	\$ 7739.82
	289.81	$\underline{19.17}$	16593.40	7015.09
3.	\$940.09	\$ 1497.63	\$ 45269.79	\$ 9999.86
	<u>16.41</u>	-900.75	27319.27	1305.17
4.	\$632.25	\$741.20	\$ 37461.27	\$ 5020.37
	245.19	523.18	19842.07	2456.78
5.	\$ 95.33	\$ 61.05	\$ 649.08	\$ 27004.49
	49.27	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	500.16	19017.63
6.	\$82.36	\$ 79.87	\$ 532 .98	\$ 75009.75
	19.36	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	403.61	69135.92
7 .	\$80.16	\$ 65.32	\$763.55	\$ 97382.99
	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	13.27	300.01	39853.75
8.	\$ 67.35	\$ 51.27	\$ 983.27	\$32148.91
	59.32	-27.75	$\phantom{00000000000000000000000000000000000$	14269.90
9.	\$ 90.00	\$86.95	\$836.92	\$33197.84
	37.17	14.75	775.48	19057.55
	-			

DRILL IN MULTIPLICATION

1. Give products at sight:

		I		0			
8	× 4		7×8	6	6×6		12 × 8
3	× 9		9×6	7	′×6		11×9
4	× 7		7×9	11	$\times 5$]	12×7
6	× 5		8×8	8	8×6		9 × 8
	а	b	c	đ	e	f	\boldsymbol{g}
2.	12	9	8	12	11	9	4
	<u>6</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>11</u>	_5	_3	<u>5</u>	8
3.	11	8	7	11	10	12	7
	_6	7	8	_7	_5	4	<u>6</u>
4.	12	11	12	9	12	11	12
	8	11	11	12	10	11	12

5. Give at sight two factors that form:

64	84	81	72	77	108
72	99	33	96	63	121
49	36	54	84	66	132
48	${\bf 25}$	3 0	56	120	100
54	28	35	60	110	144

6. Give products:

40×40	70×60	80×50	50×70
80×40	90×80	12×90	80×60
90×30	100×40	100×60	200×35
60×50	200 imes 25	400×50	500×50
50×70	300×15	500×25	600×40

DRILL WORK

Multiply and test:

11. Divide 969 by 23.

12. Divide 969 by 24. $40\frac{9}{24}$ 24)969 23)96992 $\overline{49}$

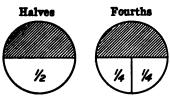
Test. — $42 \times 23 = 966$ 46 966 + 3 = 969

Divide and test:

13.	84765	l I	{ a 86	•
14.	57672		b 78	Form 64 problems by
15.	80720		c 91	dividing each of the divi-
16.	$50724 \\ 60925$	h	d 59	dends by each of the divi-
17.	60925	by ·	e 72	sors, thus:
18.	86412		f 67	$13 \ a \ 84765 + 86 = ?$
19.	76412		g 82	13 c $84765 \div 91 = ?$
20.	83456		h 65	$18 \ e \ 86412 \div 72 = ?$

2

ADDITION AND SUBTRACTION OF HALVES AND FOURTHS



 $\frac{2}{2}$ equal one whole unit; $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{2}{2}$ or 1.

 $\frac{4}{4}$ equal one whole unit; $\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$ or 1.

1. $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$; $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$; $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$.

$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

2.
$$\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{?}{4}$$
; $\frac{3}{4} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{?}{4}$; $\frac{2}{4} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{?}{4}$.

First add, then subtract:

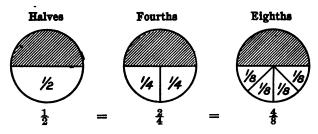
- 3. $5\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{4}$
- 4. $9\frac{3}{4}$ $8\frac{1}{2}$
- 5. $9\frac{1}{2}$
- 6. 51
- 7. 83/4 21/4

Add:

8. $3\frac{1}{2}$ 9. $67\frac{1}{4}$ 10. $65\frac{1}{2}$ 11. $25\frac{3}{4}$ 12. $56\frac{1}{4}$ $4\frac{1}{4}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$ $7\frac{3}{4}$ $8\frac{1}{4}$ $7\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{7\frac{3}{4}}{151}$ $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{151}$ $\frac{9\frac{1}{4}}{151}$ $\frac{9\frac{3}{4}}{151}$

In example $8, \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{4}{4}$ or $1; 1 + \frac{1}{2} = 1\frac{1}{2}$. Write the fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ and add the 1 to the whole number.

HALVES, FOURTHS, AND EIGHTHS



1.
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{?}{4} = \frac{?}{8}$$

1.
$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{?}{4} = \frac{?}{8}$$
. $\frac{2}{8} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{?}{8}$.

$$\frac{1}{3} - \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{8}$$
.

- 2. Compare \(\frac{1}{2}\) and \(\frac{4}{2}\) of the same circle.
- 3. Compare $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$ of the same circle.
- 4. $\frac{1}{4}$ is what part of $\frac{1}{2}$? $\frac{4}{8} = \frac{?}{2} = \frac{?}{4}$.
- 5. $\frac{1}{5} = \frac{7}{9}$; $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{9}$; $\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{9} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{7}{9}$; $\frac{1}{5} \frac{1}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$.
- 6. Into how many eighths can the whole circle be divided? into how many fourths?

Add:

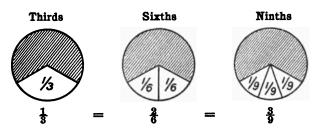
7.
$$3\frac{1}{2}$$
 8. $7\frac{3}{4}$ 9. $6\frac{1}{2}$ 10. $9\frac{1}{8}$ 11. $5\frac{1}{8}$ $3\frac{1}{8}$ $8\frac{1}{2}$ $7\frac{1}{4}$ 11 $12\frac{1}{4}$ $4\frac{1}{4}$ $9\frac{1}{2}$ $9\frac{3}{8}$ $6\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$

12. $\frac{3}{4} + \frac{2}{4} + \frac{3}{4} = \frac{8}{4}$, or 2 whole units; $\frac{3}{8} + \frac{7}{8} + \frac{6}{8} = \text{how}$ many whole units?

Subtract, then add:

13.
$$10\frac{3}{8}$$
 14. $12\frac{1}{2}$ 15. $27\frac{3}{4}$ 16. $19\frac{1}{4}$ 17. $36\frac{1}{2}$ $5\frac{1}{4}$ $6\frac{1}{8}$ $8\frac{3}{8}$ $6\frac{1}{8}$ 18. $62\frac{5}{8}$ 19. $63\frac{3}{4}$ 20. $26\frac{3}{4}$ 21. $18\frac{3}{4}$ 22. $40\frac{3}{4}$ 31 $\frac{3}{8}$ 39 $\frac{1}{2}$ 24 $\frac{3}{8}$ 9 $\frac{3}{8}$ 20 $\frac{1}{8}$

THIRDS, SIXTHS, AND NINTHS



- 1. $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{9} = \frac{?}{9}$; $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{?}{6}$.
- 2. $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{7}{3}$ or—unit; $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{3}{9} = \frac{7}{9}$; $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{7}{6}$; $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{7}{6}$.

First add and then subtract:

- 3. $15\frac{2}{3}$ 4. $29\frac{1}{3}$ 5. $81\frac{1}{2}$ 6. $42\frac{8}{9}$ $10\frac{1}{9}$ $13\frac{1}{6}$ $20\frac{1}{6}$ $13\frac{1}{3}$
- 7. $62\frac{5}{8}$ 8. $15\frac{5}{6}$ 9. $16\frac{7}{8}$ 10. $19\frac{2}{3}$ $12\frac{1}{4}$ $12\frac{2}{3}$ $10\frac{1}{4}$ $12\frac{1}{6}$
- 11. Mrs. Clark bought $1\frac{5}{6}$ dozen lemons and used $1\frac{1}{3}$ dozen. How many remained?
- 12. Henry studies $4\frac{1}{6}$ hours a day, and James $6\frac{1}{3}$ hours. How much longer does James study each day than Henry?
- 13. A flower bed is $4\frac{1}{3}$ ft. long and $2\frac{2}{3}$ ft. wide. Find the distance around it.
- 14. If it takes Henry $3\frac{1}{3}$ hours to walk a certain distance, or $1\frac{1}{9}$ hours to ride it on his bicycle, how much time does he save by riding?

MULTIPLICATION

1. Multiply 794 by 326.

694	694
326	326
$\overline{4164} = 6 \times 694$	$\overline{4164}$
$13880 = 20 \times 694$	1388
$208200 = 300 \times 694$	$\boldsymbol{2082}$
$\overline{226244} = \overline{326} \times 694$	$\overline{226244}$

When multiplying by 3 hundreds, write the partial product as 2082 hundreds and place the first figure of that product under hundreds.

Multiply:

	2. 462 375	3. 283	4. 619 128	5. 543 264
6.	\$ 40.75 325	7. \$ 26.73 364	8. \$38.27 918	9. \$46.75 842

10. 465 by 327 17. 5382 by 147 24. \$46.75 by 275

11. 289 by 943 18. 2493 by 316 25. \$83.94 by 843

12. 568 by 769 19. 9875 by 827 26. \$76.15 by 972

13. 987 by 938 20. 7341 by 695 27. \$39.85 by 867

14. 478 by 783 21. 9386 by 783 28. \$48.57 by 984

15. 925 by 867 **22**. 6294 by 894 **29**. \$96.78 by 786

16. 387 by 591 **23.** 9387 by 619 **30.** \$39.74 by 815

31. Announce products at sight:

 20×40 50×50 12×12 80×80

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -- 13

MULTIPLICATION

1. Multiply 273 by 304.

273	OT O
304	273
$\frac{301}{1092}$	304
	$\overline{1092}$
000	819
819	
82992	82992

Do not multiply by 0 as in the first illustration. When multiplying by 3 hundreds, write the partial product as 819 hundreds by placing the right hand figure of that product in hundreds' place.

2.		3.	4.
402	\$3 0	0.60	\$20.7 5
× 503	×	2040	× 105
$\overline{1206}$	$\overline{12}$	2400	$\overline{10375}$
2010	612	0	2075
$\overline{202206}$	\$624	$\overline{24.00}$	\$2178.75
5 . 316	6 . 275	7 . 428	s . 506
$\times 502$	× 306	$\times 405$	× 307
9. 243	10. 709	11. 608	12. 705
× 308	$\times 504$	× 209	× 804
13. \$8.08	14. \$40.75	15. \$90.70	16. \$38.04
× 607	× 603	<u>× 504</u>	× 703

How many are:

1.	704×3096	6.	309×4039	11.	$803 \times \$40.70$
	809×9409		907×7008		709 × \$ 75.25
	609×7320	8.	408×6007	13.	$304 \times \$ 68.07$
4.	507×8060	9.	502×9103	14.	$508 \times \$70.95$
5.	608×3724	10.	903×7030	15.	$806 \times \$ 48.57$

Multiply:

16.	8945 by 643	26.	6785 by 904	36.	5078 by 206
17.	3089 by 136	27.	7856 by 685	37.	9067 by 508
18.	4506 by 275	28.	9786 by 607	38.	8906 by 379
19.	3875 by 609	29.	7869 by 783	39.	6709 by 806
20.	5783 by 382	30.	6778 by 579	4 0.	6076 by 927
21.	3296 by 907	31.	9868 by 632	41.	8405 by 403
22.	7395 by 834	32.	5846 by 597	42.	6035 by 876
23.	3837 by 958	33.	6484 by 460	4 3.	8708 by 804
24.	6574 by 687	34.	9676 by 329	44.	7083 by 705
25.	8936 by 706	35.	6798 by 376	45 .	5067 by 770

- 46. Mr. Watson had 2475 boxes of soap. Each contained 175 cakes. Find the entire number of cakes.
- 47. A factory averages 2485 articles every day of the year. What is the entire number made?
- 48. Mrs. Thompson raised 246 turkeys and sold them at \$1.75 each. How much did she receive for them?
- 49. A suit factory manufactured 3685 suits during the season. At \$28.50 each, how much was received for them?

PARTS OF NUMBERS

1. Find \(\frac{2}{3} \) of 24.

How do we find $\frac{1}{3}$ of a number? $\frac{1}{3}$ of $24 = 2 \times 8$, or 16.

How do we find $\frac{1}{3}$ of a number? $\frac{1}{8}$ of a number, etc.? $\frac{2}{3}$ of a number = $2 \times \frac{1}{3}$ of the number. $\frac{3}{5}$ of a number = $3 \times \frac{1}{5}$ of the number, etc.

Give rapidly.

- 2. $\frac{1}{2}$ of each number: 16, 24, 36, 44, 48, 50.
- 3. $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{2}{3}$ of each number: 15, 18, 24, 36, 45.
- 4. $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ of each number: 16, 20, 28, 32, 48.
- 5. $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{3}{5}$, and $\frac{4}{5}$ of each number: 20, 35, 45, 40, 80.

Find:

- **6.** $\frac{1}{3}$ of 18 **12.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of 18 **18.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of 21 **24.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of 75 **75.** $\frac{1}{3}$ of 24 **13.** $\frac{3}{4}$ of 28 **19.** $\frac{3}{4}$ of 20 **25.** $\frac{2}{5}$ of 75
- 8. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 16 14. $\frac{1}{7}$ of 56 20. $\frac{2}{8}$ of 40 26. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 96
- 9. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 42 15. $\frac{1}{8}$ of 64 21. $\frac{7}{8}$ of 24 27. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 144
- **10.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of 24 **16.** $\frac{1}{9}$ of 63 **22.** $\frac{2}{5}$ of 65 **28.** $\frac{3}{5}$ of 160
- 11. $\frac{3}{5}$ of 25 17. $\frac{2}{3}$ of 63 23. $\frac{5}{6}$ of 48 29. $\frac{4}{5}$ of 255

Find:

- **30.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of \$24 **35.** $\frac{2}{4}$ of 12 lb. **40.** $\frac{1}{2}$ of \$8.20 **31.** $\frac{2}{4}$ of \$16 **36.** $\frac{2}{3}$ of 9 ft. **41.** $\frac{1}{3}$ of \$12.60
- 32. $\frac{1}{2}$ of \$50 37. $\frac{1}{3}$ of 12 yd. 42. $\frac{1}{4}$ of \$20.40
- 33. $\frac{2}{3}$ of \$18 38. $\frac{3}{4}$ of 16 gal. 43. $\frac{1}{3}$ of \$15.90
- **34.** $\frac{3}{4}$ of \$20 **39.** $\frac{2}{4}$ of 8 bu. **44.** $\frac{1}{4}$ of \$24.20

MULTIPLICATION BY MIXED NUMBERS

1. Multiply 36 by $6\frac{2}{3}$.

36

$$\frac{6\frac{2}{3}}{24 = \frac{2}{3} \text{ of } 36}$$

$$216 = 6 \times 36$$

 $240 = 6\frac{2}{3} \times 36$

 $6\frac{2}{3} \times 36$, means that $\frac{2}{3}$ of 36 is to be added to 6×36 .

Multiply:

2. $72 \text{ by } 8\frac{3}{4}$

3. $126 \text{ by } 9\frac{2}{3}$

4. $324 \text{ by } 12\frac{1}{2}$

5. $872 \text{ by } 25\frac{3}{4}$

6. 966 by $124\frac{2}{3}$

7. 848 by $238\frac{3}{4}$

8. $489 \text{ by } 372\frac{1}{2}$

9. 1248 by $309\frac{3}{4}$

10. 2530 by $842\frac{2}{5}$

11. 3575 by $909\frac{2}{5}$

12. 8496 by $890\frac{3}{4}$

13. $3660 \text{ by } 780\frac{2}{3}$

14. 8575 by $197\frac{1}{5}$

15. 8496 by $875\frac{3}{4}$

16. 9639 by $976\frac{2}{3}$

17. 8472 by $865\frac{3}{4}$

18. 8436 by $345\frac{1}{4}$

19. 9764 by $876\frac{1}{2}$

20. 9972 by $984\frac{2}{3}$

21. 8848 by $787\frac{3}{4}$

22. 7266 by $719\frac{2}{3}$

23. 8755 by $394\frac{3}{8}$

24. 9875 by $485\frac{2}{5}$

25. 9672 by $872\frac{2}{5}$

26. 6488 by $797\frac{3}{4}$

27. 7465 by $864\frac{2}{5}$

28. $7280 \text{ by } 620\frac{1}{4}$

29. 4860 by $701\frac{3}{4}$

30. 5050 by $500\frac{2}{5}$

31. 6006 by $303\frac{2}{3}$

32. 9608 by $490\frac{3}{4}$

33. $8570 \text{ by } 809\frac{3}{5}$

34. 6099 by $789\frac{2}{3}$

35. 7085 by 8042

FRACTIONAL PARTS OF A DOLLAR

$\$.50 = \frac{1}{9} \text{ of } \1.00	$\$.12\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } \1.00
$\$.25 = \frac{1}{4} \text{ of } \1.00	$\$.06\frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{16} \text{ of } \1.00
$\$.20 = \frac{1}{5} \text{ of } \1.00	$\$.33\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{8} \text{ of } \1.00
$\$.10 = \frac{1}{10} \text{ of } \1.00	$\$.16\frac{1}{8} = \frac{1}{6} \text{ of } \1.00
$\$.50 = \frac{9}{4} \text{ of } \1.00	$\$.75 = \frac{8}{4} \text{ of } \1.00

Give at sight the cost of:

1. 6 bushels of apples at \$.50 a bushel.

Hint.
$$-6 \times \$ \frac{1}{2} = \$ \frac{4}{2} = \$ 3$$
.

- 2. 8 gallons of vinegar at \$.25 a gallon.
- 3. 8 yards of silk at \$.50 a yard.
- 4. 8 pounds of meat at $3.12\frac{1}{2}$ a pound.
- 5. 10 dozen eggs at \$.20 a dozen.
- 6. 9 yards of muslin at \$.10 a yard.
- 7. 6 pecks of pears at \$.25 a peck.
- s. 12 pictures at \$.75 each.
- 9. 10 yards of lawn at \$.10 a yard.
- 10. 6 gallons of vinegar at \$.50 a gallon.
- 11. 8 gallons of oil at \$.25 a gallon.
- 12. 12 dozen oranges at \$.25 a dozen.
- 13. 6 bushels of apples at \$.50 a bushel.
- 14. 16 pounds of rice at $\$.12\frac{1}{2}$ a pound.
- 15. 10 pecks of peaches at \$.20 a peck.
- 16. 8 gallons of milk at $\$.12\frac{1}{2}$ a gallon.

DIVISION

Give quotients at sight:

	\boldsymbol{a}	b	c	$oldsymbol{d}$
1.	$100 \div 10$	$280 \div 140$	993 + 331	315 ± 105
2.	$500 \div 50$	$930 \div 310$	$645 \div 129$	$972 \div 324$
3.	$300 \div 30$	$860 \div 172$	$951 \div 317$	$725 \div 145$
4.	$250 \div 50$	$396 \div 132$	$284 \div 142$	$932 \div 466$
5.	400 ÷ 80	$960 \div 320$	$788 \div 197$	$260 \div 130$
6.	$844 \div 211$	$990 \div 330$	$882 \div 126$	$775 \div 155$

648

7. Divide 175608 by 324. 8. Divide 793320 by 264.

542	3005
$324\overline{)175608}$	264)793320
162 0	792
$\overline{1360}$	1320
1296	1320
648	G: 964: 1

Since 264 is larger than 13, what do we write in the quotient?

Divide:

	а	b	c
9.	63596 by 126	46785 by 135	13940 by 340
10.	78563 by 341	78568 by 244	81282 by 408
11.	48842 by 144	65375 by 255	23674 by 726
12.	26786 by 354	78634 by 184	83765 by 415
13.	46785 by 165	79673 by 263	27854 by 129
14.	83761 by 219	86572 by 196	76348 by 366

DIVISION

1. Divide 7284 by 600.

$$\frac{600)7284}{12\frac{84}{600}}$$

2. 9754 by 800.

$$800)9754 \over 12\frac{1}{8}\frac{54}{00}$$
.

a. Divide 48525 by 2300.

$21\frac{21\frac{225}{2300}}{2300}$	
$\frac{46}{25}$	
23	
$225~\mathrm{Re}$	m.

Cutting off the naughts in the divisor and 2 figures in the dividend divides both by 100, with a remainder of 25 in the dividend. 485 hundreds divided by 23 equals 21, with a remainder of 2 hundreds. Bring down the first remainder of 25 to form the complete remainder, 225.

Divide:

4 . 76856	by	22 00
------------------	----	--------------

s. 86040 by 3100

6. 86075 by 2500

7. 40673 by 3200

s. 87604 by 2300

9. 68025 by 4200

10. 56078 by 2400

11. 70642 by 4100

12. 47630 by 5100

13. 85763 by 1300

Find quotients:

14.
$$869325 \div 463$$

15.
$$739186 \div 956$$

18.
$$632007 \div 817$$

19.
$$283756 \div 268$$

20.
$$873700 \div 945$$

22.
$$938004 \div 807$$

23.
$$139287 \div 800$$

PROBLEMS OF TWO OPERATIONS

1. A dairyman has 137 cows in one herd and 47 less in another. How many cows has he?

137 No. cows in one herd.

47 No. less in 2d herd.

90 No. cows in 2d herd.

137 cows + 90 cows = 227 cows.

Study of Problem

- 1. What is given in this problem?
 - a. The number of cows in one herd.
 - b. The difference in the number in the two herds.
- 2. What is required in the problem?
 - a. The number in the second herd.
 - b. The number in both herds.
- 3. How can you find what is required from what is given?
 - a. By subtracting the difference from the number in the first herd.
 - b. By adding the number of cows in the two herds.

Note. — The purpose of these studies is threefold:

- 1. To train the pupil to see and understand the conditions of the problem.
 - 2. To give a logical grasp of the conditions of the problem.
 - 3. To direct the teacher in his efforts to attain these ends.
- 2. A man has 267 sheep in one field and 88 less in another. How many sheep has he?
- 3. A merchant has \$496 in the safe and \$175.25 less in the bank. How much money has he in both places?
- 4. A man sold a farm for \$7625 and gained \$1685. How much would he have received for it if the gain had been \$2675?

- 5. A man's salary is \$950 per year. He pays \$260 for board, \$136 for clothing, and \$115.75 for other expenses. How much has he left?
- 6. A grocer deposited in bank during the week the following sums: \$495.65, \$283.75, \$693.29, \$75.80, \$249.89, and \$375.77. After making the last deposit, he found there was a balance to his credit of \$1265.15. How much had he withdrawn?
- 7. If a freight car costs \$475, and a locomotive \$14625, what is the value of a train containing 27 cars and a locomotive?
- s. A woman sold at a store 16 doz. eggs at 18 \(\epsilon \) a dozen, 13\(\frac{1}{4} \) lb. of butter at 28 \(\epsilon \) a pound, and 27 lb. of dressed chicken at 16 \(\epsilon \) a pound. How much did she receive for all?
 - 9. A lady bought at a store:

8 lb. of coffee @ 28 \(\epsilon; \)
9\frac{1}{2} lb. of rice @ 8 \(\epsilon; \)
24 lb. of sugar @ 5 \(\epsilon; \)
8 cans tomatoes @ 13 \(\epsilon; \)
20 cans beans @ 19 \(\epsilon. \)

Find the amount of her purchases.

10. Find the cost of:

27½ lb. of cheese @ 18¢; 14¾ lb. of lard @ 12¢; 17 lb. of butter @ 27¢; 25 bottles ammonia @ 8¢; 12 cans peas @ 18¢. 11. A man earned each day in one week as follows: \$2.75, \$3.65, \$4.75, \$6.75, \$1.75, \$12.75. Find his average daily earnings.

2.75 Study of Problem 1. What is given in

\$ 2.75	
3.65	
4.75	
6.75	
1.75	
12.75	
6)\$32.40	in 6 days.
\$5.40	average each day.

- 1. What is given in this problem?
 - 2. What is required?
- 3. What is the first step in the solution? the second?
- 4. Why do you divide by 6 to find the average?
- 5. Show that the answer is correct.
- 12. Two men contribute equal amounts to buy a lot for \$875; to build a storeroom for \$4860; for furniture, \$520; and for goods to begin business, \$5785. How much does each pay?
- 13. A creamery received milk for six days as follows: 7640 gallons, 8675 gallons, 9634 gallons, 8432 gallons, 8763 gallons, and 8604 gallons. What were the average daily receipts?
- 14. If Helen received 85 in arithmetic, 79 in grammar, 89 in history, 92 in geography, 86 in physiology, and 85 in writing, what was her average in the studies?
- 15. The attendance at a school was 604 on Monday, 607 on Tuesday, 598 on Wednesday, 603 on Thursday, 598 on Friday. What was the average daily attendance for the week?

16. 39 ladies' suits, each requiring 12 yards, were made from a lot of cloth containing 576 yards. How many yards were left?

12 yd. in 1 suit.

39 number of suits.

 $\overline{108}$

36

468 yd. in 39 suits.

576 yd. - 468 yd. = 108 yd.

Study of Problem

- 1. State this problem in another way.
- 2. What operation is employed in the first step in the solution? in the second?
- 3. Prove that the answer is correct.
- 17. A boy sold 16 books at 20 cents each, and 36 toys at 26 cents each. How much more did he receive for the toys than for the books?
- 18. Mr. Boyd's mail route is $23\frac{1}{2}$ miles, and Mr. Burton's is $17\frac{1}{4}$ miles. How much farther does Mr. Boyd travel in 84 days than Mr. Burton?
- 19. A school term is 180 days. If James attends \$\frac{4}{5}\$ of the term, how many days is he absent from school?
- 20. A bookkeeper receives \$150 a month, and saves \$68 a month. How much does he spend in a year?
- 21. Harry works $48\frac{1}{2}$ hours after school each month, at 12 cents per hour, and Henry $52\frac{3}{4}$ hours at 16 cents per hour. Find the difference in their wages.
- 22. What is the difference between the cost of 17 horses at \$156 each, and 69 cows at \$37 each?
- 23. A merchant buys 28 bbl. of sugar at \$23 a barrel, and 36 bbl. at \$24 a barrel. If he sells all for \$1856, how much does he gain?

24. A merchant paid \$420.48 for carpet, and sold it for \$569.40. If he gained 17¢ on each yard, how many yards did he buy?

\$569.40 selling price of all.

420.48 cost price of all.

\$148.92 gain of all.

Gain on

1 yd. \$.17)\\$148.92 gain on all.

876 times or yd.

Study of Problem

- 1. What do you mean by the term "cost"?
- 2. What do you mean by "selling price"? by "gain"?
- 3. How do you find the total gain?
- 4. Prove that the answer is correct.
- 25. I bought land for \$1850, and sold it for \$2294, thereby gaining \$6 an acre. How many acres did I buy?
- 26. A drover bought cows for \$1500, and sold them for \$2250. If he gained \$15 on each, how many did he buy?
- 27. Mr. Kinney paid \$2640 for a city lot, and sold it for \$4560. If he gained \$24 a front foot, how many front feet did he sell?
- 28. The population of a town was 8675 in 1900, and 12635 by a special census taken in 1905. What was the average yearly rate of increase?
- 29. Mr. Beggs paid \$288 rent last year. This year he pays \$36 less. What is his rent per month?
- 30. A jeweler bought rings for \$140 and sold them for \$160. If he gained \$.50 on each, how many did he buy?

31. A laborer worked 16 days at \$1.60 a day, and with his earnings bought potatoes at 64 \(\neq \) a bushel. How many bushels did he receive?

\$ 1.60	daily wages.
16	number of days worked.
9 60	•
16 0	
\$25.60	total wages.

Price of 40 times, or bushels. 1 bu. \$.64)\$25.60 total wages.

Study of Problem

- 1. State this problem in another way.
- 2. How can we find the total amount earned?
- 3. What operation is involved in the first step of the solution? in the second step?
- 4. Prove that the answer is correct.
- 32. If 124 bags of coffee, each weighing 48 lb., were bought for \$729.12, what was the price per pound?
- 33. At 20 \(\neq \) per hour how long will it take a laborer to earn \$80, working 8 hours per day?
- 34. If 96 bu. of corn sell for \$60.48, what is the value of 250 bushels at the same price?
- 35. A trackman averages 3 miles per hour for 8 hours each day. His record book shows 960 miles walked. Find the number of days.
- 36. If a dozen lemons cost \$.36, how much will 840 lemons cost?
- 37. If 25 bbl. of flour weigh 4900 lb., how much will 56 bbl. weigh?
- 38. If 23 carriages cost \$4025, how much are 84 such carriages worth?

- 39. If 600 bu. of shelled corn weigh 33,600 lb., how much will 468 bu. weigh?
- 40. When 9 bales of cotton, weighing 325 lb. each, sell for \$731.25, what is the price per pound?
- 41. If a peach basket holds 2 pecks, how many bushels are there in 12 carloads, each containing 456 baskets?
- 42. How many books 2 in. thick can be placed in a bookcase containing 4 shelves, the inside of which is 3 ft. in length?
- 43. If 123 tons of coal cost \$725.70, how much will 16 tons cost?
- 44. 24 cords of wood cost \$90; how much will 18 cords cost at the same rate?
- 45. If a newsboy earns \$19.98 in 18 days, how much will he earn at the same rate in 360 days?
- 46. When 525 gallons of milk sell for \$84, for how much will 715 sell?
- 47. Mary bought 16 pounds of coffee at 14 a pound, 8 lb. of butter at 28 a pound, and 12 cans of corn at 15 a can. She gave the merchant in payment a \$10 bill. How much change should she receive?
- 48. A drover sold 56 sheep at \$4 each, 8 cows at \$36 each, and 48 hogs at \$12 each. If he received \$275 on the day of the sale, how much is still due him?
- 49. A lady had \$100. If she bought 4 chairs at \$6 each, a couch for \$28, and a rocking chair for \$16, how much had she left?

- 50. I bought 57 yards of cloth at 25% a yard, and 16 yards of matting at 28% a yard. Find the cost of both.
- 51. A lady sold 6 doz. eggs at 18 cents a dozen, and 8 lb. of butter at 27 cents a pound. How much did she receive for both?
- 52. A merchant bought 546 bbl. of pork at \$16.25 a barrel, and sold them so as to gain \$1638. For how much did he sell them?
- 53. James earned \$1.50 per day and saved 85 cents. If his savings were \$33.15, how many days did he work?
- 54. A farmer bought 4 horses at \$137 each, 7 cows at \$27 each, and 38 sheep at \$6.50 each. Find the cost of all.
- 55. What will be the cost of 108 lb. of ham at $16\frac{1}{2}$ cents a pound, and 48 lb. of breakfast bacon at 18 cents a pound?
- 56. Two automobile parties travel in opposite directions, one at an average of 127 miles, the other at 78 miles a day. How far apart will they be in 16 days?
- 57. A factory employs 56 men at \$1.75 a day, and 12 men at \$2.25 a day. Other expenses are \$125 a day. How much does it cost to run the factory 26 days?
- 58. A man paid \$ 165 for a carriage, and $3\frac{2}{5}$ times as much for a span of horses. How much did he pay for both?
- 59. Mr. Hall deposited in the bank \$24 a month for 8 months, and \$27 a month for 4 months. How much did he deposit in the year?

REVIEW OF DIVISION

Divide and test:

1.	84563	by	224	

Find quotients and test:

25.
$$136425 \div 405$$

26.
$$246840 \div 476$$

27.
$$332468 \div 332$$

28.
$$948562 \div 450$$

29.
$$476352 \div 221$$

30.
$$789324 \div 552$$

31.
$$569239 \div 334$$

32.
$$159909 \div 115$$

33.
$$550550 \div 155$$

34.
$$889034 \div 324$$

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. --- 14

35. $604325 \div 304$

36.
$$708546 \div 222$$

37.
$$125745 \div 125$$

38.
$$985432 \div 112$$

39.
$$756342 \div 102$$

40.
$$354725 \div 256$$

41.
$$498075 \div 401$$

42.
$$987260 \div 200$$

43.
$$800745 \div 310$$

44.
$$584972 \div 226$$

SIGNS OF OPERATION

The parenthesis (), indicates that all numbers inclosed by it are to be considered as one number; thus, (7+9)-(4+5) means that the sum of 4 and 5 is to be taken from the sum of 7 and 9.

The vinculum (——), is sometimes used instead of the parenthesis; thus, $\overline{7+9}-\overline{4+5}=7$.

Solve:

1.
$$6+4+8-7+4-9=$$
?9. $532008+72$ 2. $7+6-5-4+9-6=$?10. $313776+48$ 3. $9+8-(6+6)+7-3=$?11. $5743872+96$ 4. $8+6+16-7-8+6=$?12. $3474198+42$ 5. $26+38-(48-23)+16=$?13. $77112+408$ 6. $87-42+\overline{96-72}+26=$?14. $7913576+418$ 7. $(97-35)-\overline{26+14}+78=$?15. $315348+132$ 8. $86-48+56-28-47=$?16. $228228+364$

COUNTING BY MIXED NUMBERS

- 1. Count by $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 40; by $3\frac{1}{3}$ to 40; by $6\frac{1}{4}$ to 50.
- 2. Announce at sight:

$1\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	$1\frac{1}{2} \times 6$	$1\frac{1}{3} \times 6$	$1\frac{1}{4} \times 4$
$2\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	$2\frac{1}{2}\times6$	$2\frac{1}{3} \times 6$	$2\overline{1} \times 4$
$3\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	$3\frac{1}{2}\times6$	$3\frac{1}{3}\times6$	$3\frac{1}{4} \times 4$
$4\frac{1}{2} \times 4$	$4\frac{1}{2}\times6$	$4\frac{1}{3}\times6$	$4\overline{4} \times 4$

3. Build similar tables with $1\frac{2}{3}$, $1\frac{3}{4}$, and $1\frac{2}{8}$.

ANALYSIS

- 1. Find the cost of 3 doz. oranges at 20 ∮ per dozen.
- 1 doz. oranges cost 20 %; 3 doz. cost 3 times 20 % = 60 %.
- 2. At 12 cents a quart for berries, how much will 8 quarts cost?
- 3. At 30 \(\nabla \) a peck, how much will a bushel of beans cost?
- 4. When peaches are 50 cents a basket, how much will 7 baskets cost?
- 5. A ton of coal costs \$5. How much will 9 tons cost?
- 6. A boy rides his wheel 6 miles in one hour. How far will he ride in 7 hours?
- 7. When 5 boxes of matches cost 50%, how much will 1 box cost?

5 boxes cost 50 ¢;

1 box will cost $\frac{1}{k}$ of 50 cents, or 10 cents.

- 8. A boy bought 4 balls for 80 cents. How much was that apiece?
- 9. When 8 yards of velvet cost \$24, how much will 1 yard cost?
- 10. A box of shoes containing 12 pairs costs \$36. Find the cost per pair.
- 11. Six cows were sold for \$246. What was the average selling price?
- 12. When a telegram of 10 words costs 40 cents, what is the average cost of each word?

ANALYSIS

1. When 1 pencil costs 10%, how many can you buy for 60%?

When 1 pencil costs $10 \, \text{\rlap/e}$, for $60 \, \text{\rlap/e}$ you can buy as many pencils as $10 \, \text{\rlap/e}$ is contained in $60 \, \text{\rlap/e}$.

- 2. At 12 \(\ext{per yard, how many yards of ribbon can be bought for 96 \(\ext{?} \)?
- 3. Cherries are 8 \(\nabla \) a quart. How many quarts can be bought for 72 \(\nabla \)?
- 4. When 3 tons of coal cost \$18, how much will 7 tons cost? 3 tons cost \$18;

1 ton costs \(\frac{1}{3} \) of \$18, or \$6;

7 tons cost 7 times \$6, or \$42.

- 5. How much will 9 dozen lemons cost when 3 dozen sell for 45 cents?
- 6. Three men earn \$30 in a certain time. How much will 8 men earn in the same time?
- 7. When $\frac{1}{2}$ a bushel of potatoes sells for 25 cents, how much will 3 bushels cost?

1 bushel costs 25 cents;

1 bushel costs 2×25 cents, or 50 cents;

3 bushels cost 3×50 cents, or \$1.50.

- s. At 20 cents a peck, how much will 2 bushels of apples cost?
- 9. When milk is selling at 5 \(\mathbf{e} \) a quart, how much will 3 gallons cost?
- 10. If $\frac{1}{4}$ of a yard of velvet costs 60 %, how much will 2 yards cost?

COMPARISON

- 1. Compare 80 and 20; 60 and 30; 90 and 10.
- **2.** $2\frac{1}{2}$ is what part of 5? of 10? of 15? of 20?
- 3. $3\frac{1}{3}$ is what part of 10? of 20? of 30? of $6\frac{2}{3}$?
- 4. Compare $\frac{9}{10}$ and $\frac{3}{10}$; $\frac{8}{10}$ and $\frac{4}{10}$; $\frac{10}{10}$ and $\frac{5}{10}$.
- **5.** What part of 25 is 5? is $6\frac{1}{4}$? is $2\frac{1}{2}$? is $8\frac{1}{3}$?
- 6. What part of 6 pk. is 2 pk.? of 10 gal. is 2 gal.?
- 7. 3 pk. is what part of $1\frac{1}{2}$ bu. ? of $2\frac{1}{4}$ bu. ?
- **8.** 8 oz. of butter is what part of 2 lb.? of $2\frac{1}{2}$ lb.?
- 9. When $2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds of butter cost 90 cents, how much will 9 pounds cost?

9 pounds equal $4 \times 2\frac{1}{4}$ pounds; hence, 9 pounds will cost 4×90 cents, or \$3.60.

- 10. If $\frac{1}{2}$ a ton of hay costs \$7.50, how much will 4 tons cost?
- 11. When 2 pecks of potatoes cost 50 cents, how much will $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels cost?
- 12. When butter is selling at 3 pounds for $\$\frac{1}{2}$, how much will 15 pounds cost?
- 13. When $2\frac{1}{2}$ dozen buttons sell for 30 cents, how much will $7\frac{1}{2}$ dozen cost?
- 14. If $6\frac{1}{4}$ tons of coal cost \$37.50, how much will 25 tons cost?
- 15. If $7\frac{1}{2}$ yards of velvet cost \$11.40, how much will 15 yards cost? How many yards can be bought for \$22.80?

- 16. A boy picked 18 quarts of chestnuts and sold them at the rate of 2 quarts for 25 cents. How much did he receive for them?
- 17. If 3 pounds of steak cost 48 cents, how much will 10 pounds cost?
- 18. A farmer raised 135 bushels of corn on $7\frac{1}{2}$ acres. At the same rate, how many bushels may he expect from $22\frac{1}{2}$ acres?

Find the cost of:

- 19. 288 chairs, when 9 chairs cost \$6.75.
- 20. 350 rings, when 7 rings cost \$19.74.
- 21. 285 fans, when 5 fans cost \$1.75.
- 22. 144 knives, when 6 knives cost \$5.04.
- 23. 78 vases, when 6 vases cost \$17.76.
- 24. 248 hats, when 8 hats cost \$15.68.
- 25. 24 pictures, when 4 pictures cost \$18.92.
- 26. 48 lamps, when 16 lamps cost \$34.56.
- 27. 54 clocks, when 27 clocks cost \$72.63.
- 28. 28 desks, when 14 desks cost \$173.32.
- 29. 78 rockers, when 26 rockers cost \$196.30.
- 30. 36 watches, when 18 watches cost \$702.
- 31. 36 cords of wood, when 6 cords cost \$35.04.
- 32. 128 tons of coal, when 8 tons cost \$57.60.
- 33. 180 quarts of milk, when 18 quarts cost \$1.08.
- 34. 56 crates of melons, when 8 crates cost \$28.80.
- 35. 328 books, when 8 books cost \$1.44.

BILLS

Pittsburg,	Pa., &	ee. /	, 190	7.
Mr. L. M. Thomas,				
57 Jearl St.				
Hought of C. H. MORRISON & CO.,				
TERMS: Cash.	1854	PENI	1 AVE	TUE.
2 bu. apples, @ \$ 0.75	/	50		
3 doz. eggs, @ .25		75		
2 bu. apples, @ \$0.75 3 doz. eggs, @ .25 2 bbl. flour, @ 6.50	13	00		
Total,			15	25

Observe that this bill shows: (1) the place and the date; (2) who bought the goods; (3) who sold the goods; (4) the name of the goods sold and the price and the amount of each sale.

The abbreviation @ for "at" should always be used in making out a bill.

To foot a bill means to add the cost of all the separate articles.

The word total means the amount of the sales.

Make bills of the following sales, using a schoolmate's name as purchaser, and your grocer as the one who sells the goods.

- 1. 2 lb. butter, @ 25¢ 6 lb. meat, @ 15¢
 - 3 bars soap, @ 10¢

36 1	1 '11		•	
Make out	i bills as	sauggested of	n previous	page.
				1 - 0 -

	•	1 0
2.	3 skeins yarn, @	\$0. 08
	4 papers needles, @	.05
	5 yd. ribbon, @	.50
3.	5 bu. potatoes, @	\$ 0.75
	3 boxes peaches, @	1.50
	12 doz. lemons, @	.40
4.	4 spools thread, @	\$0.05
	6 papers pins, @	.10
	5 cards hooks and eyes, @	.02
5.	5 lb. roast beef, @	\$0.15
	3 lb. sirloin steak, @	.15
	4 lb. tenderloin steak, @	.18
6.	7 silver forks, @	\$2.00
	3 sterling spoons, @	1.75
	4 napkin rings, @	3.25
7.	4 nickel sponge racks, @	\$2.25
	5 toothbrushes, @	2.00
	6 nickel towel rods, @	.75
8.	4 doz. linen writing paper,	@ \$0.20
	4 doz. linen envelopes, @	.15
	12 stamps, @	.02
9.	12 pkgs. flax seed, @	\$0.05
,	3 oz. cologne, @	.10
	5 lb. paint, @	.20
10.	2 music cabinets, @	\$15.00
	5 rocking chairs, @	5.00
	3 medicine cabinets, @	3.00

REVIEW OF MEASURES

- 1. Give the table used for measuring liquids.
- 2. Name some articles sold by liquid measure.
- 3. Give the table used for measuring dry and bulky articles.
- 4. Name the most common articles sold by the peck or the bushel.
 - 5. Give the table of measures of weight.
- 6. Name the most common articles sold by the ounce; the pound; the ton.
 - 7. Give the table used for measuring time.
- 8. Give the table of measures of length. What measures are used for measuring short distances? long distances?
 - 9. Give the table of measures of surface.
- 10. Write the names of the measures on blackboard or paper, and write each of the following under its proper measure: oil, cheese, oats, hay, beans, potatoes, coal, cloth, molasses, sugar, rice, the surface of the blackboard, the width of the room, the length of the blackboard.
- 11. Draw a diagram to show the number of square inches in an oblong 4 in. by 3 in.
- 12. Show by diagram that 9 square feet equal one square yard.
- 13. Show by a diagram on a scale of $\frac{1}{12}$ inch to the foot that 144 square inches equal one square foot.

MEASURES

Change:

1. 16 pt. to gallons.

s. 74 pk. to bushels.

2. 24 bu. to pecks.

9. 3750 yd. to feet.

3. 3 sq. ft. to sq. inches. 10. 3 in. to feet.

4. 17 yd. to feet.

11. 6 mi. to rods.

5. 120 ft. to inches.

12. 360 ft. to yards.

6. 50 lb. to ounces.

13. 4860 in. to feet.

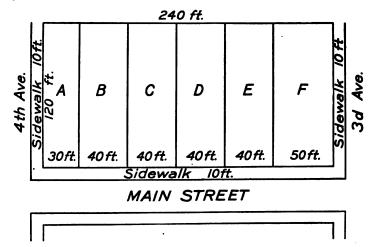
7. 6 T. to pounds.

14. 6966 sq. ft. to sq. yd.

15. How many dozen oranges, and how many over are there in a box containing 143 oranges? 165 oranges? 195 oranges?

- 16. Find the number of square inches in a flower bed 4 feet long and 3 feet wide.
- 17. The slate blackboard is 3 feet wide and 26 feet long. Find its surface in square feet.
- 18. A fruit dealer buys chestnuts at \$3 per bushel, and sells them at \$.10 per quart. Find his profit.
- 19. The schoolroom floor is 36 feet long and 28 feet Find the number of square feet in the floor; in the ceiling.
- 20. James walks to school every morning, 600 yards. How many feet does he walk each day, in going to and coming from school?
- 21. A huckster sells 10 bushel-crates of peaches at 20 cents per quarter peck. Find the amount from the sale of the peaches.

PRACTICAL WORK



- 1. Mr. Stokes, a real estate agent, purchased this plan of lots at \$70 per front foot on Main Street. Find the cost of the plan of lots.
- 2. Mr. R. M. Holland purchased lot A at \$110 per front foot, and built on it a house for \$6450. Find the cost of Mr. Holland's property.
- 3. Mr. Remington purchased lots B and C for \$8000. He put an iron fence around his lots at \$1.10 per foot. Find the cost of the fence.
- 4. The concrete sidewalk on Main St. is 10 ft. in width. Find the cost of Mr. Remington's walk at 19¢ per square foot.
- 5. Mr. Stokes sells lots D, E, and F to L. F. Holtzman for \$9500. Find his profits on these lots.

TEST PROBLEMS

Find the cost of 1, when:

- 1. 8 yards of cloth cost \$9.28.
- 2. 4 barrels of flour cost \$30.
- 3. 12 kegs of nails cost \$37.80.
- 4. 10 pounds of sugar cost \$.50.
- 5. 5 weeks' wages are \$22.50.
- 6. 8 pounds of butter cost \$3.20.
- 7. 9 gallons of milk cost \$4.48.
- 8. 2 bushels of peanuts cost \$6.40.
- 9. 6 yards of cloth cost \$5.04.
- 10. 8 pounds of dates cost \$1.20.
- 11. 3 tons of hay cost \$42.
- 12. 6 pairs of shoes cost \$15.90.
- 13. 3 crates of berries cost \$9.30.
- 14. 12 dozen eggs cost \$3.60.
- 15. What is the amount of a five-dollar bill, a two-dollar bill, a half-dollar, 3 quarters, 2 dimes, a nickel, and 2 cents?
- 16. How much change will be given in taking \$8.60 from a ten-dollar bill?
- 17. Find the sum of 5 five-dollar bills, a two-dollar bill, 5 quarters, 4 dimes, and 3 nickels.
 - 18. How many minutes are there in $2\frac{1}{2}$ hours?
- 19. Write in Roman numerals the numbers from 100 to 150.

1

- 20. How many inches of twine will exactly measure 3 times around an 8-inch square?
 - 21. $\frac{1}{5}$ of my money is \$7. How much have I?
- 22. Thomas bought a horse for \$165, and sold it at a loss of \$18. How much did he get for it?
- 23. How much will 1 bushel of apples cost if $\frac{1}{2}$ peck costs 30 cents?
- 24. A man paid \$37.50 for a bicycle for his daughter. After 9 months it was sold for \$28.25. How much less was the selling price than the cost?
- 25. Mr. Wills bought a horse for \$174. He kept it for 3 months, and then sold it for \$18.50 less than it cost. How much did he receive for the horse?
- 26. How much does a butcher gain on 100 lb. of meat bought at 12¢ and sold at 15¢ per pound?
- 27. Coal is bought at \$5.50 a ton and sold at \$6.75 a ton. How much is gained on 50 tons?
 - 28. At 3 for 5¢, how much will 2 doz. lemons cost?
- 29. A farmer raised 354 bushels of oats and sold $\frac{1}{6}$ of it. How many bushels did he sell? How many had he left?
- 30. How much will 3 pecks of cranberries cost at 8 cents a quart?
- 31. Find the perimeter of a room 14 ft. long and 12 ft. wide.
- 32. How many hours are there in September, October, November, and December?

4 7 7		•	•		• .
Δdd	thoso	AVamniag	าท	two.	minutes:
Auu	THESE	CYGITTAICS	111	U 99 U	mmuves.

33.	34.	35.	36.
\$ 25.36	\$ 163.75	\$243.15	\$121.48
43.72	275.84	$\boldsymbol{65.74}$	$\bf 83.62$
96.81	486.39	$\boldsymbol{182.33}$	275.14
39.47	$\boldsymbol{928.75}$	34.62	8.73
62.58	265.73	215.73	16.28
21.47	734.22	34.07	179.82

Write and subtract in three minutes:

37.	\$ 425.31 - \$ 268.75.	42.	\$213.24 - \$ 78.67.
38.	\$268.74 - \$149.83.	43.	\$672.38 - \$249.97.
39.	\$395.89 - \$206.90.	44.	\$315.44 - \$158.65.
4 0.	\$ 485.71 - \$ 179.89.	4 5.	\$463.07 – \$269.18.
41.	\$ 192.39 - \$ 86.93.	46.	\$280.05 - \$163.78.

- 47. Tell what you understand by each of the following: Sum, —, Quotient, Plus, Minuend, Product, Addition, ×, Divisor, Multiplier, Remainder, =, Addends, Units, pt., Roman numerals, Dividend, +, Subtrahend, Multiplicand, Hundreds, ÷, Tens, bu., qt., ø, Difference, ft., gal., yd., yr., mo., Subtraction, @.
- 48. Miss Pratt bought a Kodak for \$20, a tripod for \$3.50, a roller for 75 cents, films for \$2.75, and a carrying case for \$1.75. How much did she spend for the outfit?
- 49. A street-car conductor collected 50 five-cent fares on the down trip and 63 five-cent fares on the return trip. What was the amount collected?

50. Make change: Name the pieces in each instance.

Purchase	\$ 7.85	Payment	\$10.
"	\$ 5.67	"	\$ 7.
"	\$ 157	"	\$ 5.
"	\$.67	"	\$ 2.
"	\$.32	"	\$] .
"	\$ 13.71	"	\$ 20.
"	\$ 7.35	"	\$10.
"	\$34.73	"	\$ 40.

- 51. There are 1489 children of school age in a borough; the number enrolled in school is 896. How many are not enrolled?
- 52. How many days are there in May, June, July, and August? how many hours?
- 53. The Federal Constitution was adopted in 1787. How long ago was that?
- 54. Massachusetts was settled in 1620. How old was the colony in 1776?
- 55. How much must be added to \$285.48 to make \$650?
- 56. Mr. Tate earns \$1850 a year. He spends \$454 for food, \$127 for clothing, \$240 for rent, and \$376 for other expenses. How much does he save?
- 57. A man buys a lot for \$675. If he pays in three payments \$138, \$225, and \$175, how much does he still owe?
- 58. An automobile cost \$1800. After paying \$42 for repairs it was sold for \$1520. Find the loss.

- \$4.25 for wheeling it into my cellar. The next year it cost \$34.75 and \$5.47 for wheeling. Find the difference in cost for the two years.
- 60. I paid \$2875 for my house, and \$1267 less for my barn. Find the cost of both.
- 61. A merchant had in cash \$685.75. He received from sales during the day \$416.86, and paid out \$156.80. What was his cash balance at the close of the day?
- 62. A lady spent \$1.75 for gloves, \$1.44 for calico, \$.19 for needles, and \$.56 for lace. How much change did she get from a \$10 bill?
- 63. A ship sails 4825 miles in 25 days. What is her average daily rate of speed?
- 64. The President's salary is \$50,000 a year. How much is that a month? a day?
 - 65. How many days are there in 1632 hours?
- 66. There are 36 inches in a yard. How many yards are there in 2412 inches?
- 67. During one month I paid \$26.74 for groceries, \$12.25 for meat, \$4.64 for milk, \$2.75 for gas, and \$2.28 for light. How much did I pay for all?
- **68.** Mr. Wilt pays \$1.75 a month for fuel, \$2.85 for light, and \$1.25 for water. How much do the three cost him in a year?
- 69. A merchant deposits in the bank on six successive days, \$475, \$688, \$1365, \$2475, \$866, and \$3684. Find the amount of his deposits.

TICKETS	PRICE	Turs.	WED.	Thurs.	Fri.	TOTAL RECEIPTS
Children	15¢	864	1865	1226	1285	
Adults	25 €	2864	3245	2764	3768	
One-horse vehicles	35 €	376	364	176	472	
Two-horse vehicles	50¢	212	216	144	224	

PAID ADMISSIONS TO A FAIR

- 70. Find total admissions of each class, and the receipts in money from each in the 4 days.
 - 71. Find the receipts in money each day.
- 72. Add daily receipts; add total receipts for each class.
- 73. A dealer pays \$312.50 for 25 children's bicycles. How much is that apiece?
- 74. A merchant pays \$17.28 for 4 dozen boys' caps. Find the cost of each cap.
- 75. At \$84 per dozen, how much does a jeweler pay for 15 watches?
- **76.** A concrete walk, 80 ft. long and 4 ft. wide, costs \$57.60. How much is that a square foot?
- 77. A ranchman clipped $4\frac{2}{3}$ pounds of wool on an average from each of 2175 sheep. How much is it worth at $40 \not e$ per pound?
- 78. John's books weigh $2\frac{3}{4}$ lb., and he weighs $58\frac{1}{2}$ lb.; how much does he weigh with the books in his hand?
- 79. There are 1232 pupils in a school, and § are girls. Find the number of girls in school; the number of boys.

HAM. PRIM. ARITH. -- 15

- so. Make out a bill for the following sales:
- 10 lb. cheese @ 11 €

12 lb. meat @ $12\frac{1}{2}$

20 lb. sugar @ 5½ #

2 sacks flour @ \$1.35

- st. The Irving Public School had 360 pupils present on Monday, 365 on Tuesday, 350 Wednesday, 380 Thursday, and 375 Friday. What was the average daily attendance for the week?
 - 82. Find the perimeter of your schoolroom.
- 83. Find the number of square yards in a playground 50 yards long and 30 yards wide.
- 84. Make a diagram $\frac{1}{2}$ inch to 1 foot to show a rectangle 12 ft. long and 8 ft. wide. Find its area in square yards.
- 85. Explain how we find the number of square inches, square feet, or square yards in any rectangular surface.
- **36.** A milk dealer pays \$.15 a gallon for his milk, and retails it at 8 ∉ a quart. How much does he gain on 1 gallon? How much does he gain on 25 gallons?
- 87. A load of hay weighs 3700 lb. The wagon weighs 1200 lb. What is the value of the hay at \$16 a ton?
- 88. Mr. Winter's tax is \$310. He pays \$90 on one property, \$42.50 on another, and the balance on his home. Find the tax on his home.
- so. A man has \$500 left after spending \$300 of his salary for rent, \$225 for food and clothing, \$75 for other expenses. Find his yearly salary.

- 90. A fruit dealer bought 3 baskets of plums for \$1.80. How much would 6 baskets cost at the same rate? 21 baskets?
- 91. The daily expenses of a salesman for one week were as follows: Mon., \$1.45; Tues., \$1.25; Wed., \$2.20; Thurs., \$0.75; Fri., \$1.55; Sat., \$3.35. If he earned \$18.75, how much had he left?
- 92. How many working days are there from Monday morning, Sept. 4 to Sunday, Nov. 18?
- 93. A clerk earns \$24 a week, and spends \$8. In how many weeks can he save enough to buy a suit at \$45 and a hat at \$3?
- 94. Each side of a box is 6 inches. How many square inches of paper will be needed to cover it?
 - 95. How many 5¢ pads can I buy for \$1.35?
- 96. I bought a ham weighing 13 lb. at 13 \(\epsilon \) a pound, and a 5-lb. pail of lard at 15 \(\epsilon \) a pound, and gave \$5 in payment. How much change should I receive?
- 97. When a 20-lb. cheese is worth \$2.20, how much will a 10-lb. cheese cost at the same rate?
- 98. A merchant sold in one day 3 dozen hats at \$3\frac{1}{4}\) each. Find the receipts from the sale of the hats.
- 99. How much does a huckster receive for 3 bbl. of apples $2\frac{1}{2}$ bu. each, which he retails at $12 \neq a$ half peck?
- 100. Mr. Lykens employs in his store 24 men at \$2.25 a day, and 48 women at \$1.25 a day. His other expenses are \$90 a day. How much does it cost him to operate his store for 1 day?

- 101. St. Clair School uses 379 pads of paper in one school month. How many pads will it use in two terms of 9 months each?
- 102. In 2 months James saves \$48.36, and his brother saves \$27.49. How much can they both save in 4 months?
- 103. Find the cost of 247 pk. of berries at 6% per quart.
- 104. A box of soap costs \$4.75. A druggist buys 2 boxes a month. How much does he pay for soap in 3 months?
- 105. Mr. Brown sets aside \$ 100 for his vacation. He spends \$42.50 for traveling, \$28 for board, and \$14.60 for sundries. How much has he left?
- 106. Mary bought sugar for 15¢, soap for 10¢, potatoes for 24¢, coffee for 35¢, berries for 25¢, and meat for 18¢. How much change should she receive from a two-dollar bill?
 - 107. At $8 \not = a$ qt., find the cost of $7\frac{1}{2}$ gal. of milk.
- 108. If a man earns \$100 each month, and pays \$22 for rent, and \$36 for living expenses, how much money does he save each month?
- 109. How much does a merchant receive for 4 kegs of nails, each keg containing 100 lb., sold at $4\frac{1}{2}$ per lb.?
- 110. A wholesale dealer bought 67 bbl. of apples for \$175, 85 bbl. of flour for \$169, 34 bbl. of potatoes for \$125. How many barrels did he get, and how much did he pay for them?

- 111. A student buys a dictionary for \$15, paying 50¢ down, and the balance in weekly installments of 25¢. How many weeks will it take to cancel the debt?
- 112. James picked 4 bu. 3 pk. of berries, and sold them at 8 a quart. How much did he receive?
- 113. A lamp in a lighthouse consumes 2 gallons 1 quart of oil daily. Find the cost of the oil for September, October, and November, at 18¢ per gallon.
- 114. Make out the bill for the following: 3 pk. of potatoes at 20 % a peck, 12 lb. of sugar at 7 % a pound, 5 qt. of molasses at 15 % a quart, 2 lb. of cheese at 25 % a pound. How much change should be received from \$5?
- 115. A dealer buys three paintings at auction for \$544. If he sells one for \$250, one for \$275, and one for \$375, how much does he gain?
- 116. Find the cost of 2 bushels 2 pecks of nuts at 15 cents a peck.
- 117. In one season a pear orchard of 384 trees averaged $1\frac{3}{4}$ bu. of pears to the tree. Find their value at \$1.25 a bushel.
- 118. How much do I gain on a box of fine soap costing \$1.80 and containing a dozen cakes, if I sell the soap at 20% a cake?
- 119. A building lot 144 feet long, is $\frac{1}{4}$ as wide. How wide is it? How many square feet does it contain?
 - 120. Find the cost of 3 bu. of cherries at 6¢ a quart.

REVIEW

Div	vide and test:		
	a	b	C
1.	16434 by 64	28792 by 270	33467 by 890
2.	34643 by 28	75639 by 770	77304 by 860
3.	19603 by 83	66041 by 602	44384 by 280
4.	94432 by 62	77006 by 784	35690 by 761
5.	26341 by 74	60424 by 603	88762 by 892
6.	36236 by 37	90328 by 735	56044 by 883
7.	42624 by 41	76028 by 344	76428 by 444
8.	76342 by 36	84605 by 766	23688 by 985
9.	64283 by 24	16248 by 860	55624 by 666
10.	55022 by 82	74637 by 450	34632 by 555
11.	44302 by 74	68026 by 360	99240 by 461
12.	16792 by 81	84132 by 770	36002 by 880
13.	28644 by 73	70066 by 880	45676 by 390
14.	74305 by 37	50468 by 480	76324 by 302
15.	83265 by 87	66399 by 790	25321 by 440
16.	78325 by 75	24166 by 670	65436 by 784
17.	85679 by 41	12345 by 154	70504 by 621
18.	39410 by 52	67890 by 221	62131 by 905
19.	80624 by 63	89765 by 336	88776 by 860
20.	73102 by 74	43210 by 742	54340 by 408
21.	81103 by 85	34786 by 819	82107 by 329
	77777 by 96	57602 by 745	62434 by 752
	88888 by 72	80703 by 613	93785 by 607
	, -	•	-

- 24. A real estate agent bought a field of 20 acres for \$2000. He sold 8 acres at \$125 an acre, and the rest at \$90 an acre. How much did he gain?
- 25. My gas bill averages \$ $3\frac{1}{4}$ per month, and my telephone bill \$ $3\frac{1}{4}$ per month. Find the yearly cost of both.
- 26. At 9 palings to the yard how many palings are required to fence an oblong garden 20 yards long and 15 yards wide?
- 27. A man living in Chester does business in Philadelphia, which is $13\frac{1}{2}$ miles distant. How many miles does he travel in going and returning every week of 6 days?
- 28. In the morning he takes a train leaving at 7:34 and arriving at 8:05; in the evening a train leaving at 5:37 and arriving at 6:10. How many hours and minutes does he travel on the train during the week?
- 29. A lady buys 2 pieces of ribbon for \$1.50, paying 5 cents per yard. There are 8 yards in one piece. How many yards are there in the other?
- 30. I bought a horse for \$250, and sold it at a gain of $\frac{1}{5}$ of the cost. At what price did I sell it?
- 31. How much is received for a barrel of potatoes containing $2\frac{1}{2}$ bushels, if it is retailed at $10 \neq a$ half peck?
- 32. A workman, who earns \$2\frac{1}{4} a day, is injured by an accident and loses 8 days' work. How much money does he lose?
- 33. Find the cost of 6 dozen oranges at the rate of 4 oranges for 12 cents.

- 34. There are 30 passengers seated and 13 standing in a car, in which the conductor has collected \$4.15 in 5 fares. How many people have left the car?
- 35. An oblong field is 80 rods long and 25 rods wide. How many rods of fence will it take to inclose it?
- 36. How many square yards are there in a room 18 feet long and 15 feet wide?
- 37. Find the perimeter of this room in yards; in feet; in inches.
- 38. A newsboy buys Leaders at the rate of 5 for 3¢, and News at the rate of 7 for 10¢. How much does he gain on the sale of 65 Leaders at 1¢ each, and 35 News at 2¢ each?
- 39. Find the perimeter in feet, and the area in square inches of an oblong 26 inches long and 18 inches wide.
- 40. By selling a horse for \$260, I lost \$35. How much should I have gained by selling it for \$310?
- 41. A lady bought 4 pairs of kid gloves at \$1.50 a pair, $18\frac{1}{2}$ yd. of cambric at 15% a yard, 8 yd. of muslin at $12\frac{1}{2}\%$ a yard, and $\frac{1}{2}$ dozen linen napkins at \$4 a dozen. Find the cost of all.
- 42. The population of the United States increased from 9,633,822 in 1820, to 84,907,156 in 1906. Find the increase in this time?
- 43. A boy earns \$1.25 a day, and his expenses are \$4.25 a week. How much can he save in 4 weeks?
- 23. \$8888 Dy 14

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